

# STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS

HONOLULU, HAWAII

# SPECIAL PROVISIONS PROPOSAL, CONTRACT, BOND AND PLANS

**FOR** 

TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODERNIZATION

OAHU - PHASE 2A

FEDERAL-AID PROJECT NO. STP-0300(214)

**DISTRICT OF HONOLULU** 

**ISLAND OF OAHU** 

**FY 2024** 

#### NOTICE TO BIDDERS

Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), Chapter 103D

The receiving of bids for **Traffic Signal Modernization**, **Oahu – Phase 2A**, **District of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Federal-Aid Project No. STP-0300(214)**, will begin as of the HIePRO Release Date. Bidders shall register and submit complete bids through HIePRO only. Refer to the following HIePRO link for important information on Vendor Registration: <a href="https://hiepro.ehawaii.gov/welcome.html">https://hiepro.ehawaii.gov/welcome.html</a>.

The solicitation plans, specifications, proposal, and additional documents designated or incorporated by reference shall be available in HIePRO.

HIEPRO OFFER DUE DATE & TIME is November 15, 2024, at 2:00 p.m., Hawaii Standard Time (HST). Bidders shall submit and upload the complete proposal to HIEPRO prior to the offer due date and time. Proposals received after said due date and time shall not be considered. Any additional support documents explicitly designated as confidential and/or proprietary shall be uploaded as a separate file to HIEPRO. Bidders shall not include confidential and/or proprietary documents as part of their proposal. The record of each bidder and their respective proposal shall be open to public inspection.

### FAILURE TO UPLOAD THE PROPOSAL TO HIEPRO SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR REJECTION.

The scope of work consists of modernizing the intersection of Kalanianaole Highway with Kalaniiki Street/Waieli Street, including removing existing traffic signal equipment; removing portions of roadway pavement, curb, gutter, sidewalks, driveways, curb ramps, guardrails, and crash attenuators; installing new traffic signal equipment, curb, gutter, sidewalks, driveways, curb ramps, guardrails, crash attenuators, signing, and pavement markings;

relocation of existing irrigation system; restoration of asphalt concrete roadway pavement and landscaping. The estimated cost of construction is between \$ 1,000,000.00 and \$ 3,000,000.00.

To be eligible for award, bidders shall possess a valid State of Hawaii General Engineering "A" license **prior to the award of contract.** 

A virtual pre-bid conference is scheduled for October 25, 2024, at 9:00 a.m., HST. Interested bidders shall contact Steven Yoshida, Project Manager, directly at steven.yoshida@hawaii.gov, no later than five working days prior to the scheduled pre-bid conference to receive the meeting invitation. All prospective bidders and/or their respective representatives are encouraged to attend, however, attendance is not mandatory. All information presented at the pre-bid conference shall be provided for clarification and information only. Any amendments to the solicitation shall be made by formal addendum and posted in HIePRO.

All Request for Information (RFI) questions and Substitution Requests shall be submitted in HIePRO <u>no later than November 1, 2024, at 2:00 p.m., HST</u>. RFI questions received after the stated deadline shall not be addressed. Substitution Requests received after the stated deadline shall not be considered. Verbal RFI(s) shall not receive a response. All responses to RFI questions shall be provided for clarification and information only and issued by formal addendum. Any amendments to the solicitation shall be made by formal addendum and posted in HIePRO.

If there is a conflict between the solicitation and information stated in the pre-bid conference, the meeting minutes, and/or the responses to RFI questions, the solicitation shall govern and control, unless as amended by formal addendum.

<u>Campaign contributions by State and County Contractors</u>. Contractors are hereby notified of the applicability of HRS § 11-355 which states that campaign contributions are prohibited from specified State or county government contractors during the term of the contract if the contractors are paid with funds appropriated by a legislative body. For more information, contact the

Campaign Spending Commission at (808) 586-0285.

<u>Protests</u>. Any protest of this solicitation shall be submitted in writing to the Director of Transportation, in accordance with HRS § 103D-701 and Hawaii Administrative Rules § 3-126.

The Equal Employment Opportunity Regulations of the Secretary of Labor implementing Executive Order 11246, as amended, shall be complied with on this project.

The U.S. Department of Transportation Regulation entitled "Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation", Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 21, is applicable to this project. Bidders are hereby notified that the Department of Transportation shall affirmatively ensure that the contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder without discrimination on the grounds of race, color, national origin, or sex (as directed by 23 CFR Part 200).

The U.S. Department of Transportation Regulations entitled "Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprise in Department of Transportation Financial Assistance Programs", Title 49, CFR, Part 26, is applicable to this project. Bidders are hereby notified that the Department of Transportation shall strictly enforce full compliance with all the requirements of the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise program with respect to this project.

Bidders shall read the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Requirements, included in this solicitation, which establishes the program requirements pursuant to Title 49, CFR, Part 26, and includes the requirements of certification, method of award, and evidence of good faith. All Bidders shall email Steven Yoshida, Project Manager, at steven.yoshida@hawaii.gov, the following: "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts Documentation for Construction"; "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Confirmation and Commitment Agreement – Trucking Company"; and "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise

Confirmation and Commitment Agreement – Subcontractor, Manufacturer, or Supplier", **no later** 

than November 20, 2024, at 4:30 p.m., HST. Failure to provide the respective documents shall

be grounds for rejection of bid.

Driving While Impaired (DWI) Education. The Hawaii Department of

Transportation (HDOT) encourages all organizations contracted with HDOT to have an

employee education program preventing DWI. DWI is defined as operating a motor vehicle while

impaired by alcohol or other legal or illegal substances. HDOT promotes this type of program to

accomplish our mission to provide a safe environment for motorists, bicyclists, and pedestrians

utilizing our State highways, and expects its contractors to do so as well.

For additional information, contact Steven Yoshida, Project Manager, by phone at

(808) 692-7679, or by email at steven.yoshida@hawaii.gov.

The State reserves the right to reject any or all proposals and to waive any defects in said

proposals in the best interest of the public.

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ROBIN K. SHISHIDO

Deputy Director of Transportation for Highways

HIePRO RELEASE DATE: October 16, 2024

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#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTRACTOR'S LICENSING

"A" general engineering contractors and "B" general building contractors are reminded that due to the Hawaii Supreme Court's January 28, 2002 decision in Okada Trucking Co., Ltd. v. Board of Water Supply, et al., 97 Haw. 450 (2002), they are prohibited from undertaking any work, solely or as part of a larger project, which would require the general contractor to act as a specialty contractor in any area where the general contractor has no license. Although the "A" and "B" contractor may still bid on and act as the "prime" contractor on an "A" or "B" project (See, HRS § 444-7 for the definitions of an "A" and "B" project.), respectively, the "A" and "B" contractor may only perform work in the areas in which they have the appropriate contractor's license (An "A" or "B" contractor obtains "C" specialty contractor's licenses either on its own, or automatically under HAR § 16-77-32.). The remaining work must be performed by appropriately licensed entities. It is the sole responsibility of the contractor to review the requirements of this project and determine the appropriate licenses that are required to complete the project.

#### NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

- 1. The Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity" and the "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities" set forth in the "Required Federal Aid Construction Contract Provisions."
- 2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work on this project are as follows:

CATEGORY	TIMETABLE	GOAL
Female participation in each trade	Indefinite	6.9%
Minority participation in each	None	69.1% (Oahu)
Trade (female included)	None	70.4% (Hawaii, Maui, Kauai)

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's aggregate on-site construction workforce whether or not part of that workforce is performing work on a Federal or Federally assisted construction contract or subcontract.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, and its efforts to meet the goals established for the contract resulting from this solicitation. The hours of female and minority employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in trade, and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract and Executive Order. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Area Director, Hawaii Area Office, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, U.S. Department of Labor, 300 Ala Moana Blvd., P.O. Box 50149, Honolulu, Hawaii 96850, within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address, and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; and estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract. The Contractor shall indicate which are minority group subcontractors and the ethnic identity and sex of the owner(s) and policy-making official(s).

#### DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE REQUIREMENTS

#### I. GENERAL

This project is subject to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 26, entitled "Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprise in Department of Transportation Financial Assistance Programs," hereinafter referred to as the ("DBE Regulations") and is incorporated and made a part of this contract herein by this reference. The following shall be incorporated as part of the contract documents for compliance. If any requirements herein are in conflict with the general provisions or special provisions applicable to this project, the requirements herein shall prevail unless specifically superseded or amended in the special provisions or by addendum.

#### II. POLICY

It is the policy of the U.S. Department of Transportation ("USDOT") and the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation and its political subdivisions ("Department") that Disadvantaged Business Enterprises ("DBE"), as defined in the DBE Regulations, have an equal opportunity to receive and participate in federally assisted contracts.

#### III. <u>DBE ASSURANCES</u>

Each contract signed with a prime contractor (and each subcontract the prime contractor signs with a subcontractor) shall include the following assurance:

"The contractor, sub-recipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of USDOT assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate which may include, but is not limited to; 1) withholding monthly progress payments; 2) assessing sanctions; 3) liquidated damages; and/or 4) disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible."

The prime contractor agrees to include the above statements in any subsequent contracts that it enters into with other contractors and shall require those contractors to include similar statements in further agreements.

#### IV. BIDDER/OFFEROR RESPONSIBILITIES

All bidders/offerors are required to register with the Department's OCR, DBE Section, using the Bidder Registration Form, which can be downloaded from the Department's website at <a href="http://hidot.hawaii.gov/administration/ocr/dbe/dbe-program-forms/">http://hidot.hawaii.gov/administration/ocr/dbe/dbe-program-forms/</a>. Certified DBEs are considered registered with the Department and are not required to submit a

Bidder Registration Form. All other bidders/offerors are required to complete this form which may be faxed to (808) 831-7944, e-mailed to HDOT-DBE@hawaii.gov, or mailed to the HDOT DBE Section at 200 Rodgers Boulevard, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96819. Registered bidders/offerors are posted on the website listed above.

Bidders/offerors, subcontractors, manufacturers, vendors or suppliers, and trucking companies shall fully inform themselves with respect to the requirements of the DBE Regulations. Particular attention is directed to the following matters:

- A. Bidders/offerors shall take all necessary steps to ensure that DBEs have an opportunity to participate in this contract.
- B. DBEs may participate as a consultant, prime contractor, subcontractor, trucking company, or vendor of materials or supplies. DBEs may also team with other DBEs or non-DBE firms as part of a joint venture or partnership.
- C. Agreements between a bidder/offeror and a DBE in which an DBE promises not to provide subcontracting quotations to other bidders/offerors are strictly prohibited.
- D. A DBE shall be certified by the Department under the appropriate North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code and work in their registered field of work in order for credit to be allowed.
- E. Information regarding the current certification status of DBEs is available on the internet at https://hdot.dbesystem.com/.
- F. <u>Commercially Useful Function ("CUF")</u>. An DBE must perform a CUF. This means that an DBE must be responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work, must carry out its responsibility by actually performing, managing, and supervising at least 30% of the work involved by using its own employees and equipment, must negotiate price, determine quality and quantity, order and install material (when applicable), and must pay for the material itself.<sup>1</sup>

To determine whether an DBE is performing a CUF, the Department must evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing, the DBE credit claimed for performance of the work, and other relevant factors. The prime contractor is responsible to ensure that the DBE performs a CUF.

#### V. PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS

A. DBEs must be certified by the bid opening date.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The use of joint checks payable to an DBE subcontractor and supplier may be allowed to purchase materials and supplies under limited circumstances. See VII USE OF JOINT CHECKS UNDER THE DBE PROGRAM

- B. DBE subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers, trucking companies, and any second tier subcontractors shall be listed on the respective DBE forms as specified below in order to receive credit.
- C. The following forms are due to the Department's Project Manager or designee by the close of business, 4:30 P.M. Hawaii Standard Time (HST), five (5) days after bid opening:<sup>2</sup>
  - 1. <u>DBE Confirmation and Commitment Agreement</u>. This form must be signed by the bidder/offeror and each DBE subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, or trucking company. Information to be provided on the form shall include, among other things, the project number, the DBE's NAICS codes, description of work, bid items with corresponding price information, prime contractor name and contact information DBE name and contact information and subcontractor name and contact information if the DBE is a second tier subcontractor.
  - DBE Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation for Construction. List the dollar amount of all subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers, and trucking companies (both DBE and non-DBE firms). Bidder/offeror must also list the DBE project goal on this form (See paragraph D below regarding goal calculation). The bidder/offeror must submit documentation demonstrating how the DBE goal was met or how the bidder/offeror attempted to meet the goal if the goal was not met. This documentation shall include quotations for both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors when a non-DBE is selected over a DBE for the project. Documentation of good faith efforts is required irrespective of whether the bidder/offeror met the DBE project goal.

The above forms must be complete and provide the necessary information to properly evaluate bids/proposals. Failure to provide any of the above shall be cause for bid/proposal rejection.

- D. Calculation of the DBE contract goal for this project is the proportionate contract dollar value of work performed, materials, and goods to be supplied by DBEs. DBE credit shall not be given for mobilization, force account items and allowance items. This DBE contract goal is applicable to all the contract work performed for this project and is calculated as follows:
  - 1. DBE contract goal percentage = Contract Dollar Value of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors and manufacturers, plus 60% of the contract dollar value of DBE suppliers, divided by the sum of all contract items (sum of all contract items is the total amount for comparison of bids less mobilization, force account items, and allowance items).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In computing calendar days, the day from which the period begins to run is not counted, and when the last day of the period is a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal or State holiday, the period extends to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday.

2. The Department shall adjust the bidder's/offeror's DBE contract goal to the amount of the project goal if it finds that the bidder/offeror met the goal but erroneously calculated a lower percentage. If the amount the bidder/offeror submits as its contract goal exceeds the project goal, the bidder/offeror shall be held to the higher goal.

#### VI. COUNTING DBE PARTICIPATION TOWARDS CONTRACT GOAL

- A. Count the entire amount of the portion of a contract (or other contract not covered by paragraph B below) that is performed by the DBE's own forces. Include the cost of supplies and materials obtained by the DBE for the work on the contract, including supplies purchased or equipment leased by the DBE (except supplies and equipment the DBE subcontractor purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate).
- B. Count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged by an DBE firm for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a USDOT-assisted contract, toward DBE goals, provided the Department determines the fee to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.
- C. When an DBE subcontracts part of the work of its contract to another firm, the value of the subcontracted work may be counted toward DBE goals only if the DBE's subcontractor is itself an DBE. Work that an DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does not count toward DBE goals.
- D. When an DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, count a portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract that the DBE performs with its own forces toward DBE goals.
- E. Count expenditures to an DBE contractor toward DBE goals only if the DBE is performing a CUF on that contract.
- F. The following is a list of appropriate DBE credit to be allowed for work to be performed by an DBE subcontractor. Count expenditures with DBEs for materials or supplies toward DBE goals as provided in the following:
  - 1. If the materials or supplies are obtained from an DBE manufacturer, count 100 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals;
  - 2. For purposes of determining DBE goal credit, a manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces (on the premises) the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications;

- 3. If the materials or supplies are purchased from an DBE regular dealer, count 60 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals;
- 4. For purposes of determining DBE goal credit, a regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business;
- 5. To be a regular dealer, the firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question;
- 6. A person may be a regular dealer in such bulk items as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt without owning, operating, or maintaining a place of business as provided in the DBE Regulations, if the person both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of a regular dealers' own distribution equipment shall be by a long-term lease agreement and not on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis;
- 7. Packagers, brokers, manufacturers' representatives, or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions are not regular dealers;
- 8. With respect to materials or supplies purchased from an DBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site, toward DBE goals, provided that the Department determines the fees to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services. Do not count any portion of the cost of the materials and supplies themselves toward DBE goals; however,
- 9. If a firm is not currently certified as an DBE in accordance with standards of this part at the time of the execution of the contract, do not count the firm's participation toward any DBE goals, except as provided for in §26.87(i);
- 10. Do not count the dollar value of work performed under a contract with a firm after it has ceased to be certified toward the Department's overall goal; and
- 11. Do not count the participation of an DBE subcontractor toward a contractor's final compliance with its DBE obligations on a contract until the amount being counted has actually been paid to the DBE.
- G. The following factors are used in counting DBE participation for trucking companies:
  - 1. The DBE must be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular

- contract, and there cannot be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting DBE goals;
- 2. The DBE must itself own and operate at least one (1) fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract;
- 3. The DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs;
- 4. The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owneroperator who is certified as an DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract;
- 5. The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE that leases trucks equipped with drivers from a non-DBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by non-DBE leased trucks equipped with drivers not to exceed the value of transportation services on the contract provided by DBEowned trucks or leased trucks with DBE employee drivers. Additional participation by non-DBE owned trucks equipped with drivers receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement. If a recipient chooses this approach, it must obtain written consent from the appropriate Department operating administration. EXAMPLE: DBE firm X uses two (2) of its own trucks on a contract, leases two (2) trucks from DBE Firm Y and six (6) trucks from non-DBE Firm Z. DBE credit would be awarded for the total value of transportation services provided by Firm X and Firm Y, and may also be awarded for the total value of transportation services provided by four (4) of the six (6) trucks provided by Firm Z. In all, full credit would be allowed for the participation of eight (8) trucks. With respect to the other two (2) trucks provided by Firm Z, DBE credit could be awarded only for the fees or commissions pertaining to those trucks Firm X receives as a result of the lease with Firm Z;
- 6. The DBE may lease trucks without drivers from a non-DBE truck leasing company. If the DBE leases trucks from a non-DBE truck leasing company and uses its own employees as drivers, it is entitled to credit for the total value of these hauling services.
  EXAMPLE: DBE Firm X uses two (2) of its own trucks on a contract. It leases two (2) additional trucks from non-DBE Firm Z. Firm X uses its own employees to drive the trucks leased from Firm Z. DBE credit would be awarded for the total value of the transportation services provided by all four (4) trucks; and
- 7. For purposes of determining whether a trucking firm performs a CUF, a lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. Leased trucks must display the name and identification number of the DBE.

- H. The bidder/offeror may be a joint venture or partnership that has a certified DBE as a partner. A "Joint Venture" means an association between an DBE firm and one (1) or more other firms to carry out a single, for-profit, business enterprise for which the parties combine their property, capital, efforts, skills and knowledge, and in which the DBE is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract, and whose share in the capital contribution, control, management, risks and profits are commensurate with its ownership interest.
- I. <u>Effects of a Summary Suspension of an DBE</u>. When an DBE's certification is suspended, the DBE may not be considered to meet a contract goal on a new contract and any work it does on a contract received during the suspension shall not be counted towards the overall goal. The DBE may continue to perform work under an existing contract executed before the DBE received a Notice of Suspension and may be counted towards the contract goal during the period of suspension as long as the DBE is performing a CUF under the existing contract.
- J. <u>Effects of Decertification of an DBE</u>. Should an DBE become decertified during the term of the subcontract for reasons beyond the control of and with no fault or negligence on the part of the contractor, the work remaining under the subcontract may be credited towards the contract goal, but are not included in the overall accomplishments.

Should the DBE be decertified after contract award and before notice to proceed, the contractor must still meet the DBE goal by either: a) withdrawing the subcontract from the DBE and expending good faith efforts to replace it with an DBE that is currently certified for that same work; or b) continuing with the subcontract with the decertified firm and expending good faith efforts to find other work not already subcontracted out to DBEs in an amount to meet the DBE goal either by; 1) increasing the participation of other DBEs on the project; 2) documenting good faith efforts; or 3) by a combination of the above.

#### VII. USE OF JOINT CHECKS UNDER THE DBE PROGRAM

- A. The following guidelines apply to the use of joint checks:
  - 1. The second party (typically the prime contractor) acts solely as a guarantor;
  - 2. The DBE must release the check to the supplier;
  - 3. The use of joint checks is a commonly recognized business practice;
  - 4. The Department must approve the use of joint checks prior to use by contractors and/or DBEs. As part of this approval process the Department will analyze industry practice to confirm that the use of joint checks is commonly employed outside of the DBE program for non-DBE subcontractors on both federal and state funded contracts. Using joint checks shall not be approved if it conflicts with other aspects of the DBE Regulations regarding CUF; and
  - 5. The Department will monitor the use of joint checks closely to avoid abuse.

- B. Contractors and DBEs should review the following general guidelines when determining whether to use joint checks closely to avoid abuse:
  - 1. That standard industry practice applies to all contractors (federal and state contracts);
  - 2. Use of joint checks must be available to all subcontractors;
  - 3. Material industry sets the standard industry practice, not prime contractors;
  - 4. Short term, not to exceed reasonable time (i.e., one (1) year, two (2) years) to establish/increase a credit line with the material supplier;
  - 5. No exclusive arrangement between one (1) prime and one (1) DBE in the use of joint checks that might bring the independence of the DBE into question;
  - 6. Non-proportionate ratio of DBE's normal capacity to size of contract and quantity of material to be provided under the contract;
  - 7. The DBE is normally responsible to install and furnish the work item; and
  - 8. The DBE must be more than an extra participant in releasing the check to the material supplier.
- C. The Department shall allow the use of joint checks if the following general conditions are met:
  - 1. DBE submits request to the Department for action;
  - 2. There is a formalized agreement between all parties that specify the conditions under which the arrangement shall be permitted;
  - 3. There is a full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks;
  - 4. The Department will provide prior approval;
  - 5. DBE remains responsible for all other elements of 49 CFR 26.55(c)(1);
  - 6. The agreement states clearly and determines that independence is not threatened because the DBE retains final decision making responsibility;
  - 7. The Department will determine that the request is not an attempt to artificially inflate DBE participation;
  - 8. Standard industry practice is only one (1) factor;
  - 9. The Department will monitor and maintain oversight of the arrangement by reviewing cancelled checks and/or certification statement of payment; and
  - 10. The Department will verify there is no requirement by prime contractor that the DBE is to use a specific supplier nor the prime contractor's negotiated unit price.

#### VIII. <u>DEMONSTRATION OF GOOD FAITH EFFORTS FOR CONTRACT AWARD</u>

A. When a project goal is not met, the Department shall conduct the initial review of GFE submitted by the bidder/offeror and shall determine whether the bidder/offeror has performed the quality, quantity, and intensity of efforts that demonstrate a reasonably active and aggressive attempt to meet the contract goal in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A.

- B. The bidder/offeror bears the responsibility of demonstrating that it met the contract goal, or if the contract goal was not met, by documenting the GFE it made in an attempt to meet the goal. It is the sole responsibility of the bidder/offeror to submit any and all documents, logs, correspondence, and any other records or information to the Department that will demonstrate that the bidder/offeror made good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal.
- C. In its good faith evaluation, the Department shall perform the following as part of its evaluation: a) compare the bidder's/offeror's bid against the bids/offers of other bidders/offerors, and compare the DBEs and DBE work areas utilized by the bidder/offeror with the DBEs listed in other bids/offers submitted for this contract (If other bidders obtained DBEs in a particular work area in which the low bidder did not, the Department shall take this into consideration in its evaluation); b) verify contacts by bidders/offerors with DBEs; and c) compare the DBE and the categories of DBE work targeted by the bidder/offeror for participation in the contract, with the total pool of available DBEs ready, willing and able to perform work on each particular subcontract targeted by the bidder/offeror.
- D. Actions on the part of the bidder/offeror that will be considered demonstrative of good faith efforts include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Whether the bidder/offeror submitted the required information (i.e., DBE name, address, NAICS code, description of work, project name, and number), and dollar amounts for all subcontractors, within five (5) days of bid opening;
  - 2. Whether the bidder/offeror solicited through all reasonable and available means (e.g., attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform part or all of the work to be included under the contract. The Department will also consider whether the bidder/offeror solicited the participation of potential DBEs as early in the procurement process as practicable, and allowed sufficient time for the DBEs to properly inquire about the project and respond to the solicitation. The Department will also review whether the bidder/offeror took appropriate steps to follow up with interested DBEs in a timely manner to facilitate participation by DBEs in this project;
  - 3. Whether the bidder/offeror identified and broke up portions of work that can be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that an DBE will be able to participate, and that the DBE goal could be achieved (e.g., breaking out contract items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation even when the bidder/offeror might otherwise prefer to self-perform these work items with its own forces);
  - 4. Whether the bidder/offeror made available or provided interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the project in a timely manner, and assisted them in responding to the bidder's/offeror's solicitation;

- 5. Whether the bidder/offeror negotiated in good faith with interested DBEs. Evidence of such negotiations includes documenting: a) the names, addresses and telephone numbers of DBEs that were contacted; b) a description of the information that was provided to DBEs regarding the plans and specifications; and c) detailed explanation for not utilizing individual DBEs on the project;
- 6. Whether the bidder/offeror solely relied on price in determining whether to use an DBE. The fact that there may be additional or higher costs associated with finding and utilizing DBEs are not, by itself, sufficient reasons for a bidder's/offeror's refusal to utilize an DBE, or the failure to meet the DBE goal, provided that such additional costs are not unreasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a bidder/offeror to perform a portion of the work with its own forces, that could have been undertaken by an available DBE, does not relieve the bidder/offeror of the responsibility to make good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal, and to make available and solicit DBE participation in other areas of the project to meet the DBE goal;
- 7. Whether the bidder/offeror rejected DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The DBEs standing within the industry, membership in specific groups, organizations or associations, and political or social affiliation are not legitimate basis for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids from particular DBEs;
- 8. Whether the bidder/offeror made efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance;
- 9. Whether the bidder/offeror made efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials or related assistance or services;
- 10. Whether the bidder/offeror effectively used the services of available minority/women community organizations, minority/women business groups, contractors' groups, and local, state and federal minority/women business assistance offices or other organizations to provide assistance in recruitment and placement of DBEs;
- 11. Whether the bidder/offeror, who selects a non-DBE over an DBE subcontractor, has quotes of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor submitted to the bidder for work on the contract; and for each DBE that was contacted but not utilized by the bidder/offeror for a contract, the bidder/offeror has a detailed written explanation for each DBE detailing the reasons for the bidder's/offeror's failure or inability to utilize, or to allow the DBE to participate in the contract; and
- 12. Whether other bidders/offerors met the goal and whether the apparent successful bidder/offeror could have met the goal with additional efforts. The Department may determine that an apparent successful bidder/offeror who fell short of meeting the goal, made good faith efforts when it met or exceeded the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders/offerors.

#### IX. ADMINISTRATIVE RECONSIDERATION.

If it is determined by the Department that the apparent successful bidder/offeror has failed to meet the provisions of 49 CFR Section 26.53(a), the bidder/offeror may submit a request for administrative reconsideration. If under the provisions of 49 CFR, Section 26.53(d), it is determined by the Department that the apparent successful bidder/offeror has failed to meet the provisions of this subsection, the bidder/offeror may submit a written request for administrative reconsideration.

A. Within five (5) working days of being informed in writing by the Department that the bidder/offeror has not documented sufficient GFE, a bidder/offeror may request administrative reconsideration. Bidders/offerors should make this request in writing to the following official:

Director of Transportation Hawaii Department of Transportation 869 Punchbowl Street, Room 509 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

- B. The reconsideration official, or his or her designee (referred to as "reconsideration official"), shall not have played any role in the original determination that the bidder/offeror failed to meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so.
- C. As part of this reconsideration, the bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to provide written documentation or argument concerning the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate GFE to do so. The bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to meet in person with the reconsideration official to discuss the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate GFE to do so.
- D. In an administrative reconsideration, the reconsideration official will review all previously submitted documents, oral and written arguments, and other evidence presented in the reconsideration, in making the decision.
- E. The Department shall inform the bidder/offeror of the decision within thirty (30) days of the proceeding. The decision will state the Department's findings, and explain the basis of those findings, with respect to whether or not the bidder/offeror met the contract goal, or whether or not the bidder/offeror made adequate GFE to achieve the contract goal.
- F. The reconsideration decision is not administratively appealable to USDOT but is appealable under HRS 103D-709.

#### X. AWARD OF CONTRACT

A. In a sealed bid procurement, the Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The award of contract, if it is awarded, will be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder who meets or exceeds the DBE project goal, or who makes

good faith efforts to meet or exceed the DBE project goal, as determined by the Department.

B. If the lowest responsible bidder does not meet the DBE project goal and does not demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Department that it made good faith efforts to meet the DBE project goal, such bid shall be rejected as non-responsive. The Department will then consider the next lowest responsive and responsible bidder for award in accordance with paragraph A above.

#### XI. REPLACEMENT OF AN DBE ON A PROJECT WITH A CONTRACT GOAL

Under this contract, the prime contractor shall utilize the specific DBE listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains written consent from the Department to replace an DBE. If the Department's consent is not provided, the contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE. The Department reserves the right to request copies of all DBE subcontracts.

The Department will require a contractor to make good faith efforts to replace an DBE that is terminated or has otherwise failed to complete its work on a contract with another certified DBE, to the extent needed to meet the contract goal. A prime contractor's inability to find a replacement DBE at the original price is not sufficient to demonstrate that good faith efforts have been made to replace the original DBE. The fact that the contractor has the ability and/or desire to perform the contract work with its own forces does not relieve the contractor of the obligation to make good faith efforts to find a replacement DBE, and it is not a sound basis for rejecting a prospective replacement DBE's reasonable quote.

The Department will require the prime contractor to promptly provide written notice to the project manager of the DBE's inability or unwillingness to perform and provide reasonable documentation.

The written notice by the contractor must include the following:

- 1. The date the contractor determined the certified DBE to be unwilling, unable or ineligible to perform work on the contract;
- 2. The projected date that the contractor shall require a substitution or replacement DBE to commence work if consent is granted by the Department;
- 3. Documentation of facts that describe and cite specific actions or inactions on the part of the affected DBE that led to the contractor's conclusion that the DBE is unwilling, unable, or ineligible to perform work on the contract;
- 4. A brief statement of the affected DBE's capacity and ability or inability to perform the work as determined by the contractor;
- 5. Documentation of contractor's good faith efforts to enable affected DBE to perform the work;
- 6. The current percentage of work completed on each bid item by the affected DBE;

- 7. The total dollar amount currently paid per bid item for work performed by the affected DBE:
- 8. The total dollar amount per bid item remaining to be paid to the DBE for work completed but for which the DBE has not received payment, and with which the contractor has no dispute; and
- 9. The total dollar amount per bid item remaining to be paid to the DBE for work completed, for which the DBE has not received payment, and with which the contractor and DBE have a dispute.

The prime contractor shall send a copy of the written notice to replace a certified DBE on a contract to the affected DBE. The affected DBE may submit a written response within five (5) calendar days to the Department to explain its position on its performance on the committed work. The Department shall consider both the prime contractor's request and DBE's stated position before approving the termination or substitution request, or determining if any action shall be taken against the contractor.

There shall be no substitution or termination of an DBE subcontractor at any time without the prior written consent of the Department. The Department will provide written consent only if the contractor has good cause, as determined by the Department, to terminate the DBE. Good cause may include, but is not limited to the following circumstances:

- 1. The DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- 2. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards;
- 3. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- 4. The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness:
- 5. The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law;
- 6. The Department has determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- 7. The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to the Department written notice of its withdrawal;
- 8. The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required; and
- 9. An DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract.

Upon approval from the Department to replace an DBE, the contractor's good faith efforts shall be documented and submitted to the Department within seven (7) calendar days. This time period may be extended for another seven (7) calendar days upon request by the prime contractor.

If an DBE subcontractor is unable to perform work under the contract, and is to be

replaced, the contractor's failure to obtain a substitute certified DBE or to make good faith efforts to obtain such a substitute DBE subcontractor to perform said work, may constitute a breach of this contract for which the Department may terminate the contract or pursue such remedy as deemed appropriate by the Department.

#### XII. CONTRACT COMPLIANCE

This contract is subject to contract compliance tracking, and the prime contractor and all subcontractors are required to report payments electronically in the HDOT online Certification and Contract Compliance Management System (hereafter referred to as "online tracking system"). The prime contractor shall report the date payment was made by the Department and shall report payment to all subcontractors for the audit period. The prime contractor and all subcontractors are responsible for responding by any noted response date or due date to any instructions or request for information, and to check the online tracking system on a regular basis to manage contact information and contract records.

The prime contractor is responsible for ensuring all subcontractors have completed all requested items and that their contact information is accurate and up-to-date. HDOT may require additional information related to the contract to be provided electronically through the online tracking system at any time before, during, or after contract award. Information related to contractor access of the online tracking system will be provided to designated point of contact with each contractor upon award of the contract. The online tracking system is web-based and can be accessed at the following Internet address: https://hdot.dbesystem.com/.

#### XIII. PAYMENT

- A. The Department will make an estimate in writing each month based on the items of work performed and materials incorporated in the work and the value therefore at the unit prices or lump sum prices set forth in the contract. All progress estimates and payments will be approximate only and shall be subject to correction at any time prior to or in the final estimate and payment. The Department will not withhold any amount from any payment to the contractor, including retainage.
- B. The contractor shall pay all subcontractors within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of any progress payments from the Department. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors, and all tiers of subcontracts.
- C. The contractor will verify that payment or retainage has been released to the subcontractors or its suppliers within the specified time through entries in the Department's online tracking system during the corresponding monthly audits. Prompt payment will be monitored and enforced through the contractor's reporting of payments to its subcontractors and suppliers in the online tracking system.

Subcontractors, including lower tier subcontractors and/or suppliers will confirm the timeliness and the payment amounts received utilizing the online tracking system. Discrepancies will be investigated by the DBE Program Office and the project engineer. Payments to the subcontractors, including lower tier subcontractors, and including retainage released after the subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor's work has been completed to the Department's satisfaction, will be reported by the Contractor or the subcontractor.

D. When any subcontractor has satisfactorily completed its work as specified in the subcontract, and there are no bona fide disputes, the contractor shall make prompt and full payment to the subcontractor of all monies due, including retainage, within ten (10) calendar days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. A subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed when all the tasks called for in the subcontract have been accomplished and documented, as required by the Department. The contractor must obtain the prior written approval from the Department before it can continue to withhold retainage from any subcontractor who has completed its portion of the work. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors, and all tiers of subcontracts.

#### XIV. RECORDS

The contractor shall maintain and keep all records necessary for the Department to determine compliance with the contractor's DBE obligations. The records shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by the Department and appropriate Federal agencies. The records to be kept by the contractor shall include:

- 1. The names, race/ethnicity, gender, address, phone number, and contact person of all DBE and non-DBE consultants, subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers, truckers and vendors identified as DBEs;
- 2. The nature of work of each DBE and non-DBE consultant, subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, trucker and vendor;
- 3. The dollar amount contracted with each DBE and non-DBE consultant, subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, trucker and vendor; and
- 4. Cumulative dollar amount of all change orders to the subcontract.

#### XV. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH DBE REQUIREMENTS

The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of USDOT assisted contracts. All contractors, subcontractors, manufacturers and suppliers are hereby advised that failure to carry out all DBE requirements specified herein shall constitute a material breach of contract that may result in termination of the contract or such other remedy as deemed appropriate by the Department including but not limited to: 1) withholding monthly progress payments; 2) assessing sanctions; 3) liquidated damages; and/or 4) disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.



### Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation For Construction

	Project #:	County:
	DBE Project Goal:	Prime Contractor:
aı	s required by the specifications " <i>Disadvantaged Business Enterpris</i> nd non-DBE firms) for all subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers,	, and trucking companies is due by the close of business, $4:30\ P.M.$
Н	awaii Standard Time (HST) five (5) days after bid opening. Failure t	o provide required information sufficient to evaluate the
h	id/proposal shall be cause for hid/proposal rejection	

Calculation of the DBE contract goal for this project is the proportionate contract dollar value of work performed, materials, and goods to be supplied by DBEs. DBE credit shall not be given for mobilization, force account items, and allowance items. This DBE contract goal is applicable to all the contract work performed for this project and is calculated as follows:

- 1. DBE contract goal percentage = Contract Dollar Value of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors and manufacturers, plus 60% of the contract dollar value of DBE suppliers, divided by the sum of all contract items (sum of all contract items is the total amount for comparison of bids less mobilization, force account items, and allowance items).
- 2. The Department shall adjust the bidder's/offeror's DBE contract goal to the amount of the project goal if it finds that the bidder/offeror met the goal but erroneously calculated a lower percentage. If the amount the bidder/offeror submits as its contract goal exceeds the project goal, the bidder/offeror shall be held to the higher goal.

DBE (Y/N)	Bid Item Number and Description	Approx. Quantity/ Hours	Unit	Unit Price/ Rate	Dollar Amount
			Unit		Dollar Amount
(Y/N)	Description	Hours	Unit	Rate	Dollar Amount
					1

A. Dollar amount of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors, manufacturers, and trucking	
companies, plus 60% of the dollar amount of DBE suppliers	
B. Sum of all work items less mobilization, force account items, allowance items	
A/B = DBE contract goal	
NAME and SIGNATURE of AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of PRIME CONTRACTOR:	DATE:

Page 1 of 3

#### **Summary of Good Faith Efforts (GFE)**

As required by the specifications "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Requirements," documentation of GFE shall be submitted by the close of business, 4:30 P.M. HST five (5) days of bid opening. The bidder/offeror shall respond to the following questions and describe efforts to obtain DBE participation whether or not the DBE project goal is met. Responses must be sufficient to properly evaluate the bidder's/offeror's good faith efforts. Copies of correspondence return receipts, telephone logs, or other documentation will be required to support GFE. Attach additional sheets, if necessary. Based on responses given, HDOT shall make a determination of the bidders' GFE. Failure to provide required information sufficient to evaluate the bid/proposal shall be cause for bid/proposal rejection.

- 1. Did you submit the required information by the close of business, 4:30 P.M. HST, five (5) days after bid opening (i.e. DBE name, address, NAICS code, description of work, project name, and number)?
- Explain your GFE if any, to solicit through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform part or all of the work to be included under the contract.
  - Explain your GFE if any, to solicit the participation of potential DBEs as early in the procurement process as practicable.
  - b. Explain your GFE if any, to allow sufficient time for the DBEs to properly inquire about the project and respond to the solicitation.
  - c. Explain your GFE if any, to take appropriate steps to follow up with interested DBEs in a timely manner to facilitateparticipation by DBEs in this project.
- Explain your GFE if any, to identify and break up portions of work that can be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that a DBE will be able to participate, and that the DBE goal could be achieved (e.g. breaking out contract items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation even when you might otherwise prefer to self-perform these work items).
- Explain your GFE if any, to make available or provide interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the project in a timely manner, and assist them in responding to your solicitation.
- Explain your GFE if any, to negotiate in good faith with interested DBEs. Evidence of such negotiations includes documenting: a) the names, addresses and telephone numbers of DBEs that were contacted; b) a description of the information that was provided to DBEs regarding the plans and specifications; and c) detailed explanation for not utilizing individual DBEs on the project.
- Did you solely rely on price in determining whether to use a DBE? If yes please explain. The fact that there may be additional or higher costs associated with finding and utilizing DBEs are not, by themselves, sufficient reasons for your refusal to utilize a DBE or

NAME and SIGNATURE of AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of PRIME CONTRACTOR:				
Page 2 of 3				

	failure to meet the DBE goal, provided that such additional costs are not unreasonable. Also, the ability or desportion of the work with your own forces, that could have been undertaken by an available DBE, does not relieve responsibility to make good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal, and to make available and solicit DBE participated the project to meet the DBE goal.	eve you of the
7.	Did you reject DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their cap please explain. The DBEs standing within the industry, membership in specific groups, organizations or associated or social affiliation are not legitimate basis for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids from particular DBEs.	
8.	Explain your GFE to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance.	
9.	Explain your GFE if any, to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials or relaservices.	ted assistance or
10.	If you selected a non-DBE over a DBE subcontractor, please provide the quotes of each DBE and non-DBE subcontract to you for work on the contract; and for each DBE that was contacted but not utilized for a contract detailed written explanation for each DBE detailing the reasons for not utilizing or allowing the DBE to particip contract.	t, provide a
11.	Explain your GFE if any, to effectively use the services of available minority/women community organizations, r business groups, contractors' groups, and local, state and federal minority/women business assistance offices organizations to provide assistance in recruitment and placement of DBEs.	-
NA	ME and SIGNATURE of AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of PRIME CONTRACTOR:	DATE:



# Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation For Construction INSTRUCTIONS

Project #	Self-explanatory
County	County where project is located
DBE Project Goal	Indicate DBE goal listed in the proposal on P-1
Prime Contractor	Name of prime contractor
Name of Subcontractor, Supplier, Manufacturer, and	Company name of subcontractor, supplier,
Trucking Company	manufacturer, or trucking firm
DBE (Y/N)	Y for yes and N for no
Bid Item Number and Description	Pay item and description
Approx. Quantity/ Hours	Self-explanatory
Unit	Unit of measure
Unit Price/ Rate	Self-explanatory
Dollar Amount	Total dollar amount committed to subcontractor,
	supplier, manufacturer, or trucking firm
A. Dollar amount of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors, manufacturers, and trucking companies, plus 60% of the dollar amount of DBE suppliers	Total amount of DBE participation
B. Sum of all work items less mobilization, force	List total of work items minus mobilization, force
account items, allowance items	accounts and allowances. DBE credit shall not be
	given for mobilization, force account items, and
	allowance items.
A/B = DBE contract goal	Self-explanatory
Name and Signature of Authorized Representative of Prime Contractor	Self-explanatory (Note: bidder must sign and date every page of form.)
Date	Date form is signed
Summary of Good Faith Efforts (GFE)	Complete by answering questions in detail and providing documentation to support how bidder demonstrated good faith efforts to meet the goal, irrespective of whether or not the goal was met.



### Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Trucking Company

This commitment is subject to the award and receipt of a signed contract from the Hawaii Department of Transportation (HDOT) for the subject project. DBEs must be certified by the bid opening date.

Project #:				Cour	County:			
NAICS CODE/DESCRIPTION OF WORK:					SECONDARY NAICS CODE:			
•			d tab item whenever	•				
			dates when the truck					nder the subcontract.
Estimated Beginni	ng Date (Mo	onth/Year):		Estin	nated Co	mplet	ion Date (Month,	Year):
TRUCKING	Item	No	Item Description		Tu	nit	Unit Price /	Amount
COMPANY:	reem		item bescription		Offic		Rate	
							\$	\$
							\$	\$
							\$	\$
				Т	OTAL CO	MMIT	MENT AMOUNT	\$
<ol> <li>Number of fully</li> <li>Number of fully</li> </ol>	operational operational	trucks to be	es to be hauled:e used:ed by DBE:eg companies are to b	Tr D	ump truc	ks:	Dump f	
		DBE Y/N	Estimated Dollar Amount to be Contracted					
			\$					
			\$					
If a DBE trucking cor substitution/replace prime contractor, a	mpany is una ement appro nd subcontr	able to perfo val process a actor (only i	rm the work as listed as outlined in the con	on this tract DI cond ti	agreeme BE require <b>er sub) co</b>	ent for ement onfirn	rm, the prime conts. IMPORTANT! 1	ed on the agreement form. tractor will follow the The signatures of the DBE, ation on this Agreement is
DBE NAME:				Name/Title (please print):				
Address:				Signature:				
Phone:		Fax:						
Email:				Date:				
Prime Contractor:				Name/Title (please print):				
Address:				Signature:				
Phone: Fax:			1					
Email:				Date:				
Subcontractor (only if the DBE will be a second tier sub):				Name/Title (please print):				
Address:				Signature:				
Phone: Fax:			<u>]                                    </u>					
Email:			Date:					
HDOT retains the inf	formation co	ollected thro	ugh this form. With fo	ew exce	ptions, y	ou are	e entitled on requ	est to be informed about
he information that	t we collect	about you.						



# Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Trucking Company INSTRUCTIONS

The purpose of this agreement is to secure the commitment of the bidder/offeror to utilize the listed DBE trucking company, and the DBE's confirmation that it will perform work for the bidder/offeror on this project. The information on this form shall be provided by the DBE.

Project #	Self-explanatory
County	County where project is located
NAICS Code/Description of Work	Primary North American Industry Classification
	System code under which DBE is certified to
	performand description of work to be done
Secondary NAICS Code	List other NAICS codes firm is certified to perform
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE shall begin work on the project
Estimated Completion Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE's work will be completed
Trucking Company	Name of DBE trucking company
Item No.	List pay item number
Item Description	Description of item
Unit	Unit of measure – e.g. weight or hours
Unit Price/Rate	Cost per unit or hourly rate
Amount	Total amount per pay item
Total Commitment Amount	Sum of all pay items and total commitment of
	bidder/offeror to DBE
Number of hours contracted or quantities to be	Approximate number of hours or tonnage to be
hauled	hauled
Number of fully operational trucks to be used:	Total number of trucks to be used for the project
Tractor/Trailers	Number of tractor trailers to be used
Dump Trucks	Number of dump trucks to be used
Number of fully operational trucks owned by DBE	Number of listed DBE's trucks to be used on
	thisproject
Name of Trucking Company	If other trucking companies (DBE or non-DBE) are to
	be leased, list name and information about type of
Estimated Dellay Americates he Contracted	trucks in this section  Provide information about estimated cost to lease
Estimated Dollar Amount to be Contracted	trucks
Number of Dump Trucks, Tractor/Trailer	Self-explanatory
DBE NAME	DBE Company name
Name/Title	Name and title of DBE's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of DBE's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Prime Contractor	Company name
Time contractor	Company name

Name/Title	Name and title of prime contractor's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of prime contractor's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Subcontractor (only if the DBE will be a second tier sub):	Name of subcontractor only if the listed DBE trucking company will be performing work under this subcontractor
Name/Title	Name and title of the subcontractor's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of subcontractor
Date	Date agreement is signed



Address:

Phone:

Email:

### Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Subcontractor, Manufacturer, or Supplier

This commitment is subject to the award and receipt of a signed contract from the Hawaii Department of Transportation (HDOT) for the subject project. DBEs must be certified by the bid opening date.

Project #:				County:			
NAICS CODE/DESCRIP	<b>K</b> :		SECONDARY NAICS CODE:				
*All quantities and units	should match	the bid tab ite	m whenever p	ossible.			
The prime contractor sh	all inform HDO	T of the dates	when the sub	contractor star	ts and completes a	Ill work under the subcontract.	
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year):				Estimated Completion Date (Month/Year):			
SUBCONTRACTOR:	Item No.	Item	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Amount	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
			7	TOTAL COMMI	TMENT AMOUNT	\$	
	•					1 -	
MANUFACTURER:	Item No.	Item	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Amount	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
		· ·	1	TOTAL COMMI	TMENT AMOUNT	\$	
	1						
SUPPLIER:	Item No.	Item	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Amount	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
			1	TOTAL COMMI	TMENT AMOUNT	\$	
and the DBE subcontrac agreement form, the pri requirements. <b>IMPORT</b> A	tors as listed o ime contractor ANT! The signa	n the agreeme will follow the tures of the D	ent form. If a E e substitution/ BBE, prime con	DBE subcontrac replacement a otractor, and su	tor is unable to pe pproval process as abcontractor (only	etween the prime contractor rform the work as listed on this outlined in the contract DBE if the DBE will be a second tier ement in the order in which	
DBE NAME:				Name/Title (p	olease print):		
Address:			Signature:				
Phone: Fax:			J.B.Iacare.				
Email:			Date:				
Prime Contractor:				Name/Title (please print):			
Address:				Signature:			
Phone:	Fax	:		3.5.1.4.4.6.			
Email:	1 : 201			Date:			
Subcontractor (only if	e a second tie	r sub):	Name/Title (please print):				

HDOT retains the information collected through this form. With few exceptions, you are entitled on request to be informed about the information that we collect about you.

Fax:

Signature:

Date:



## Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Subcontractor, Manufacturer, or Supplier INSTRUCTIONS

The purpose of this agreement is to secure the commitment of the bidder/offeror to utilize the listed DBE, and the DBE's confirmation that it will perform work for the bidder/offeror on this project. The information on this form shall be provided by the DBE.

Project #	Self-explanatory
County	County where project is located
NAICS Code/Description of Work	Primary North American Industry Classification
	System code under which DBE is certified to
	performand description of work to be done
Secondary NAICS Code	List other NAICS codes firm is certified to perform
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE shall begin work on the project
Estimated Completion Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE's work will be completed
Subcontractor	Name of DBE subcontractor (company name)
Item No.	List pay item number
Item	Description of item
Approx. Quantity	Self-explanatory
Unit	List unit of measure
Unit Price	Cost per unit
Amount	Total amount per pay item
Total Commitment Amount	Sum of all pay items and total commitment of
	bidder/offeror to DBE
Manufacturer	Name of DBE manufacturer
Supplier	Name of DBE supplier (aka regular dealer)
DBE NAME	DBE Company name
Name/Title	Name and title of DBE's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of DBE's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Prime Contractor	Company name
Name/Title	Name and title of prime contractor's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of prime contractor's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Subcontractor (only if the DBE will be a second tier	Name of subcontractor only if the listed DBE will be
sub):	performing work under this subcontractor as a second
	tier subcontractor/supplier/manufacturer

Name/Title	Name and title of the subcontractor's representative that the listed DBE will work under as a second tier subcontractor/supplier/manufacturer
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of subcontractor's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed

## REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

#### I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).
- II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women

- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

## 6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

## 10. Assurances Required:

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
  - (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
  - (2) Assessing sanctions;
  - (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.
- c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
  - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
  - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on <a href="Form FHWA-1391">Form FHWA-1391</a>. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

#### **III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

## IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

## 1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Wage rates and fringe benefits. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.
- b. Frequently recurring classifications. (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in 29 CFR part 1, a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:
  - (i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

- (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
- (iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.
- c. Conformance. (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:
  - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
  - (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
  - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.
- (3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to <a href="mailto:DBAconformance@dol.gov">DBAconformance@dol.gov</a>. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.
- (4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to <a href="mailto:DBAconformance@dol.gov">DBAconformance@dol.gov</a>, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division

- under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- d. Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- e. Unfunded plans. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
- f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

## 2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Withholding requirements. The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor. take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.
- b. *Priority to withheld funds*. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

- 2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:
- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
  - (2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
  - (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
  - (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, <u>31</u> U.S.C. 3901–3907.

## 3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- (2) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.
- (3) Additional records relating to fringe benefits. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.
- (4) Additional records relating to apprenticeship. Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- b. Certified payroll requirements (1) Frequency and method of submission. The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting

- agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.
- (2) Information required. The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/ legacy/files/wh347/.pdf or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.
- (3) Statement of Compliance. Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:
  - (i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;
  - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3; and
  - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (4) Use of Optional Form WH–347. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

- (5) Signature. The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.
- (6) Falsification. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 3729.
- (7) Length of certified payroll retention. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- c. Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents. The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- d. Required disclosures and access (1) Required record disclosures and access to workers. The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.
- (2) Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under 29 CFR part 6 any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.
- (3) Required information disclosures. Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address

of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

## 4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Apprentices (1) Rate of pay. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
- (2) Fringe benefits. Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.
- (3) Apprenticeship ratio. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.
- (4) Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.
- b. Equal employment opportunity. The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **6. Subcontracts**. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- 8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- **10. Certification of eligibility**. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of <u>40 U.S.C. 3144(b)</u> or § 5.12(a).

- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, <u>18</u> U.S.C. 1001.
- **11. Anti-retaliation**. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3; or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3.

## V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or

mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)\* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

\* \$31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

## 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

- a. Withholding process. The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.
- b. *Priority to withheld funds*. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:
- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
  - (2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate:
  - (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
  - (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, <u>31</u> U.S.C. 3901–3907.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the

event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

- **5. Anti-retaliation.** It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part: or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

#### VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees:
  - (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
  - (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.
- 2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).
- 5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

## **VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and

health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

## VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

## 18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

# IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

# X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

## 1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred,"
  "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal,"
  and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined
  in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200.
  "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered
  transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal
  funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract).
  "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered
  transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as
  subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant
  who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or
  subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general
  contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who
  has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier
  Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as
  subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<a href="https://www.sam.gov/">https://www.sam.gov/</a>). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

\* \* \* \* \*

# 2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800: and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).
- (5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

\* \* \* \* \*

## 3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 - 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<a href="https://www.sam.gov/">https://www.sam.gov/</a>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily

excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

\* \* \* \* \*

# 4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:
- (1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;
- (2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)
- b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

\* \* \* \* \*

## XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief. that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or

cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

#### XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

- 1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.
- 2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B) This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

- 1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
- a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
- b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
- c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
- 2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
- 3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
- 4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above
- 5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region
- 6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

# STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION HONOLULU, HAWAII

## SPECIAL PROVISIONS

These Special Provisions shall supplement and/or amend the applicable provisions of the Hawaii Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, 2005, hereinafter referred to as the "Standard Specifications".

Amend **Section 101 - TERMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS** to read as follows:

## "DIVISION 100 - GENERAL PROVISIONS

## **SECTION 101 - TERMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS**

**101.01 Meaning of Terms.** The specifications are generally written in the imperative mood. In sentences using the imperative mood, the subject, "the Contractor shall", is implied. In the material specifications, the subject may also be the supplier, fabricator, or manufacturer supplying material, products, or equipment for use on the project. The word "will" generally pertains to decisions or actions of the State.

When a publication is specified, it refers to the most recent date of issue, including interim publications, before the bid opening date for the project, unless a specific date or year of issue is provided.

**101.02 Abbreviations.** Meanings of abbreviations used in the specifications, on the plans, or in other contract documents are as follows:

23	AAN	American Association of Nurserymen
24		
25	AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and
26		Transportation Officials
27 28	ACI	American Concrete Institute
29	ACI	American Concrete institute
30	ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
31		
32	ADAAG	Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines
33		
34	AGC	Associated General Contractors of America
35 36	AIA	American Institute of Architects
37	AIA	American institute of Architects
38	AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction
39		
40	AISI	American Iron and Steel Institute
41		
42	ANSI	American National Standards Institute
43	A D A	A
44	APA	American Plywood Association
45		

epartment of
nt of Defense

91 92 93	HIOSH	Occupational Safety and Health, Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, State of Hawaii
94	HMA	Hot Mix Asphalt
95 96	HRS	Hawaii Revised Statutes
97 98	ICEA	Insulated Cable Engineers Association (formerly IPCEA)
99 100	IMSA	International Municipal Signal Association
101 102	IRS	Internal Revenue Service
103 104	ITE	Institute of Transportation Engineers
105 106 107	MUTCD	Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, FHWA, U.S. Department of Transportation
108 109	NCHRP	National Cooperative Highway Research Program
110 111	NEC	National Electric Code
112 113	NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
114 115	NFPA	National Forest Products Association
116 117	NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
118 119 120	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration/Act, U.S. Department of Labor
121 122	SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers
123 124	SI	International Systems of Units
125 126	UFAS	Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards
127 128	UL	Underwriter's Laboratory
129 130	USGS	U.S. Geological Survey
131 132 133 134	VECP	Value Engineering Cost Proposal

135	<b>101.03 Definitions.</b> Whenever the following words, terms, or pronouns are
136	used in the contract documents, unless otherwise prescribed therein and without
137	regards to the use or omission of uppercase letters, the intent and meaning shall
138	be interpreted as follows:
139	be interpreted de fellewe.
140	Addendum (plural - Addenda) - A written or graphic document, including
141	drawings and specifications, issued by the Director during the bidding period. This
142	document modifies or interprets the bidding documents by additions, deletions,
142	clarifications or corrections.
143	ciallications of corrections.
	Addition (to the contract cum) Amount added to the contract cum by change
145	Addition (to the contract sum) - Amount added to the contract sum by change
146	order.
147	
148	Advertisement - A public announcement inviting bids for work to be performed or
149	materials to be furnished.
150	
151	Amendment - A written document issued to amend the existing contract between
152	the State and Contractor and properly executed by the Contractor and Director.
153	
154	<b>Award -</b> Written notification to the bidder that the bidder has been awarded a
155	contract.
156	
157	<b>Bad Weather Day (or Unworkable Day) -</b> A day when weather or other conditions
158	prevent a minimum of four hours of work with the Contractor's normal work force
159	on critical path activities at the site.
160	
161	Bag - 94 pounds of cement.
162	
163	Barrel - 376 pounds of cement.
164	
165	Base Course - The layer or layers of specified material or selected material of a
166	designed thickness placed on a subbase or subgrade to support a surface course.
167	
168	Basement Material - The material in excavation or embankments underlying the
169	lowest layer of subbase, base, pavement, surfacing or other specified layer.
170	
171	Bid - See Proposal.
172	·
173	Bidder - An individual, partnership, corporation, joint venture or other legal entity
174	submitting, directly or through a duly authorized representative or agent, a
175	proposal for the work or construction contemplated.

Bidding Documents (or Solicitation Documents) - The published solicitation

notice, bid requirements, bid forms and the proposed contract documents including

STP-0300(214) 101-4a

all addenda and clarifications issued prior to receipt of the bid.

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**Bid Security** - The security furnished by the bidder from which the State may recover its damages in the event the bidder breaches its promise to enter into a contract with the State, or fails to execute the required bonds covering the work contemplated, if its proposal is accepted.

**Blue Book** - EquipmentWatch Cost Recovery (formerly known as EquipmentWatch Rental Rate Blue Book), available from EquipmentWatch, a division of Penton, Inc.

Calendar Day - See Day.

 Change Order (or Contract Change Order) - A written order signed by the Engineer issued with or without the consent of the Contractor directing changes in the work, contract time or contract price. The purposes of a change order include, but are not limited to (1) establishing a price or time adjustment for changes in the work; (2) establishing full payment for direct, indirect, and consequential costs, including costs of delay; (3) establishing price adjustment or time adjustment for work covered and affected by one or more field orders; or (4) settling Contractor's claims for direct, indirect, and consequential costs, or for additional contract time, in whole or in part.

**Completion -** See Substantial Completion and Final Completion.

**Completion Date -** The date specified by the contract for the completion of all work on the project or of a designated portion of the project.

**Comptroller -** the Comptroller of the State of Hawaii, Department of Accounting and General Services.

**Contract** - The written agreement between the Contractor and the State, by which the Contractor shall provide all labor, equipment, and materials and perform the specified work within the contract time stipulated, and by which the State of Hawaii is obligated to compensate the Contractor at the prices set forth in the contract documents.

**Contract Certification Date -** The Date on which the Deputy Comptroller for the State of Hawaii (or authorized representative) signs the Contract Certification.

Contract Completion Date - The calendar day on which all work on the project, required by the contract, must be completed. See CONTRACT TIME.

222	Contract Documents - The contract, solicitation, addenda, notice to bidders,
223	Contractor's bid proposal (including wage schedule, list of subcontractors and
224	other documentations accompanying the bid), notice to proceed, bonds, general
225	provisions, special provisions, specifications, drawings, all modifications, all written
226	amendments, change orders, field orders, orders for minor changes in the work,
227	the Engineer's written interpretations and clarifications issued on or after the
228	effective date of the contract.

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**Contract Item (Pay Item) -** A specific unit of work for which there is a price in the contract.

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**Contract Modification (Modification) -** A change order that is mutually agreed to and signed by the parties to the contract.

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**Contract Price -** The amount designated on the face of the contract for the performance of work.

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**Contract Time (or Contract Duration) -** The number of calendar or working days provided for completion of the contract, inclusive of authorized time extensions. Contract time shall commence on the Start Work Date and end on the Substantial Completion Date. If in lieu of providing a number of calendar or working days, the contract requires completion by a certain date, the work shall be completed by that date.

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**Contracting Officer -** See Engineer.

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**Contractor -** Any individual, partnership, firm, corporation, joint venture, or other legal entity undertaking the execution of the work under the terms of the contract with the State.

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**Critical Path** - Longest logical sequence of activities that must be completed on schedule for the entire project to be completed on schedule.

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**Day -** Any day shown on the calendar, beginning at midnight and proceeding up to, but not including, midnight the following day. If no designation of calendar or working day is made, "day" shall mean calendar day.

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**Department -** The Department of Transportation of the State of Hawaii (abbreviated HDOT).

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Director - The Director of the HDOT acting directly or through duly authorized representatives.

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**Plans (or Drawings) -** The contract drawings in graphic or pictorial form including the notes, tables and other notations thereon indicating the design, location, character, dimensions, and details of the work.

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**Engineer -** The Highway Administrator, Highways Program, HDOT, or the authorized person delegated to act on the Administrator's behalf.

**Equipment -** All machinery, tools, and apparatus needed to complete the contract.

**Field Order -** A written order issued by the Engineer or the Engineer's authorized representative to the Contractor requiring a change or changes to the contract work. A field order may (1) establish a price adjustment or time adjustment; or (2) may declare that no adjustment will be made to contract price or contract time; or (3) may request the Contractor to submit a proposal for an adjustment to the contract price or contract time.

**Final Acceptance -** The Status of the project when the Engineer finds that the Contractor has satisfactorily completed all contract work in compliance with the contract including all plant establishment requirements, and all the materials have been accepted by the State.

**Final Completion** - The date set by the Director that all work required by the contract has been completed in full compliance with the contract documents.

**Final Inspection** - Inspection where all contract items (with the exception of Planting Period and Plant Establishment Period) are accepted by the Engineer. Substantial Completion will be issued by the Engineer based on the satisfactory results of the Final Inspection.

**Float -** The amount of time between when an activity can start and when an activity must start, i.e., the time available to complete non-critical activities required for the performance of the work without affecting the critical path.

**Guarantee** - Legally enforceable assurance of the duration of satisfactory performance of quality of a product or work.

**Hawaii Administrative Rules -** Rules adopted by the State in accordance with Chapter 91 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended.

**HAWAII ePROCUREMENT SYSTEM (HIePRO)** - The State of Hawaii eProcurement System for issuing solicitations, receiving proposals and responses, and issuing notices of award.

**Highway (Street, Road, or Roadway) -** A public way within a right-of-way designed, intended, and set aside for use by vehicles, bicyclists, or pedestrians.

**Highways Program** - The Highways Program of the Hawaii Department of Transportation constituted under the laws of Hawaii for the administration of highway work.

315	Holidays - The days of each year which are set apart and established as State
316 317	holidays pursuant to Chapter 8 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended.
318	Inspector - The Engineer's authorized representative assigned to make detailed
319	inspections of contract performance, prescribed work, and materials supplied.
320	
321	Laboratory - The testing laboratory of the Highways Program or other testing
322	laboratories that may be designated by the Engineer.
323 324	Laws - All Federal, State, and local laws, executive orders and regulations having
325	the force of law.
326	the force of law.
327	Leveling Course - An aggregate mixture course of variable thickness used to
328	restore horizontal and vertical uniformity to existing pavements or shoulders.
329	
330	<b>Liquidated Damages -</b> The amount prescribed in Subsection 108.08 - Liquidated
331	Damages for Failure to Complete the Work or Portions of the Work on Time, to be
332	paid to the State or to be deducted from any payments payable to or, which may
333	become payable to the Contractor.
334 335	Lump Sum (LS) - When used as a payment method means complete payment
336	for the item of work described in the contract documents.
337	for the item of work described in the contract documents.
338	Material - Any natural or manmade substance or item specified in the contract to
339	be incorporated in the work.
340	·
341	Notice to Bidders - The advertisement for proposals for all work or materials on
342	which bids are required. Such advertisement will indicate the location of the work
343	to be done or the character of the material to be furnished and the time and place
344	for the opening of proposals.

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**Notice to Proceed -** Written notice from the Engineer to the Contractor identifying the date on which the Contractor is to begin procuring materials and required permits and adjusting work forces, equipment, schedules, etc. prior to beginning physical work.

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**Pavement -** The uppermost layer of material placed on the traveled way or shoulders or both. Pavement and surfacing may be interchangeable.

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**Pavement Structure -** The combination of subbase, base, pavement, surfacing or other specified layer of a roadway constructed on a subgrade to support the traffic load.

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**Payment Bond** - The security executed by the Contractor and surety or sureties furnished to the Department to guarantee payment by the Contractor to laborers, material suppliers and subcontractors in accordance with the terms of the contract.

360361

**Physical Work** - Physical construction activities on the project site or at appurtenant facilities including staging areas. It includes; (i) building or installing any structures or facilities including, but not limited to sign erection; BMP installation; field office site grading and building; (ii) removal, adjustment, or demolition of physical obstructions on site; (iii) any ground breaking activities; and (iv) any utility work. It does not include pre-construction environmental testing (such as water quality baseline measurements) that may be required as part of contract.

**Pre-Final Inspection -** Inspection scheduled when Contractor notifies Engineer that all physical work on the project, with the exception of planting period and plant establishment period, has been completed. Notice from Contractor of substantial completion will suspend contract time until Contractor receives punchlist from Engineer.

**Profile Grade -** The elevation or gradient of a vertical plane intersecting the top surface of the proposed pavement.

**Project Acceptance Date -** The calendar day on which the Engineer accepts the project as completed. See Final Completion.

**Proposal (Bid)** - The executed document submitted by a Bidder in response to a solicitation request, to perform the work required by the proposed contract documents, for the price quoted and within the time allotted.

**Public Traffic -** Vehicular or pedestrian movement on a public way.

**Punchlist** - A list compiled by the Engineer specifying work yet to be completed or corrected by the Contractor in order to substantially complete the contract.

**Questionnaire** - The specified forms on which the bidder shall furnish required information as to its ability to perform and finance the work.

**Request for Change Proposal** - A written notice from the Engineer to the Contractor requesting that the Contractor provide a price and/or time proposal for contemplated changes preparatory to the issuance of a field order or change order.

**Right-of-Way -** Land, property, or property interests acquired by a government agency for, or devoted to transportation purposes.

**Roadbed -** The graded portion of a highway within top and side slopes, prepared as a foundation for the pavement structure and shoulders.

**Roadside -** The area between the outside edges of the shoulders and the right-of-way boundaries. Unpaved median areas between inside shoulders of divided highways and infield areas of interchanges are included.

408	Section and Subsection - Section or subsection shall be understood to refer to
409	these specifications unless otherwise specified.

**Shop Drawings -** All drawings, diagrams, illustrations, schedules and other data or information which are specifically prepared or assembled by or for the Contractor and submitted by the Contractor to illustrate some portion of the work.

**Shoulder** - The portion of the roadway next to the traveled way for: accommodation of stopped vehicles, placement of underground facilities, emergency use, and lateral support of base and surface courses.

**Sidewalk** - That portion of the roadway primarily constructed for use by pedestrians.

**Solicitation -** An invitation to bid or request for proposals or any other document issued by the Department to solicit bids or offers to perform a contract. The solicitation may indicate the time and place to receive the bids or offers and the location, nature and character of the work, construction or materials to be provided.

**Specifications** - Compilation of provisions and requirements to perform prescribed work.

**(A) Standard Specifications.** Specifications by the State intended for general application and repetitive use.

**(B) Special Provisions.** Revisions and additions to the standard specifications applicable to an individual project.

**Standard Plans** - Drawings provided by the State for specific items of work approved for repetitive use.

**State -** The State of Hawaii, its Departments and agencies, acting through its authorized representative(s).

**State Waters** – All waters, fresh, brackish, or salt, around and within the State, including, but not limited to, coastal waters, streams, rivers, drainage ditches, ponds, reservoirs, canals, ground waters, and lakes; provided that drainage ditches, ponds, and reservoirs required as a part of a water pollution control system are excluded.

**Start Work Date -** Date on which Contractor begins physical work on the contract. This date shall also be the beginning of Contract Time.

**Structures -** Bridges, culverts, catch basins, drop inlets, retaining walls, cribbing, manholes, endwalls, buildings, sewers, service pipes, underdrains, foundation drains, and other such features that may be encountered in the work.

		101.03
455 456 457	Subbase - subgrade ar	A layer of specified material of specified thickness between the nd a base.
458 459 460 461	subcontracto	ct - Any written agreement between the Contractor and its ors which contains the conditions under which the subcontractor is to ortion of the work for the Contractor.
462 463 464 465 466	legal entity, Revised St	ctor - An individual, partnership, firm, corporation, joint venture or other as licensed or required to be licensed under Chapter 444, Hawaii atutes, as amended, which enters into an agreement with the o perform a portion of the work.
467 468 469	_	The top surface of completed earthwork on which subbase, base, avement, or a course of other material is to be placed.
470 471 472 473	completed th	<b>Completion -</b> The Status of the project when the Contractor has ne work, except for the planting period and plant establishment period, the following requirements are met:
474 475 476 477	(1)	All traffic lanes (including shoulders, ramps, sidewalks and bike paths) are in their final configuration as designed and the final wearing surface has been installed;

- (2) All operational and safety devices have been installed in accordance with the contract documents including guardrails, end treatments, traffic barriers, required signs and pavement markings, drainage, parapet, and bridge and pavement structures;
- (3) All required illumination and lighting for normal and safe use and operation is installed and functional in accordance with the contract documents;
- (4) All utilities and services are connected and working;
- (5) The need for temporary traffic controls or lane closures at any time has ceased, except for lane closures required for routine maintenance;
- (6) The building, structure, improvement or facility can be used for its intended purpose.

**Substantial Completion Date -** The date the Substantial Completion is granted by the Engineer in Writing and Contract Time stops.

**Superintendent -** The employee of the Contractor who is responsible for all the work and is a Contractor's agent for communications to and from the State.

**Surety -** The qualified individual, firm or corporation other than the Contractor, 503 which executes a bond with and for the Contractor to insure its acceptable 504 performance of the contract.

**Surfacing** - The uppermost layer of material placed on the traveled way or shoulders. This term is used interchangeably with pavement.

**Traveled Way** - The portion of the roadway for the movement of vehicles, exclusive of shoulders.

**Unsuitable Material** - Materials that contain organic matter, muck, humus, peat, sticks, debris, chemicals, toxic matter, or other deleterious materials not suitable for use in earthwork.

**Utility** - A line, facility, or system for producing, transmitting, or distributing 517 communications, power, electricity, heat, gas, oil, water, steam, waste, or storm 518 water.

**Utility Owner -** The entity, whether private or owned by a State, Federal, or County governmental body, that has the power and responsibility to grant approval for, or undertake construction work involving a particular utility.

**Water Pollutant -** Dredged spoil, solid refuse, incinerator residue, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical waste, biological materials, radioactive materials, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, soil, sediment, cellar dirt and industrial, municipal, and agricultural waste.

Water Pollution - (1) Such contamination or other alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of any state waters, including change in temperature, taste, color, turbidity, or odor of the waters, or (2) Such discharge of any liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substances into any state waters, as will or is likely to create a nuisance or render such waters unreasonably harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public health, safety, or welfare, including harm, detriment, or injury to public water supplies, fish and aquatic life and wildlife, recreational purposes and agricultural and industrial research and scientific uses of such waters or as will or is likely to violate any water quality standards, effluent standards, treatment and pretreatment standards, or standards of performance for new sources adopted by the Department of Health.

**Work** - The furnishing of all labor, material, equipment, and other incidentals necessary or convenient for the successful execution of all the duties and obligations imposed by the contract.

**Working Day -** A calendar day in which a Contractor is capable of working four or more hours with its normal work force, exclusive of:

548	(1) Saturdays, Sundays, and recognized legal State holidays and such
549	other days specified by the contract documents as non-working days,
550	
551	(2) Day in which the Engineer suspends work for four or more hours
552	through no fault of the Contractor."
553	
554	
555	
556	
557	END OF SECTION 101

## "SECTION 102 - BIDDING REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

**102.01 Prequalification of Bidders.** Prospective bidders shall be capable of performing the work for which they are bidding.

In accordance with HRS Chapter 103D-310, the Department may require any prospective bidder to submit answers to questions contained in the 'Standard Qualification Questionnaire For Prospective Bidders On Public Works Contracts' furnished by the Department, properly executed and notarized, setting forth a complete statement of the experience of such prospective bidder and its organization in performing similar work and a statement of the equipment proposed to be used, together with adequate proof of the availability of such equipment. Whenever it appears to the Department, from answers to the questionnaire or otherwise, that the prospective bidder is not fully qualified and able to perform the intended work, the Department will, after affording the prospective bidder an opportunity to be heard and if still of the opinion that the bidder is not fully qualified to perform the work, refuse to receive or consider any bid offered by the prospective bidder. All information contained in the answers to the questionnaire shall be kept confidential. Questionnaire so submitted shall be returned to the bidders after serving their purpose.

No person, firm or corporation may bid where (1) the person, firm, or corporation, or (2) a corporation owned substantially by the person, firm, or corporation, or (3) a substantial stockholder or an officer of the corporation, or (4) a partner or substantial investor in the firm is in arrears in payments owed to the State or its political subdivisions or is in default as a surety or failure to do faithfully and diligently previous contracts with the State.

**102.02 Contents of Proposal Forms.** The Department will furnish prospective bidders with proposal forms posted in HlePRO stating:

(1) The location,

**(2)** Description of the proposed work,

(3) The approximate quantities,

(4) Items of work to be done or materials to be furnished,

(5) A schedule of items, and

(6) The time in which the work shall be completed.

Papers bound with or attached to the proposal form are part of the proposal. The bidder shall not detach or alter the papers bound with or attached to the proposal when the bidder submits its proposal through HIePRO.

Also, the bidder shall consider other documents including the plans and specifications a part of the proposal form whether attached or not.

## 102.03 (Unassigned).

**102.04 Estimated Quantities.** The quantities shown in the contract are approximate and are for the comparison of bids only. The actual quantity of work may not correspond with the quantities shown in the contract. The Department will make payment to the Contractor for unit price items in accordance with the contract for only the following:

(1) Actual quantities of work done and accepted, not the estimated quantities; or

(2) Actual quantities of materials furnished, not the estimated quantities.

The Department may increase, decrease, or omit each scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished. When the Department increases or decreases the estimated quantity of a contract item by more than 15% the Department will make payment for such items in accordance with Subsection 104.06 - Methods of Price Adjustment.

**102.05** Examination of Contract and Site of Work. The bidder shall examine carefully the site of the proposed work and contract before submitting a proposal.

By the act of submitting a bid for the proposed contract, the bidder warrants that:

(1) The bidder and its Subcontractors have reviewed the contract documents and found them free from ambiguities and sufficient for the purpose intended;

(2) The bidder and its workers, employees and subcontractors have the skills and experience in the type of work required by the contract documents bid upon;

(3) Neither the bidder nor its employees, agents, suppliers or subcontractors have relied upon verbal representations from the Department, its employees or agents, including architects, engineers or consultants, in assembling the bid figure; and

	STP-0300(214)			
13/	commined, and when the project is completed.			
137	confirmed, and when the project is completed.	J Galos ale		
136	to the date and time of variance hour activity as soon as the			
135	(3) The bidder shall notify the Indoor and Radiological Healtl	n Branch as		
134	and sense sense and managin main ood look of rooldeflood.			
133	and concrete-saws after midnight within 500 feet of residences.			
132	(2) The bidder shall not use of auger drill-rig, jackhammers	s and drills		
131	,			
130	Tuesdays to Saturdays: Midnight to 5:00 a.m.			
129	Mondays to Fridays: 8:00 p.m. to Midnight			
128	J J			
127	during the following days/times:			
126	intersection of Kalanianaole Highway with Kalaniiki Street/W			
125	(1) The bidder shall conduct work to construct improvem	ents at the		
124	- //			
123	(Docket No. 24-NR-VN-10); the bidder also warrants that:			
122	work at the intersection Kalanianaole Highway with Kalaniiki Street/Waieli Street			
121	Whereas variances for Community Noise Control have been	granted for		
120				
119	meaning of Subsection 104.02 – Changes.			
118	the State may treat the difference in natural conditions, as falling within the			
117	originally anticipated or contemplated by the Contractor in the items of	excavation,		
116	If the Engineer determines that the natural conditions diffe			
115				
114	or data furnished.			
113	deductions, or conclusions the bidder may derive from the subsurface	information		
112	when work starts. The bidder shall be solely responsible for as	•		
111	found at the time of the subsurface explorations may not be the same			
110	within the project area or that such conditions remain unchanged. Also			
109	locations. These conditions may not be typical of conditions at other locations			
108	the Department's interpretation gathered in investigations made at	•		
107	bidders' convenience only. The data and information furnished are the product of			
106	Subsurface information or hydrographic survey data furnished are for the			
105	Culturation information on business of the first of the f	f 0		
104	(4) The kind and amount of equipment and other facilities no	eeded;		
103				
102	(3) The difficulties to be encountered; and			
101				
100	<b>(2)</b> The character, quality, and quantity of materials;			
99				
98	(1) The nature and location of the work;			
97				
96	From its investigations, the bidder acknowledges satisfaction on:			
95	Also, the bidder warrants that the bidder has examined the site	of the work.		
94				
93	documents.			
92	(4) The basis for the bid figure are solely on the constructi	on contract		

183		(a) Construction equipment with exposed engine compartments
184		will not be used on the job site.
185		
186		<b>(b)</b> Applicable State Department of Health daytime and nighttime
187		noise limits will not be exceeded at the property plane of any
188		residence, unless authorized by the Engineer, or unless it can be
189		demonstrated by sound level measurements that the normal
190		background ambient noise levels are equal to or greater than the
191		construction noise levels.
192		
193	Also,	the bidder warrants that the bidder will not disturb, remove or trim
194	woody plant	s greater than 15 feet tall from June 1 through September 15 to avoid
195	impacts to tl	he Hawaiian hoary bat.
196		
197	102.06 P	reparation of Proposal. The submittal of its proposal shall be on
198	forms furnis	hed by the Department. The bidder shall specify in words or figures:
199		
200	(1)	A unit price for each pay item with a quantity given;
201		
202	(2)	The products of the respective unit prices and quantities
203		
204	(3)	The lump sum amount; and
205		·
206	(4)	The total amount of the proposal obtained by adding the amounts of
207	the s	everal items.
208		
209	The v	words and figures shall be in ink or typed. If a discrepancy occurs
210	between the prices written in words and those written in figures, the prices written	
211	in words sha	all govern.
212		
213	Wher	n an item in the proposal contains an option to be made, the bidder
214	shall choose	in accordance with the contract for that particular item. Determination
215	of an option	will not permit the Contractor to choose again.
216	·	
217	The	bidder shall sign the proposal properly in ink. A duly authorized
218	representati	ves of the bidder or by an agent of the bidder legally qualified and
219	acceptable	to the Department shall sign, including one or more partners of the
220	•	one or more representatives of each entity comprising a joint venture.
221		
222	Wher	n an agent, other than the officer(s) of a corporation authorized to sign
223		r the corporation or a partner of a partnership, signs the proposals, a
224		attorney' shall be on file with the Department or submitted with the
225		Otherwise, the Department will reject the proposal as irregular and
226	unauthorize	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
227		

228 229 230 231 232	The bidder shall submit acceptable evidence of the authority of the partner, member(s) or officer(s) to sign for the partnership, joint venture, or corporation respectively with the proposal. Otherwise, the Department will reject the proposal as irregular and unauthorized.
233 234	<b>102.07 Irregular Proposals.</b> The Department may consider proposals irregular and may reject the proposals for the following reasons:
235 236 237 238	<b>(1)</b> The proposal is a form not furnished by the Department, altered, or detached;
239 240 241	(2) The proposal contains unauthorized additions, conditions, or alternates. Also, the proposal contains irregularities that may tend to make the proposal incomplete, indefinite, or ambiguous to its meaning;
242 243 244 245	(3) The bidder adds provisions reserving the right to accept or reject an award. Also, the bidder adds provisions into a contract before an award;
246 247	(4) The proposal does not contain a unit price for each pay item listed except authorized optional pay items; and
<ul><li>248</li><li>249</li><li>250</li><li>251</li></ul>	<b>(5)</b> Prices for some items are out of proportion to the prices for other items.
<ul><li>251</li><li>252</li><li>253</li><li>254</li></ul>	<b>(6)</b> If in the opinion of the Director, the bidder and its listed subcontractors do not have the Contactor's licenses or combination of Contractor's licenses necessary to complete the work.
255 256 257 258 259 260	Where the prospective bidder is bidding on multiple projects simultaneously and the proposal limits the maximum gross amount of awards that the bidder can accept at one bid letting, the proposal is not irregular if the limit on the gross amount of awards is clear, and the Department selects the awards that can be given.
261 262 263 264	<b>102.08 Proposal Guaranty.</b> The Department will not consider a proposal of \$25,000 or more unless accompanied by:
265 266	(1) A deposit of legal tender; or
267 268 269	(2) A valid surety bid bond, underwritten by a company licensed to issue bonds in the State of Hawaii, in the form and composed, substantially, with the same language as provided herewith and signed by both parties; or
<ul><li>270</li><li>271</li><li>272</li><li>273</li></ul>	(3) A certificate of deposit, share certificate, cashier's check, treasurer's check, teller's check, or official check drawn by, or a certified check accepted by and payable on demand to the State by a bank, savings

274	institution, or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance
275	Corporation (FDIC) or the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA).
276	
277	(a) The bidder may use these instruments only to a maximum of
278	\$100,000.
279	

- **(b)** If the required security or bond amount totals over \$100,000 more than one instrument not exceeding \$100,000 each and issued by different financial institutions shall be acceptable.
- **(c)** The instrument shall be made payable at sight to the Department.
- (d) If bidder elects options (1) or (3) above for its bid security, said bid security shall be in its <u>original form</u> and shall be <u>submitted before the bid deadline</u> to the Contract Office, Department of Transportation, Aliiaimoku Hale, 869 Punchbowl Street, Room 105, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813. Original surety bid bonds do <u>not</u> need to be submitted to the Contracts Office. Bidders are reminded that a copy of its surety bid bond shall be included with its bid submitted and uploaded to HlePRO.

In accordance with HRS Chapter 103D-323, the above shall be in a sum not less than 5% of the amount bid.

102.09 Delivery of Proposal. Bidders shall submit and <u>upload the complete proposal to HlePRO</u> prior to the bid opening date and time. Proposals received after said due date and time shall not be considered. Any additional support documents explicitly designated as <u>confidential and/or proprietary</u> shall be uploaded as a <u>separate file</u> to HlePRO. Bidders shall not include confidential and/or proprietary documents with the proposal. The record of each bidder and respective bid shall be open to public inspection. Original (wet ink, hard copy) proposal documents are not required to be submitted. Contract award shall be based on evaluation of proposals submitted and uploaded to HlePRO.

# FAILURE TO UPLOAD THE COMPLETE PROPOSAL TO HIEPRO SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR REJECTION OF THE BID.

If there is a conflict between the specification document and the HIePRO solicitation, the specifications shall govern and control, unless otherwise specified.

**102.10 Withdrawal or Revision of Proposals.** Bids may be modified or withdrawn prior to the bid opening date and time. Withdrawal or revision of proposal shall be completed, and submitted and uploaded to HIePRO prior to the bid opening date and time.

person listed in HIePRO for the solicitation and also post a question in HIePRO under the question/answer tab referencing the email with the request. The request must be posted in HIePRO no later than 14 calendar days before the bid opening date, not including the bid opening date.

An addendum will be issued to inform all prospective bidders of any accepted substitution in accordance with Subsection 102.17 – Addenda.

(B) Statement of Variances. The statement of variances must list all features of the proposed substitution that differ from the contract documents and must further certify that the substitution has no other variant features. The brochure and information submitted shall be clearly marked showing make, model, size, options, and any other features requested by the Engineer and must include sufficient evidence to evaluate each feature listed as a variance. A request will be denied if submitted without sufficient evidence. If after installing the substituted product, an unlisted variance is discovered, the Contractor shall immediately replace the product with a specified product at no increase in contract price and contract time.

**(C)** Substitution Denial. Any substitution request not complying with the above requirements will be denied.

**102.15 Preferences.** Preferences shall not apply to this project.

**102.16** Certification for Safety and Health Program for Bids in excess of \$100,000. In accordance with HRS Chapter 396-18, the bidder or offeror, by signing and submitting this proposal, certifies that a written safety and health plan for this project will be available and implemented by the notice to proceed date for this project. Details of the requirements of this plan may be obtained from the State Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, Occupational Safety and Health Division (HIOSH).

**102.17 Addenda.** Addenda issued shall become part of the contract documents. Addenda to the bid documents will be provided to all prospective bidders via HlePRO. Each addendum shall be an addition to the contract documents. The terms and requirements of the bid documents (i.e., drawings, specifications and other bid and contract documents) cannot be changed prior to the bid opening except by a duly issued addendum."

**END OF SECTION 102** 

1	Make this section a part of the Standard Specifications:					
2 3	"SECTION 103 - AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT					
4 5 6 7 8 9	<b>103.01 Consideration of Proposals.</b> The Department will compare the proposals in terms of the summation of the products of the approximate quantities and the unit bid prices after the submittal date and time established in HlePRO. If a discrepancy occurs between the unit bid price and the bid price, the unit bid price shall govern.					
11 12 13 14	The "Buy America" provisions in the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 is applicable to Federal-aid projects. Bidders may submit a bid based upon the furnishing and use of domestic steel or foreign steel. Manufacturing processes for domestic steel shall occur in the United States.					
15 16 17 18 19	The Department reserves the right to reject proposals, waive technicalities or advertise for new proposals, if the rejection, waiver, or new advertisement favors the Department.					
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<b>103.02 Award of Contract.</b> The award of contract, if it be awarded, will be made within 60 calendar days after the opening of bids, to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder whose proposal complies with all the prescribed requirements. The Department may request the bidders to allow the Department to consider the bids for the issuance of an award beyond the 60-calendar day period. Agreement to such an extension must be made by a bidder in writing. Only bidders who have agreed to such an extension will be eligible for the award.					
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(1) Requirement for Award. The Bidder, as proof of compliance with the requirements of section 103D-310(c), HRS, upon award of a contract made pursuant to section 103D-302, HRS, shall provide the documents listed below. The documents shall be submitted promptly to the Department. If a valid certificate/clearance is not submitted on a timely basis upon award, the Bidder may be deemed non-responsible. See also Subsection 108.03 – Preconstruction Data Submittal.					
36 37 38 39 40 41	(A) Tax Clearance. Pursuant to §103D-310(c), 103-53 and 103D-328, HRS, the bidder shall submit a tax clearance certificate from the State of Hawaii Department of Taxation (DOTAX) and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), subject to section 103D-328, HRS, current within six months of issuance date.					
42 43 44	FORM A6, TAX CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE, is available at the following website:					

https://tax.hawaii.gov/

45

 To receive DOTAX Forms by fax or mail, phone: (808) 587-4242 or 1-800-222-3229.

The application for the Tax Clearance Certificate is the responsibility of the bidder. Bidder shall submit directly to the DOTAX or IRS. The approved certificate may then be submitted to the Department.

**(B) DLIR Certificate of Compliance.** Pursuant to §103D-310(c), HRS, the bidder shall submit a certificate of compliance for Hawaii Employment Security Law (Chapter 383, HRS), Workers' Compensation Law (Chapter 386, HRS), Temporary Disability Insurance (Chapter 392, HRS), and Prepaid Health Care Act (Chapter 393, HRS), from the State of Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR), current within six months of issuance date.

FORM LIR#27, APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 3-122-112, HAR, is available at the following website:

# http://labor.hawaii.gov/

Contact the DLIR Unemployment Insurance Division at (808) 586-8926 for additional information.

Inquiries regarding the status of a LIR#27 Form may be made by calling the DLIR Disability Compensation Division at (808) 586-9200.

The application for the Certificate of Compliance is the responsibility of the bidder. Bidder shall submit directly to the DLIR. The approved certificate may then be submitted to the Department.

- (C) DCCA Certificate of Good Standing. Pursuant to §103D-310(c), HRS, the bidder shall submit a certificate of good standing from the business registration division (BREG) of the State of Hawaii Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs (DCCA), current within six months of issuance date, to demonstrate it is either:
  - (1) Incorporated or organized under the laws of the State; or
  - (2) Registered to do business in the State as a separate branch or division that is capable of fully performing under the contract.

A Hawaii business that is a sole proprietorship, is not required to register with the BREG, and therefore not required to submit a certificate of

92	good	standing. Bidders are advised of costs associated with registering			
93	and c	obtaining a Certificate of Good Standing from the DCCA.			
94					
95		To purchase a CERTIFICATE OF GOOD STANDING, go to On-Line			
96	Servi	ces at the following website:			
97					
98		http://cca.hawaii.gov/			
99					
100		The application for the Certificate of Good Standing is the			
101		onsibility of the bidder. Bidder shall submit directly to the DCCA. The			
102	appro	oved certificate may then be submitted to the Department.			
103	<b>(D)</b>				
104	(D)	Hawaii Compliance Express (HCE). In lieu of the certificates			
105		enced in subsection A, B, and C, the bidder may make available proof			
106		mpliance through a state procurement office designated certification			
107	proce	. <del>.</del> 885.			
108 109	103 03 C	ancellation of Award. The Department reserves the right to cancel			
110		f contracts before the execution of said contract by the parties. There			
111		ability to the awardee and to other bidders.			
112	Will be no ne	ibility to the awarded and to other bladers.			
113	103.04 R	eturn of Proposal Guaranty. The Department will return the proposal			
114		except those of the three lowest bidders, after the Department checks			
115		ls. The Department will return the proposal guaranties of the remaining			
116		bidders, not awarded the contract, within five working days following			
117	the execution of the contract. The Department will return the successful bidder's				
118	proposal guaranty after the successful bidder furnishes a bond and executes the				
119	contract.				
120					
121		equirement of Contract Bond. At the time of execution of the			
122	contract, the	e successful bidder shall file a good and sufficient performance bond			
123		ent bond on the forms furnished by the Department conditioned for the			
124		ful performance of the contract in accordance with the terms and intent			
125	thereof and for the prompt payment to all others for all labor and material furnished				
126	by them to the bidder and used in the prosecution of the work provided for in the				
127	contract. The bonds shall be of an amount equal to 100 percent of the amount of				
128		price and include 5 percent of the contract amount estimated to be			
129		extra work. The bidder shall limit the acceptable performance and			
130	payment bo	nds to the following:			
131	(2)	Logal tandar:			
132	(a)	Legal tender;			
133 134	(b)	Surety bond underwritten by a company licensed to issue bonds in			
134	` '	state of Hawaii; or			
136	uic o	ato of Flawaii, of			
150					

137	(c) A certificate of deposit; share certificate; cashier's check; treasurer's				
138	check, teller's check drawn by or a certified check accepted by and payable				
139	on demand to the State by a bank savings institution or credit union insured				
140	by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the National Credit				
141	Union Administration (NCUA).				
142					
143	<ol> <li>The bidder may use these instruments only to a maximum of</li> </ol>				
144	\$100,000.				
145					
146	<b>2.</b> If the required security or bond amount totals over \$100,000				
147	more than one instrument not exceeding \$100,000 each and issued				
148	by different financial institutions shall be acceptable.				
149					
150	Such bonds shall also by the terms insure to the benefit of any and all				
151	persons entitled to file claims for labor done or material furnished in the work so as				
152	to give them a right of action as contemplated by HRS Section 103D-324.				
153	400.00 - 41 - 64 - 6 - 4 - 7 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4				
154	103.06 Execution of the Contract. The contract bond and HRS Chapter 104				
155	- Compliance Certificate, similar to a copy of the same annexed hereto, shall be				
156	executed by the successful bidder and returned within ten days after the award of the contract or within such further time as the Director may allow after the				
157	of the contract or within such further time as the Director may allow after the bidder has received the contract for execution.				
158	The contract shall not bind the Department unless said parties execute				
159 160	the contract and the Director of Finance endorses the bidder's certificate in				
161	accordance with HRS Section 103-39.				
162	accordance with three cotion 100-00.				
163	103.07 Failure to Execute Contract. Failure to execute the contract and file				
164	acceptable bonds shall be cause for the cancellation of the award in accordance				
165	with Subsection 103.06 - Execution of the Contract. Also, the Contractor forfeits				
166	the proposal guaranty which becomes the property of the Department. This is not				
167	a penalty, but liquidated damages sustained by the State. The Department may				
168	then make award to the next lowest responsible and responsive bidder or the				
169	Department may readvertise and construct the work under contract."				
170					
171					
172					
173					
174	END OF SECTION 103				

billing cycle) or final. The Engineer shall return any documentation that is defective, to the contractor within fifteen days after receipt, with a statement identifying the defect; or

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**(B)** For change orders with value exceeding \$50,000 by a unilateral determination by the Engineer of the costs attributable to the events or situations with adjustment of profit and fee, all as computed by the Engineer in accordance with applicable sections of HAR Chapters 3-123 and 3-126, and Section 109.05 -Allowances for Overhead and Profit. When a unilateral determination has been made, a unilateral change order shall be issued within ten days. Upon receipt of the unilateral change order, if the contractor does not agree with any of the terms or conditions, or the adjustment or non-adjustment of the contract time or contract price, the contractor shall file a notice of intent to claim within thirty days after the receipt of the written unilateral change order. Failure to file a protest within the time specified shall constitute agreement on the part of the contractor with the terms, conditions, amounts, and adjustment or non-adjustment of the contract time or the contract price set forth in the unilateral change order.

A contractor shall be required to submit cost or pricing data if any adjustment in contract price is subject to the provisions of HAR Chapter 3-122, Subchapter 15. A fully executed change order or other document permitting billing for the adjustment in price under any method listed in Subsections 104.06(1) through 104.06(7) shall be issued within ten days after agreement on the method of adjustment."

**END OF SECTION 104** 

**\*\*105.02 Submittals.** The contract contains the description of various items that the Contractor must submit to the Engineer for review and acceptance. The Contractor shall review all submittals for correctness, conformance with the requirements of the contract documents and completeness before submitting them to the Engineer. The submittal shall indicate the contract items and specifications subsections for which the submittal is provided. The submittal shall be legible and clearly indicate what portion of the submittal is being submitted for review. The Contractor shall provide six copies of the required submissions at the earliest possible date."

- (III) Amend Subsection 105.08 (A) Furnishing Drawings and Special Provisions to read as follows:
  - "(A) Furnishing Drawings and Special Provisions. The State will furnish the Contractor an electronic set of the special provisions and plans." The Contractor shall have and maintain at least one set of plans and specifications on the work site, at all times."
- (IV) Amend Subsection 105.14(D) No Designated Storage Area from lines 421 to 432 to read as follows:
  - "(D) No Designated Storage Area. If no storage area is designated within the contract documents, materials and equipment may be stored anywhere within the State highway right-of-way, provided such storage and access to and from such site, within the sole discretion of the Engineer, does not create a public or traffic hazard or an impediment to the movement of traffic."
- **(V)** Amend **105.16(A) Subcontract Requirements** by adding the following paragraph after line 483:

The 'Specialty Items' of work for this project are as follows:

89	Section	Description		
90	No.			
91				
92	401	Contract Item No. 401.0100 under Section 401 – Hot Mix		
93		Asphalt Pavement		
94				
95	606	All Contract Items under Section 606 - Guardrail		
96				
97	623	All Contract Items under Section 623 - Traffic Signal System		
98				
99	629	All Contract Items under Section 629 - Pavement Markings		
100	222	All O 4 4 11 0 11 000 T 15 0 4 1 0 1 1		
101	630	All Contract Items under Section 630 - Traffic Control Guide		
102		Signs		
103	004	All Combined Items and Costion COA Traffic Combine		
104	631	All Contract Items under Section 631 - Traffic Control		
105		Regulatory, Warning, and Miscellaneous Signs		
106 107	632	All Contract Items under Section 632 - Markers		
107	032	All Contract items under Section 032 - Warkers		
108	645	Contract Item No. 645.0100 under Section 645 – Work Zone		
110	040	Traffic Control"		
111		Traine Control		
112	(VI) Amend Su	ibsection 105.16(B) - Substituting Subcontractors from line		
113	487 to line 494 to	` '		
114				
115	"(B) Sub	ostituting Subcontractors. Under HRS Chapter 103D-302, the		
116	Contractor is required to list the names of persons or firms to be engaged			
117	by the Contractor as a subcontractor or joint contractor in the performance			
118	of the contract. No subcontractor may be added or deleted, unless			
119		by the Engineer. Substitutions will be allowed only if the		
120	subcontrac	, ,		
121				
122				
123				
124				
125		END OF SECTION 105		

1	Make the following amendment to said Section:					
2 3 4	SE	SECTION 106 - MATERIAL RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS				
5 6 7	• •	mend <b>106.</b> 0 read as fo		<b>95(B) – Deviation</b> by revising the third sentence from line 106 llows:		
8 9 10		•		II be subject to Subsection 102.14 – Substitution of ipment Before Bid Opening.		
11 12 13	` '	mend <b>Sec</b> he followin		106 – Material Restrictions and Requirements by r line 334		
14 15	106.14	Constru	ction	Materials.		
16 17 18 19 20	m	,		ca requirements apply to the following construction anently incorporated into the project unless otherwise		
21		(1)	Non-	ferrous metals.		
22 23		(2)	Plast	tic and polymer-based products such as:		
24 25			(a)	High Density Polyethylene		
26 27			. ,	Polyvinylchloride.		
28			(b)	Polyvinyichlonde.		
29			(c)	Composite building materials.		
30 31			(d)	Polymers used in fiber optic cables.		
32			. ,	·		
33		(3)	Glas	s (including optic glass).		
34 35		(4)	Fibe	optic cable (including drop cable).		
36 37		(5)	Optio	cal fiber.		
38						
39 40		(6)	Luml	per.		
41		(7)	Engi	neered wood.		
42 43		<b>(9</b> )	Drawall			
43 44		(8)	Diyw	Drywall.		
45		(9)	Manı	Manufactured products containing steel and iron material		
46						

Where one or more of these construction materials have been combined by a manufacturer with other materials through a manufacturing process, Buy America requirements do not apply unless otherwise specified. Furnish construction materials to be incorporated into the work with certificates of compliance with each project delivery. Manufacturer's certificate of compliance must identify where the construction material was manufactured and attest specifically to Buy America compliance. All manufacturing processes for these materials must occur in the United States.

Non-ferrous metals, such as aluminum, copper, lead, nickel, tin, titanium, zinc, brass, and bronze, are subject to Buy America requirements if used as construction materials in various shapes, sizes, and gauges including channels, bars, pipe, couplers, fittings, bolts, nuts, and products made of 100 percent of the non-ferrous metal. If the non-ferrous metal is combined with other construction materials during a manufacturing process, the product is considered a manufactured product and not subject to Buy America requirements.

One hundred percent plastic or polymer materials are subject to Buy America requirements. This includes high-density polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride pipe and fittings. Plastics or polymers that are combined with other construction materials in a manufacturing process are considered a manufactured product and not subject to these requirements.

Glass construction materials subject to Buy America requirements are composed solely of glass. This includes glass beads incorporated into pavement striping and 100 percent Fiberglass material.

Fiber optic cable (including drop cable) and optical fiber are subject to Buy America requirements.

Lumber products including engineered lumber are subject to Buy America requirements.

Manufactured products containing steel or iron including pre-cast concrete products are subject to Buy America requirements.

**END OF SECTION 106** 

Make the following amendments to said Section:

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(I) Amend **Section 107.01 Insurance Requirements** from lines 5 to 81 to read as follows:

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"(A) Obligation of Contractor. Contractor shall not commence any work until it obtains, at its own expense, all required insurance described herein. Such insurance shall be provided by an insurance company authorized by the laws of the State to issue such insurance in the State of Hawaii. Coverage by a "Non-Admitted" carrier is permissible provided the carrier has a Best's Rating of "A-VII" or better. The Contractor shall maintain and ensure all insurance policies are current for the full period of the contract until final acceptance of the work by the State.

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The Certificate of Insurance shall contain: a clause that it is agreed that any insurance maintained by the State of Hawaii will apply in excess of, and not contribute with, insurance provided by this policy; and shall be accompanied by endorsement form CG2010 or equivalent naming the State as an additional insured to the policy which status shall be maintained for the full period of the contract until final acceptance of the work by State.

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The Contractor shall obtain all required insurance as part of the contract price. Where there is a requirement for the State of Hawaii and its officers and employees to be named as additional insureds under any Contractor's insurance policy, before the State of Hawaii issues the Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall obtain and submit to the Engineer a Certificate of Insurance and a written policy endorsement that confirms the State of Hawaii and its officers and employees are additional insureds for the specific State project number and project title under such insurance policies. The written policy endorsement must be issued by the insurance company insuring the Contractor for the specified policy type or by an agent of such insurance company who is vested with the authority to issue a written policy endorsement. The insurer's agent shall also submit written confirmation of such authority to bind the insurer. Any delays in the issuance of the Notice to Proceed attributed to the failure to obtain the proof of the State of Hawaii and its officers and employees' additional insured status shall be charged to the Contractor.

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43 44 A mere Certificate of Insurance issued by a broker who represents the Contractor (but not the Contractor's insurer), or by any other party who is not authorized to contractually name the State as an additional insured under the Contractor's insurance policy, is not sufficient to meet the Contractor's insurance obligations.

Certificates shall contain a provision that coverages being certified will not be cancelled or materially changed without giving the Engineer at least thirty (30) days prior written notice. Contractor will immediately provide written notice to the Director should any of the insurance policies evidenced on its Certificate of Insurance form be cancelled, reduced in scope or coverage, or not renewed upon expiration. Should any policy be canceled before final acceptance of the work by the State, and the Contractor fails to immediately procure replacement insurance as specified, the State, in addition to all other remedies it may have for such breach, reserves the right to procure such insurance and deduct the cost thereof from any money due or to become due to the Contractor.

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Nothing contained in these insurance requirements is to be construed as limiting the extent of Contractor's responsibility for payment of damages resulting from its operations under this contract, including the Contractor's obligation to pay liquidated damages, nor shall it affect the Contractor's separate and independent duty to defend, indemnify and hold the State harmless pursuant to other provisions of this contract. In no instance will the State's exercise of an option to occupy and use completed portions of the work relieve the Contractor of its obligation to maintain the required insurance until the date of final acceptance of the work.

All insurance described herein shall be primary and cover the insured for all work to be performed under the contract, all work performed incidental thereto or directly or indirectly connected therewith, including but not limited to traffic detour work, barricades, warnings, diversions, lane closures, and other work performed outside the work area and all change order work.

The Contractor shall, from time to time, furnish the Engineer, when requested, satisfactory proof of coverage of each type of insurance required covering the work. Failure to comply with the Engineer's request may result in suspension of the work, and shall be sufficient grounds to withhold future payments due the Contractor and to terminate the contract for Contractor's default.

**Types of Insurance.** Contractor shall purchase and maintain insurance described below which shall provide coverage against claims arising out of the Contractor's operations under the contract, whether such operations be by the Contractor itself or by any subcontractor or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable.

(1) Workers' Compensation. The Contractor shall obtain worker's compensation insurance for all persons whom they employ in carrying out the work under this contract. This insurance shall be in strict conformity with the requirements of the most current and

93	applicable State of Hawaii Worker's Compensation Insurance laws		
94	in effect on the date of the execution of this contract and as modified		
95	during the duration of the contract.		
96	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
97	(2) Auto Liability. The Contractor shall obtain Auto Liability		
98	Insurance covering all owned, non-owned and hired autos with a		
99	Combined single Limit of not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence		
100	for bodily injury and property damage with the State of Hawaii named		
101	as additional insured. Refer to SPECIAL CONDITIONS for any		
102	additional requirements.		
103			
104	(3) General Liability. The Contractor shall obtain General		
105	Liability insurance with a limit of not less than \$2,000,000 per		
106	occurrence and in the Aggregates for each of the following:		
107			
108	(a) Products - Completed/Operations Aggregate,		
109			
110	(b) Personal & Advertising Injury, and		
111	(-) D		
112	(c) Bodily Injury & Property Damage		
113	The Consent Liability incomes abolt include the Ctate as an		
114	The General Liability insurance shall include the State as an		
115	Additional Insured. The required limit of insurance may be provided		
116 117	by a single policy or with a combination of primary and excess policies. Refer to SPECIAL CONDITIONS for any additional		
118	requirements.		
119	requirements.		
120	(4) Builders Risk For All Work. The Contractor shall take out		
121	a policy of builder's risk insurance for the full replacement value of		
122	the project work; from a company licensed or otherwise authorized		
123	to do business in the State of Hawaii; naming the State as an		
124	additional insured under each policy; and covering all work, labor,		
125	and materials furnished by such Contractor and all its		
126	subcontractors against loss by fire, windstorm, tsunamis,		
127	earthquakes, lightning, explosion, other perils covered by the		
128	standard Extended Coverage Endorsement, vandalism, and		
129	malicious mischief. Refer to SPECIAL CONDITIONS for any		
130	additional requirements."		
131			
132			
133	END OF SECTION 107		

### "SECTION 108 - PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

**108.01 Notice to Proceed (NTP).** A Notice To Proceed will be issued to the Contractor not more 30 calendar days after the contract certification date. The Engineer may suspend the contract before issuing the Notice To Proceed, in which case the Contractor's remedies are exclusively those set forth in Subsection 108.10 – Suspension of Work.

The Contractor shall be allowed up to 60 calendar days after the Notice to Proceed to begin physical work. The Start Work Date will be established when this period ends or on the actual day that physical work begins, whichever is first. Charging of Contract Time will begin on the Start Work Date. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, at least five working days before beginning physical work.

In the event that the Contractor fails to start physical work within the time specified, the Engineer may terminate the contract in accordance with Subsection 108.11 – Termination of Contract for Cause.

During the period between the Notice to Proceed and the Start Work Date the Contractor should adjust work forces, equipment, schedules, and procure materials and required permits, prior to beginning physical work.

Any physical work done prior to the Start Work Date will be considered unauthorized work. If the Engineer does not direct that the unauthorized work be removed, it shall be paid for after the Start Work Date and only if it is acceptable.

In the event that the Engineer establishes, in writing, a Start Work Date that is beyond 60 calendar days from the Notice to Proceed date, the Contractor may submit a claim in accordance with, Subsection 107.15 – Disputes and Claims for increased labor and material costs which are directly attributable to the delay beyond the first 60 calendar days after the Notice to Proceed date.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours before restarting physical work after a suspension of work pursuant to Subsection 108.10 – Suspension of Work.

Once physical work has begun, the Contractor shall work expeditiously and pursue the work diligently to completion with the contract time. If a portion of the work is to be done in stages, the Contractor shall leave the area safe and usable for the user agency and the public at the end of each stage.

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Initial Progress Schedule (See Subsection 108.06 - Progress (4) Schedule).

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Water Pollution and Siltation Control Submittals, including Site-(5) Specific Best Management Practice Plan.

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(6) Solid Waste Disposal form.

Insurance Rates.

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**(7)** Tax Rates.

documents.

(8)

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(9) Certificate of Insurance, satisfactory to the Engineer, indicating that the Contractor has in place all insurance coverage required by the contract

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Schedule of agreed prices. (10)

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(11) List of suppliers.

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(12) Traffic Control Plan, if applicable. **108.04** Character and Proficiency of Workers. The Contractor shall at all times provide adequate supervision and sufficient labor and equipment for prosecuting the work to full completion in the manner and within the time required by the contract. The superintendent and all other representatives of the Contractor shall act in a civil and honest manner in all dealings with the Engineer, all other State officials and representatives, and the public, in connection with the work.

All workers shall possess the proper license, certification, job classification, skill, training, and experience necessary to properly perform the work assigned to them.

The Engineer may direct the removal of any worker(s) who does not carry out the assigned work in a proper and skillful manner or who is disrespectful, intemperate, violent, or disorderly. The worker shall be removed forthwith by the Contractor and will not work again without the written permission of the Engineer.

#### 108.05 Contract Time.

(A) Calculation of Contract Time. When the contract time is on a working day basis, the total contract time allowed for the performance of the work will be the number of working days shown in the contract plus any additional working days authorized in writing as provided hereinafter. The count of elapsed working days to be charged against contract time, will begin from the Start Work Date and will continue consecutively to the date of Substantial Completion. When multiple shifts are used to perform the work, the State will not consider the hours worked over the normal eight working hours per day or night as an additional working day.

When the contract is on a calendar day basis, the total contract time allowed for the performance of the work will be the number of days shown in the contract plus any additional days authorized in writing as provided hereinafter. The count of elapsed days to be charged against contract time will begin from the Start Work Date and will continue consecutively to the date of Substantial Completion. The Engineer will exclude days elapsing between the orders of the Engineer to suspend work and resume work for suspensions not the fault of the Contractor.

**(B)** Modifications of Contract Time. Whenever the Contractor believes that an extension of contract time is justified, the Contractor shall serve written notice on the Engineer not more than five working days after the occurrence of the event that causes a delay or justifies a contract time extension. Contract time may be adjusted for the following reasons or events, but only if and to the extent the critical path has been affected:

(1) Changes in the Work, Additional Work, and Delays Caused by the State. If the Contractor believes that an extension of time is

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justified on account of any act or omission by the State, and is not adequately provided for in a field order or change order, it must request the additional time as provided above. At the request of the Engineer, the Contractor must show how the critical path will be affected and must also support the time extension request with schedules, as well as statements from its subcontractors, suppliers, or manufacturers, as necessary. Claims for compensation for any altered or additional work will be determined pursuant to Subsection 104.02 – Changes.

Additional time to perform the extra work will be added to the time allowed in the contract without regard to the date the change directive was issued, even if the contract completion date has passed. A change requiring time issued after contract time has expired will not constitute an excusal or waiver of pre-existing Contractor delay.

- (2) Delay for Permits. For delays in the routine application and processing time required to obtain necessary permits, including permits to be obtained from State agencies, the Engineer may grant an extension provided that the permit takes longer than 30 days to acquire and the delay is not caused by the Contractor, and provided that as soon as the delay occurs, the Contractor notifies the Engineer in writing that the permits are not available. Permits required by the contract that take less than 30 days to acquire from the time which the appropriate documents are granted shall be acquired between Notice to Proceed and Start Work Date or accounted for in the contractor's progress schedule. Time extensions will be the exclusive relief granted on account of such delays.
- (3) Delays Beyond Contractor's Control. For delays caused by acts of God, a public enemy, fire, inclement weather days or adverse conditions resulting therefrom, earthquakes, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, labor disputes impacting the Contractor or the State, freight embargoes and other reasons beyond the Contractor's control, the Contractor may be granted an extension of time provided that:
  - (a) In the written notice of delay to the Engineer, the Contractor describes possible effects on the completion date of the contract. The description of delays shall:
    - 1. State specifically the reason or reasons for the delay and fully explain in a detailed chronology how the delay affects the critical path.

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- **2.** Include copies of pertinent documentation to support the time extension request.
- **3.** Cite the anticipated period of delay and the time extension requested.
- **4.** State either that the above circumstances have been cleared and normal working conditions restored as of a certain day or that the above circumstances will continue to prevent completion of the project.
- **(b)** The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing when the delay ends. Time extensions will be the exclusive relief granted and no additional compensation will be paid the Contractor for such delays.
- (4) Delays in Delivery of Materials or Equipment. For delays in delivery of materials or equipment, which occur as a result of unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without fault of the Contractor, its subcontractor(s) or supplier(s), time extensions shall be the exclusive relief granted and no additional compensation will be paid the Contractor on account of such delay. The delay shall not exceed the difference between the originally scheduled delivery date and the actual delivery date. The Contractor may be granted an extension of time provided that it complies with the following procedures:
  - (a) The Contractor's written notice to the Engineer must describe the delays and state the effect such delays may have on the critical path.
  - **(b)** The Contractor, if requested, must submit to the Engineer within five days after a firm delivery date for the material and equipment is established, a written statement regarding the delay. The Contractor must justify the delay as follows:
    - **1.** State specifically all reasons for the delay. Explain in a detailed chronology the effect of the delay on the critical path.
    - 2. Submit copies of purchase order(s), factory invoice(s), bill(s) of lading, shipping manifest(s), delivery tag(s), and any other documents to support the time extension request.

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- **3.** Cite the start and end date of the delay and the time extension requested.
- (5) **Delays for Suspension of Work.** When the performance of the work is totally suspended for one or more days (calendar or working days, as appropriate) by order of the Engineer in accordance with Subsections 108.10(A)(1), 108.10(A)(2), or 108.10(A)(5) the number of days from the effective date of the Engineer's order to suspend operations to the effective date of the Engineer's order to resume operations shall not be counted as contract time and the contract completion date will be adjusted. During periods of partial suspensions of the work, the Contractor will be granted a time extension only if the partial suspension affects the critical path. If the Contractor believes that an extension of time is justified for a partial suspension of work, it must request the extension in writing at least five working days before the partial suspension will affect the critical operation(s) in progress. The Contractor must show how the critical path was increased based on the status of the work and must also support its claim if requested, with statements from its subcontractors. A suspension of work will not constitute a waiver of pre-existing Contractor delay.
- **(6) Contractor Caused Delays.** No time extension will be granted under the following circumstances:
  - (a) Delays within the Contractor's control in performing the work caused by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or any combination thereof.
  - **(b)** Delays within the Contractor's control in arrival of materials and equipment caused by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or any combination thereof, in ordering, fabricating, and delivery.
  - **(c)** Delays requested for changes which do not affect the critical path.

264 265 266 267 268 269	; ; ;	(d) Delays caused by the failure of the Contractor to make submittals in a timely manner for review and acceptance by the Engineer, such as but not limited to shop drawings, descriptive sheets, material samples, and color samples except as covered in Subsection 108.05(B)(3) – Delays Beyond Contractor's Control and 108.05(B)(4) – Delays in Delivery of Materials or
270 271 272 273	( j	Equipment.  (e) Delays caused by the failure to submit sufficient information and data in a timely manner in the proper form in
274 275 276 277	(	order to obtain necessary permits related to the work. <b>(f)</b> Failure to follow the procedure within the time allowed by contract to request a time extension.
278 279 280 281		<b>(g)</b> Failure of the Contractor to provide evidence sufficient to support the time extension request.
282 283 284	of the v	<b>Reduction in Time.</b> If the State deletes or modifies any portion work, an appropriate reduction of contract time may be made rdance with Subsection 104.02 - Changes.
285 286 287	108.06 Progress	Schedules.
288 289 290 291 292	specific comp scheduling so submitted usi	of Schedule. All schedules shall be submitted using the outer program designated in the bid documents. If no such oftware program is designated, then all schedules shall being the latest version of Microsoft Project by Microsoft or ivalent software program.
293 294 295	Schedule sub	mittals shall be as follows:
293 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303	Workir \$2,000 calenda Logic D packag	For Contracts \$2,000,000 or less or For Contract Time 100 ng Days or 140 Calendar Days or Less. For contracts of ,000 or less or for contract time of 100 working days or 140 ar days or less, the progress schedule will be a Time Scaled Diagram (TSLD). The Contractor shall submit a TSLD submittal meeting the following requirements and having these al and distinctive elements:
303 304 305 306 307 308 309	 	(a) The major features of work, such as but not limited to BMP installation, grubbing, roadway excavation, structure excavation, structure construction, shown in the chronological order in which the Contractor proposes to work that feature or work and its location on the project. The schedule shall account for normal inclement weather, unusual soil or other conditions

310	that may influence the progress of the
311	coordination required by any utility, off of
312	and other pertinent factors that relate to
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314	(b) All features listed or not listed in the
315	that the Contractor considers a controllir
316	completion of the contract work.
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318	(c) The time span and sequence of t
319	for each feature, and its in
320	interdependencies in time and logic to d
321	to complete the project.
322	to complete the projecti
323	(d) The total anticipated time necess
324	required by the contract.
325	
326	(e) A chronological listing of critical
327	time periods for features or milestones or
328	timely completion of the project.
329	amely completely of the project
330	(f) Major activities related to the loca
331	(i) major douvidos related to ano reca
332	(g) Non-construction activities, suc
333	acceptance periods for shop draw
334	procurement, testing, fabrication,
335	demobilization or order dates of long lea
336	acmosmization of order dates of long loa
337	(h) Set schedule logic for out of seque
338	logic. In addition, open ends shall be no
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340	(i) Show target bars for all activities.
341	(i) chair ionger sone ion an accurrace
342	(j) Vertical and horizontal sight lines
343	shall be used as well as a separator line
344	Engineer will determine frequency and s
345	,,,,
346	(k) The file name, print date, revision
347	project title and number shall be included
348	p j c
349	(I) Have columns with the appropr
350	activity ID, description, original duration
351	early start, early finish, total float, percen
352	The resource column shall list who is re-
353	to be done in the activity. These column
354	the bar chart.
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work, schedules, and or on site fabrications, progress;

- ne contract documents ng factor for the timely
- the activities or events nterrelationship other features in order
- sary to complete work
- intermediate dates or phases that can affect
- tion on the project.
- ch as submittal and vings and material, mobilization, and d material.
- ence activities to retain n-critical.
- both major and minor between groups. The tyle.
- on number, data and d in the title block.
- iate data in them for n, remaining duration, it complete, resources. sponsible for the work is shall be to the left of

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- (2) For Contracts Which Have A Contract Amount More Than \$2,000,000 Or Having A Contract Time Of More Than 100 Working Days Or 140 Calendar Days. For contracts which have a contract amount more than \$2,000,000 or contract time of more than 100 working days or 140 calendar days, the Contractor shall submit a Timed-Scaled Logic Diagram (TSLD) meeting the following requirements and having these essential and distinctive elements:
  - (a) The information and requirements listed in Subsection 108.06(A)(1) For Contracts \$2,000,000 or Less or For Contract Time 100 Working Days or 140 Calendar Days or Less.
  - **(b)** Additional reports and graphics available from the software as requested by the Engineer.
  - **(c)** Sufficient detail to allow at least weekly monitoring of the Contractor and subcontractor's operations.
  - (d) The time scaled schematic shall be on a calendar or working days basis. What will be used shall be determined by how the contract keeps track of time. It will be the same. Plot the critical calendar dates anticipated.
  - **(e)** Breakdown of activity, such as forming, placing reinforcing steel, concrete pouring and curing, and stripping in concrete construction. Indicate location of work to be done in such detail that it would be easily determined where work would be occurring within approximately 200 feet.
  - (f) Latest start and finish dates for critical path activities.
  - **(g)** Identify responsible subcontractor, supplier, and others for their respective activity.
  - **(h)** No individual activity shall have duration of more than 20 calendar days unless requested and approved by the Engineer.
  - (i) All activities shall have work breakdown structure codes and activity codes. The activity codes shall have coding that incorporates information for phase, location, who is responsible for doing work and type of operation and activity description.
  - (j) Incorporate all physical access and availability restraints.

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- **(B) Inspection and Testing.** All schedules shall provide reasonable time and opportunity for the Engineer to inspect and test each work activity.
- (C) **Engineer's Acceptance of Progress Schedule.** The submittal of. and the Engineer's receipt of any progress schedule, shall not be deemed an agreement to modify any terms or conditions of the contract. Any modifications to the contract terms and conditions that appear in or may be inferred from an acceptable schedule will not be valid or enforceable unless and until the Engineer exercises discretion to issue an appropriate change order. Nor shall any submittal or receipt imply the Engineer's approval of the schedule's breakdown, its individual elements, any critical path that may be shown, nor shall it obligate the State to make its personnel available outside normal working hours or the working hours established by the Contract in order to accommodate such schedule. The Contractor has the risk of all elements (whether or not shown) of the schedule and its execution. No claim for additional compensation, time, or both, shall be made by the Contractor or recognized by the Engineer for delays during any period for which an acceptable progress schedule or an updated progress schedule as required by Subsection 108.06(E) - Contractor's Continuing Schedule Submittal Requirements had not been submitted. Any acceptance or approval of the schedule shall be for general format only and shall not be deemed an agreement by the State that the construction means, methods, resources shown on the schedule will result in work that conforms to the contract requirements or that the sequences or durations indicated are feasible.
- **(D) Initial Progress Schedule.** The Contractor shall submit an initial progress schedule. The initial progress schedule shall consist of the following:
  - (1) Four sets of the TSLD schedule.
  - (2) All the software files and data to re-create the TSLD in a computerized software format as specified by the Engineer.
  - (3) A listing of equipment that is anticipated to be used on the project. Including the type, size, make, year of manufacture, and all information necessary to identify the equipment in the Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment.
  - (4) An anticipated manpower requirement graph plotting contract time and total manpower requirement. This may be superimposed over the payment graph.

447	<b>(5)</b> A Me	thod Statement that is a detailed narrative describing the
448	` ,	done and the method by which the work shall be
449		ed for each major activity. A major activity is an activity
450	that:	-
451		
452	(a)	Has a duration longer than five days.
453	()	riae a daraner feriger mair inte dayer
454	(b)	Is a milestone activity.
455	(2)	is a nimostone douvity.
456	(c)	Is a contract item that exceeds \$10,000 on the contract
457	` '	proposal.
458	0001	ргорози.
459	(d)	Is a critical path activity.
460	(u)	is a critical patit activity.
461	(e)	Is an activity designated as such by the Engineer.
462	( <del>c</del> )	is all activity designated as such by the Engineer.
463	Each	Method Statement shall include the following items
464		alfill the schedule:
465	needed to it	ullii tile soriedule.
	(0)	Quantity type make and model of equipment
466	(a)	Quantity, type, make, and model of equipment.
467	/b)	The manneyer to do the work energifying worker
468	(b)	The manpower to do the work, specifying worker
469	Class	ification.
470	(0)	The production rate new eight hour day, or the working
471	(c)	The production rate per eight hour day, or the working
472		s established by the contract documents needed to meet
473		me indicated on the schedule. If the production rate is not
474	for el	ght hours, the number of working hours shall be indicated.
475	(C) T	
476	` ,	sets of color time-scaled project evaluation and review
477	•	harts ("PERT") using the activity box template of Logic –
478	Early Start of	or such other template designated by the Engineer.
479	16 (1	
480		ct documents establish a sequence or order for the work,
481	the initial progress	schedule shall conform to such sequence or order.
482		
483		's Continuing Schedule Submittal Requirements. After
484	•	of the initial TSLD and when construction starts, the
485		ubmit four plotted progress schedules, two PERT charts,
486	•	construction activities every two weeks (bi-weekly). This
487		dy submittal shall also include an updated version of the
488		n a computerized software format as specified by the
489		bmittal shall have all the information needed to re-create
490		TSLD plot and reports. The bi-weekly submittal shall
491	include, but not lim	ited to, an update of activities based on actual durations,

492 all new activities and any changes in duration or start or finish dates of any activity.

The Contractor shall submit with every update, in report form acceptable to the Engineer, a list of changes to the progress schedule since the previous schedule submittal. The Engineer may change the frequency of the submittal requirements but may not require a submittal of the schedule to be more than once a week. The Engineer may decrease the frequency of the submittal of the bi-weekly schedule.

The Contractor shall submit updates of the anticipated work completion graph, equipment listing, manpower requirement graph or method statement when requested by the Engineer. The Contractor shall submit such updates within 4 calendar days from the date of the request by the Engineer.

The Engineer may withhold progress payment until the Contractor is in compliance with all schedule update requirements

**(F) Float.** All float appearing on a schedule is a shared commodity. Float does not belong to or exist for the exclusive use or benefit of either the State or the Contractor. The State or the Contractor has the opportunity to use available float until it is depleted. Float has no monetary value.

**(G) Scheduled Meetings.** The Contractor shall meet on a bi-weekly basis with the Engineer to review the progress schedule. The Contractor shall have someone attending the meeting that can answer all questions on the TSLD and other schedule related submittals.

(H) Accelerated Schedule; Early Completion. If the Contractor submits an accelerated schedule (shorter than the contract time), the Engineer's review and acceptance of an accelerated schedule does not constitute an agreement or obligation by the State to modify the contract time or completion date. The Contractor is solely responsible for and shall accept all risks and any delays, other than those that can be directly and solely attributable to the State, that may occur during the work, until the contract completion date. The contract time or completion date is established for the benefit of the State and cannot be changed without an appropriate change order or Substantial Completion granted by the State. The State may accept the work before the completion date is established, but is not obligated to do so.

If the TSLD indicates an early completion of the project, the Contractor shall, upon submittal of the schedule, cooperate with the Engineer in explaining how it will be achieved. In addition, the Contractor shall submit the above explanation in writing which shall include the State's part, if any, in achieving the early completion date. Early completion of the project shall not rely on changes to the Contract Documents unless approved by the Engineer.

(I) Contractor Responsibilities. The Contractor shall promptly respond to any inquiries from the Engineer regarding any schedule submission. The Contractor shall adjust the schedule to address directives from the Engineer and shall resubmit the TSLD package to the Engineer until the Engineer finds it acceptable.

The Contractor shall perform the work in accordance with the submitted TSLD. The Engineer may require the Contractor to provide additional work forces and equipment to bring the progress of the work into conformance with the TSLD at no increase in contract price or contract time whenever the Engineer determines that the progress of the work does not insure completion within the specified contract time.

**108.07 Weekly Meeting.** In addition to the bi-weekly schedule meetings, the Contractor shall be available to meet once a week with the Engineer at the time and place as determined by the Engineer to discuss the work and its progress including but not limited to, the progress of the project, potential problems, coordination of work, submittals, erosion control reports, etc. The Contractor's personnel attending shall have the authority to make decisions and answer questions.

The Contractor shall bring to weekly meetings a detailed work schedule showing the next three weeks' work. Number of copies of the detailed work schedule to be submitted will be determined by the Engineer. The three-week schedule is in addition to the TSLD and shall in no way be considered as a substitute for the TSLD or vice versa. The three-week schedule shall show:

(a) All construction events, traffic control and BMP related activities in such detail that the Engineer will be able to determine at what location and type of work will be done for any day for the next three weeks. This is for the State to use to plan its manpower requirements for that time period.

**(b)** The duration of all events and delays.

(c) The critical path clearly marked in red or marked in a manner that makes it clearly distinguishable from other paths and is acceptable to the Engineer.

(d) Critical submittals and requests for information (RFI's).

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621 622 (e) The project title, project number, date created, period the schedule covers, Contractor's name and creator of the schedule on each page.

Two days prior to each weekly meeting, the Contractor shall submit a list of outstanding submittals, RFIs and issues that require discussion.

108.08 Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Work or Portions of the Work on Time. The actual amount of damages resulting from the Contractor's failure to complete the contract in a timely manner is difficult to accurately determine. Therefore, the amount of such damages shall be liquidated damages as set forth herein and in the special provisions. The State may, at its discretion, deduct the amount from monies due or that may become due under the contract.

When the Contractor fails to reach substantial completion of the work for which liquidated damages are specified, within the time or times fixed in the contract or any extension thereof, in addition to all other remedies for breach that may be available to the State, the Contractor shall pay liquidated damages to the State, in the amount of \$3,000.00 per working day.

- **Liquidated Damages Upon Termination.** If the State terminates on (A) account of Contractor's default, liquidated damages may be charged against the defaulting Contractor and its surety until final completion of work.
- Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Punchlist. The (B) Contractor shall complete the work on any punchlist created after the prefinal inspection, within the contract time or any extension thereof.

When the Contractor fails to complete the work on such punchlist within the contract time or any extension thereof, the Contractor shall pay liquidated damages to the State of 20 percent of the amount of liquidated damages established for failure to substantially complete the work within contract time. Liquidated damages shall not be assessed for the period between:

- (1) Notice from the Contractor that the project is substantially complete and the time the punchlist is delivered to the Contractor.
- (2) The date of the completion of punchlist as determined by the Engineer and the date of the successful final inspection, and
- The date of the Final Inspection that results in Substantial Completion and the receipt by the Contractor of the written notice of Substantial Completion.

623	(C) Actua	I Dam	ages Recoverable If Liquidated Damages Deemed
624			the event a court of competent jurisdiction holds that any
625	liquidated da	mages	assessed pursuant to this contract are unenforceable,
626			itled to recover its actual damages for Contractor's failure
627			rk, or any designated portion of the work within the time
628	set by the co		
629	,		
630	108.09 Rental F	ees fo	or Unauthorized Lane Closure or Occupancy. In
631			lies available to the State for Contractor's breach of the
632			Engineer will assess the rental fees in the amount of
633			teen-minute increment for each roadway lane closed to
634			ond the time periods authorized in the contract or by the
635			amount assessed per day shall be \$25,000. The State
636			uct the amount from monies due or that may become due
637	<b>9</b> ·		ental fee may be waived in whole or part if the Engineer
638			horized period of lane closure or occupancy was due to
639			of the Contractor. Equipment breakdown is not a cause
640	to waive liquidated of		
641	to warro ilquidatod t	aumag	
642	108.10 Suspensi	ion of	Work.
643			
644	(A) Suspe	ension	of Work. The Engineer may, by written order, suspend
645	• •		the work, either in whole or in part, for such periods as
646			leem necessary, for any cause, including but not limited
647	to:		······································
648			
649	(1)	Weath	ner or soil conditions considered unsuitable for
650	` '		of the work.
651	P		
652	(2)	When	ever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed
653	` '		/ the Engineer.
654		, ,	, J
655	(3)	Unacc	ceptable noise or dust arising from the construction even
656	` ,		violate any law or regulation.
657			, 3
658	(4)	Failure	e on the part of the Contractor to:
659	( )		•
660		(a)	Correct conditions unsafe for the general public or for
661		the wo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
662			
663		(b)	Carry out orders given by the Engineer.

- **(c)** Perform the work in strict compliance with the provisions of the contract.
- (d) Provide adequate supervision on the jobsite.
- (5) The convenience of the State.
- **(B)** Partial and Total Suspension. Suspension of work on some but not all items of work shall be considered a "partial suspension". Suspension of work on all items shall be considered "total suspension". The period of suspension shall be computed from the date set out in the written order for work to cease until the date of the order for work to resume.
- (C) Reimbursement to Contractor. In the event that the Contractor is ordered by the Engineer in writing as provided herein to suspend all work under the contract for the reasons specified in Subsections 108.10(A)(2), 108.10(A)(3), or 108.10(A)(5) of the "Suspension of Work" paragraph, the Contractor may be reimbursed for actual direct costs incurred on work at the jobsite, as authorized in writing by the Engineer, including costs expended for the protection of the work. An allowance of 5 percent for indirect categories of delay costs will be paid on any reimbursed direct costs, including extended branch and home-office overhead and delay impact costs. No allowance will be made for anticipated profits. Payment for equipment which is ordered to standby during such suspension of work shall be made as described in Subsection 109.06(H) Idle and Standby Equipment.
- **(D) Cost Adjustment.** If the performance of all or part of the work is suspended for reasons beyond the control of the Contractor except an adjustment shall be made for any increase in cost of performance of this contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by such suspension, and the contract modified in writing accordingly.

However, no adjustment to the contract price shall be made for any suspension, delay, or interruption:

- (1) For weather related conditions.
- (2) To the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Contractor.
- (3) Or, for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other provision of this Contract.

**(E)** Claims for Adjustment. Any adjustment in contract price made shall be determined in accordance with Subsections 104.02 – Changes and 104.06 – Methods of Price Adjustment.

Any claims for such compensation shall be filed in writing with the Engineer within 30 days after the date of the order to resume work or the claim will not be considered. The claim shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 107.15(D) – Making of a Claim. The Engineer will take the claim under consideration, may make such investigations as are deemed necessary and will be the sole judge as to the equitability of the claim. The Engineer's decision will be final.

**(F) No Adjustment.** No provision of this clause shall entitle the Contractor to any adjustments for delays due to failure of its surety, the cancellation or expiration of any insurance coverage required by the contract documents, for suspensions made at the request of the Contractor, for any delay required under the contract, for suspensions, either partial or whole, made by the Engineer under Subsection 108.10(A)(4) of the "Suspension of work" paragraph.

## 108.11 Termination of Contract for Cause.

**Default.** If the Contractor refuses or fails to perform the work, or any (A) separable part thereof, with such diligence as will assure its completion within the time specified in this contract, or any extension thereof, or commits any other material breach of this contract, and further fails within seven days after receipt of written notice from the Engineer to commence and continue correction of the refusal or failure with diligence and promptness, the Engineer may, by written notice to the Contractor, declare the Contractor in breach and terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work or the part of the work as to which there has been delay or other breach of contract. In such event, the State may take over the work, perform the same to completion, by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of, and utilize in completing the work, the materials, appliances, and plants as may be on the site of the work and necessary therefore. Whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated, the Contractor and the Contractor's sureties shall be liable for any damage to the State resulting from the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time.

**(B)** Additional Rights and Remedies. The rights and remedies of the State provided in this contract are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law.

**(C)** Costs and Charges. All costs and charges incurred by the State, together with the cost of completing the work under contract, will be deducted

 from any monies due or which would or might have become due to the Contractor had it been allowed to complete the work under the contract. If such expense exceeds the sum which would have been payable under the contract, then the Contractor and the surety shall be liable and shall pay the State the amount of the excess.

In case of termination, the Engineer will limit any payment to the Contractor to the part of the contract satisfactorily completed at the time of termination. Payment will not be made until the work has satisfactorily been completed and all required documents, including the tax clearance required by Subsection 109.11 – Final Payment are submitted by the Contractor. Termination shall not relieve the Contractor or Surety from liability for liquidated damages.

**(D) Erroneous Termination for Cause.** If, after notice of termination of the Contractor's right to proceed under this section, it is determined for any reason that good cause did not exist to allow the State to terminate as provided herein, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as, and the relief afforded the Contractor shall be limited to, the provisions contained in Subsection 108.12 – Termination for Convenience.

### 108.12 Termination For Convenience.

- **(A) Terminations.** The Director may, when the interests of the State so require, terminate this contract in whole or in part, for the convenience of the State. The Director will give written notice of the termination to the Contractor specifying the part of the contract terminated and when termination becomes effective.
- (B) Contractor's Obligations. The Contractor shall incur no further obligations in connection with the terminated work and on the date set in the notice of termination the Contractor shall stop work to the extent specified. The Contractor shall also terminate outstanding orders and subcontracts as they relate to the terminated work. The Contractor shall settle the liabilities and claims arising out of the termination of subcontracts and orders connected with the terminated work subject to the State's approval. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to assign the Contractor's right, title, and interest under terminated orders or subcontracts to the State. The Contractor must still complete the work not terminated by the notice of termination and may incur obligations as necessary to do so.
- **(C) Right to Construction and Goods.** The Engineer may require the Contractor to transfer title and to deliver to the State in the manner and to the extent directed by the Engineer, the following:

798		(1) Any completed work.
799		
800		(2) Any partially completed construction, goods, materials, parts,
801		tools, dies, jigs, fixtures, drawings, information, and contract rights
802		(hereinafter called "construction material") that the Contractor has
803		specifically produced or specially acquired for the performance of the
804		terminated part of this contract.
805		'
806		(3) The Contractor shall protect and preserve all property in the
807		possession of the Contractor in which the State has an interest. If the
808		Engineer does not elect to retain any such property, the Contractor
809		shall use its best efforts to sell such property and construction
810		materials for the State's account in accordance with the standards of
811		HRS Chapter 490:2-706.
812		1110 Onaptor 430.2-700.
813	<b>(D)</b>	Compensation.
814	(D)	Compensation.
		(1) The Centractor shall submit a termination claim appointing the
815		(1) The Contractor shall submit a termination claim specifying the
816		amounts due because of the termination for convenience together with
817		cost or pricing data, submitted to the extent required by HAR
818		Subchapter 15, Chapter 3-122. If the Contractor fails to file a
819		termination claim within one year from the effective date of
820		termination, the Engineer may pay the Contractor, if at all, an amount
821		set in accordance with Subsection 108.12(D)(3).
822		
823		(2) The Engineer and the Contractor may agree to a settlement
824		provided the Contractor has filed a termination claim supported by cost
825		or pricing data submitted as required and that the settlement does not
826		exceed the total contract price plus settlement costs reduced by
827		payments previously made by the State, the proceeds of any sales of
828		construction, supplies, and construction materials under Subsection
829		108.12(C)(3), and the proportionate contract price of the work not
830		terminated.
831		
832		(3) Absent complete agreement, the Engineer will pay the
833		Contractor the following amounts less any payments previously made
834		under the contract:
835		
836		(a) The cost of all contract work performed prior to the
837		effective date of the notice of termination work plus a 5 percent
838		markup on the actual direct costs, including amounts paid to
839		subcontractor, less amounts paid or to be paid for completed
840		·
840 841		portions of such work; provided, however, that if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss if the entire contract
842		
		would have been completed, no markup shall be allowed or
843		included and the amount of compensation shall

844 845			be reduced to reflect the anticipated rate of loss. No anticipated profit or consequential damage will be due or paid.
846 847			(b) Subcontractors shall be paid a markup of 10 percent on
848 849			their direct job costs incurred to the date of termination. No anticipated profit or consequential damage will be due or paid
850			to any subcontractor. These costs must not include payments
8 <b>5</b> 1			made to the Contractor for subcontract work during the contract
852			period.
853			
854			(c) The total sum to be paid the Contractor shall not exceed
855			the total contract price reduced by the amount of any sales of
856			construction supplies, and construction materials.
857			
858		(4)	Cost claimed, agreed to, or established by the State shall be in
859		accor	dance with HAR Chapter 3-123.
860 861	100 12 Dr	a Eina	al and Final Increations
862	108.13 Pr	e-Filla	al and Final Inspections.
863	(A)	Inspe	ection Requirements. Before the Engineer undertakes a final
864	` ,	-	f any work, a pre-final inspection must first be conducted. The
865	•		shall notify the Engineer that the work has reached substantial
866			and is ready for pre-final inspection.
867	·		
868	(B)	Pre-F	<b>Final Inspection.</b> Before notifying the Engineer that the work has
869			stantial completion, the Contractor shall inspect the project and
870			alled items with all of its subcontractors as appropriate. The
871		actor s	shall also submit the following documents as applicable to the
872	work:		
873		/ <b>4</b> \	All written guerantees required by the contract
874 875		(1)	All written guarantees required by the contract.
876		(2)	Two accepted final field-posted drawings as specified in
877		` '	on 648 – Field-Posted Drawings;
878		Cooti	sir o to Triola i coloa Brawnige,
879		(3)	Complete weekly certified payroll records for the Contractor
880		` '	Subcontractors.
881			
882		(4)	Certificate of Plumbing and Electrical Inspection.
883			
884		(5)	Certificate of building occupancy as required.
885			
886		(6)	Certificate of Soil and Wood Treatments.
887		<b>(=</b> )	
888		(7)	Certificate of Water System Chlorination.
889			

890 891	(8) Certificate of Elevator Inspection, Boiler and Pressure Pipe Inspection.
892	•
893	(9) Maintenance Service Contract and two copies of a list of all
894	equipment installed.
895	equipment metameur
896	(10) Current Tax clearance. The contractor will be required to
897	submit an additional tax clearance certificate when the final payment
898	is made.
899	
900	(11) And any other final items and submittals required by the
901	contract documents.
902	
903	(C) Procedure. When in compliance with the above requirements, the
904	Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing that the project has reached
905	substantial completion and is ready for pre-final inspection.
906	outstanding completion and is ready for pre-liner ineposition.
907	The Engineer will then make a preliminary determination as to whether
908	or not the project is substantially complete and ready for pre-final inspection.
909	The Engineer may, in writing, postpone until after the pre-final inspection the
910	Contractor's submittal of any of the items listed in Subsection 108.13(B) –
911	Pre-Final Inspection, herein, if in the Engineer's discretion it is in the interest
912	of the State to do so.
913	of the state to de so.
914	If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the project is not substantially
915	complete, the Engineer will provide the Contractor a punchlist of specific
916	deficiencies in writing which must be corrected or finished before the work
917	will be ready for a pre-final inspection. The Engineer may add to or otherwise
918	modify this punchlist from time to time. The Contractor shall take immediate
919	action to correct the deficiencies and must repeat all steps described above
920	including written notification that the work is ready for pre-final inspection.
921	gg
922	After the Engineer is satisfied that the project appears substantially
923	complete a final inspection shall be scheduled within ten working days after
924	receipt of the Contractor's latest letter of notification that the project is ready
925	for final inspection.
926	
927	If, as a result of the pre-final inspection, the Engineer determines the
928	work is not substantially complete, the Engineer will inform the Contractor in
929	writing as to specific deficiencies which must be corrected before the work
930	will be ready for another pre-final inspection. If the Engineer finds the work
931	is substantially complete but finds deficiencies that must be corrected before
932	the work is ready for final inspection, the Engineer will prepare in writing and
933	deliver to the Contractor a punchlist describing such deficiencies.

At any time before final acceptance, the Engineer may revoke the determination of substantial completion if the Engineer finds that it was not warranted and will notify the Contractor in writing the reasons therefore together with a description of the deficiencies negating the declaration.

When the date of substantial completion has been determined by the State, liquidated damages for the failure to complete the punchlist, if due to the State will be assessed in pursuant to Subsection 108.08(B) - Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Punchlist.

 **(D) Punchlist**; **Clean Up and Final Inspection.** Upon receiving a punchlist after pre-final inspection, the Contractor shall promptly devote all required time, labor, equipment, materials and incidentals to correct and remedy all punchlist deficiencies. The Engineer may add to or otherwise modify this punchlist until substantial completion of the project.

Before final inspection of the work, the Contractor shall clean all ground occupied by the Contractor in connection with the work of all rubbish, excess materials temporary structures and equipment, shall remove all graffiti and defacement of the work and all parts of the work and the worksite must be left in a neat and presentable condition to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Final inspection will occur within ten working days after the Contractor notifies the Engineer in writing that all punchlist deficiencies remaining after the pre-final inspection have been completed and the Engineer concurs. If the Engineer determines that deficiencies still remain at the final inspection, the work will not be accepted and the Engineer will notify the Contractor, in writing, of the deficiencies which shall be corrected and the steps above repeated.

If the Contractor fails to correct the deficiencies and complete the work by the established or agreed date, the State may correct the deficiencies by whatever method it deems appropriate and deduct the cost from any payments due the Contractor.

# 108.14 Substantial Completion and Final Acceptance.

 (A) Substantial Completion. When the Engineer finds that the Contractor has satisfactorily completed all work for the project in compliance with the contract, with the exception of the planting period and the plant establishment period, the Engineer will notify the Contractor, in writing, of the project's substantial completion, effective as of the date of the final inspection. The substantial completion date shall determine end of contract time and relieve contractor of any additional accumulation of liquidated damages for failure to complete the punchlist.

 $\begin{array}{c} 1021 \\ 1022 \end{array}$ 

 **(B) Final Acceptance.** When the Engineer finds that the Contractor has satisfactorily completed all contract work in compliance with the contract including all plant establishment requirements, and all the materials have been accepted by the State, the Engineer will issue a Final Acceptance Letter. The Final Acceptance date shall determine the commencement of all guaranty periods subject to Subsection 108.16 – Contractor's Responsibility for Work; Risk of Loss or Damage.

**108.15 Use of Structure or Improvement.** The State has the right to use the structure, equipment, improvement, or any part thereof, at any time after it is considered by the Engineer as available. In the event that the structure, equipment or any part thereof is used by the State before final acceptance, the Contractor is not relieved of its responsibility to protect and preserve all the work until final acceptance.

108.16 Contractor's Responsibility for Work; Risk of Loss or Damage. Until the written notice of final acceptance has been received, the Contractor shall take every precaution against loss or damage to any part of the work by the action of the elements or from any other cause whatsoever, whether arising from the performance or from the non-performance of the work. The Contractor shall rebuild, repair, restore and make good all loss or damage to any portion of the work resulting from any cause before its receipt of the written notice of final acceptance and shall bear the risk and expense thereof.

The risk of loss or damage to the work from any hazard or occurrence that may or may not be covered by a builder's risk policy is that of the Contractor and Surety, unless such risk of loss is placed elsewhere by express language in the contract documents.

#### 108.17 Guarantee of Work.

- (1) Regardless of, and in addition to, any manufacturers' warranties, all work and equipment shall be guaranteed by the Contractor against defects in materials, equipment or workmanship for one year from the date of final acceptance or as otherwise specified in the contract documents.
- (2) When the Engineer determines that repairs or replacements of any guaranteed work and equipment is necessary due to materials, equipment, or workmanship which are inferior, defective, or not in accordance with the terms of the contract, the Contractor shall, at no increase in contract price or contract time, and within five working days of receipt of written notice from the State, commence to all of the following:
  - (a) Correct all noted defects and make replacements, as directed by the Engineer, in the equipment and work.

- **(b)** Repair or replace to new or pre-existing condition any damages resulting from such defective materials, equipment or installation thereof.
- (3) The State will be entitled to the benefit of all manufacturers and installers warranties that extend beyond the terms of the Contractor's guaranty regardless of whether or not such extended warranty is required by the contract documents. The Contractor shall prepare and submit all documents required by the providers of such warranties to make them effective, and submit copies of such documents to the Engineer. If an available extended warranty cannot be transferred or assigned to the State as the ultimate user, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer who may direct that the warranted items be acquired in the name of the State as purchaser.
- (4) If a defect is discovered during a guarantee period, all repairs and corrections to the defective items when corrected shall be guaranteed for a new duration equal to the original full guarantee period. The running of the guarantee period shall be suspended for all other work affected by any defect. The guarantee period for all other work affected by any such defect shall restart for its remaining duration upon confirmation by the Engineer that the deficiencies have been repaired or remedied.
- (5) Nothing in this section is intended to limit or affect the State's rights and remedies arising from the discovery of latent defects in the work after the expiration of any guarantee period.
- **108.18 No Waiver of Legal Rights.** The following will not operate or be considered as a waiver of any portion of the contract, or any power herein reserved, or any right to damages provided herein or by law:
  - (1) Any payment for, or acceptance of, the whole or any part of the work.
  - (2) Any extension of time.
  - (3) Any possession taken by the Engineer.

A waiver of any notice requirement or of any noncompliance with the contract will not be held to be a waiver of any other notice requirement or any other noncompliance with the contract.

#### 108.19 Final Settlement of Contract.

(A) Closing Requirements. The contract will be considered settled after the project acceptance date and when the following items have been satisfactorily submitted, where applicable:

1072	(1)	All written guarantees required by the contract.
1073		
1074	(2)	Complete and certified weekly payrolls for the Contractor and
1075	its sul	ocontractor's.
1076		
1077	(3)	Certificate of plumbing and electrical inspection.
1078		
1079	(4)	Certificate of building occupancy.
1080		
1081	(5)	Certificate for soil treatment and wood treatment.
1082		
1083	(6)	Certificate of water system chlorination.
1084		
1085	(7)	Certificate of elevator inspection, boiler and pressure pipe
1086	install	ation.
1087		
1088	(8)	Tax clearance.
1089		
1090	(9)	All other documents required by the Contract or by law.
1091		
1092	(B) Failuı	re to Meet Closing Requirements. The Contractor shall meet
1093	the applicab	le closing requirements within 60 days from the date of Project
1094	Acceptance	or the agreed to Punchlist complete date. Should the Contractor
1095	fail to comp	ly with these requirements, the Engineer may terminate the
1096	contract for o	cause."
1097		
1098		
1099		
1100		
1101		END OF SECTION 108

Sums necessary to meet the claims of any governmental agencies
may be withheld from the sums due the Contractor until said claims
have been fully and completely discharged or otherwise satisfied."
END OF SECTION 109

1		SECTION 201 – CLEARING AND GRUBE	BING
2 3 4	Make t	he following amendments to said Section:	
5 6 7	(I)	Amend <b>201.04 – Measurement</b> by revising lines 1 :	67 to 168 to read as
8 9 10	" <b>201.0</b> 4 per squ	<b>Measurement.</b> The Engineer will measure of uare yard in accordance with the contract documents	
11 12 13 14	basis	The Engineer will measure ISA Certified Arborist fee according to Subsection 109.06 – Force Acce ensation."	
15 16	(II)	Amend <b>201.05 – Payment</b> by revising lines 170 to 17	79 to read as follows:
17 18 19 20		<b>Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the ang per square yard. Payment will be full competed in this section and the contract documents.	
21 22 23 24 25 26	basis Compe propos be the	The Engineer will pay for ISA Certified Arborist feed according to Subsection 109.06 – Force According to Subsection 109.06 – Force According to Subsection 109.06 – Force According to Subsection. An estimate amount for the force account also sum shown on the accepted force account records or less than the estimated amount allocated in the pro-	ount Provisions and int is allocated in the amount to be paid will whether this sum be
27 28 29		The Engineer will pay for the following pay item al schedule:	when included in the
30 31 32		Pay Item	Pay Unit
33 34	Clearin	ng and Grubbing	Square Yard
35 36 37	ISA Ce	ertified Arborist	Force Account"
38 39		END OF SECTION 201	

will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:

Pay Item Pay Unit

(A) Roadway Excavation Cubic Yard

The Engineer will pay for:

15 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of (1) obliterating old roadways and hauling.

30 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of **(2)** preparing subgrade.

40 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of placing (3) selected material in final position, rounding of slopes, and using water for compaction.

15 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of (4) disposing of surplus excavation material.

The Engineer will pay for accepted quantities of subexcavation, as roadway excavation at the contract unit price per cubic yard, when ordered by the Engineer, for work prescribed in Subsection 203.03(A)(4) - Subexcavation. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed therein and in the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for accepted quantities of unlined gutter excavation as roadway excavation at the contract unit price per cubic yard, when gutter is located as follows: within median area of a divided highway; and between roadbed shoulder and adjacent cut slope. Payment will be full compensation for removing and disposing of excavated material; backfilling and compacting; and for the work prescribed in the contract documents.

The Engineer will not pay for stockpiling selected material, placing selected material in final position, or placing selected material in windrows along tops of roadway slopes for erosion control work, separately and will consider the cost as included in the unit prices for the various excavation contract pay items. The cost is for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

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The Engineer will not pay for overhaul separately and will consider the cost as included in the unit prices for the various excavation contract pay items. The cost is for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

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93	The Engineer will not pay for embankment separately and will consider the
94	cost as included in the unit price for roadway excavation. The cost is for work
95	prescribed in this section and the contract documents."
96	
97	
98	END OF SECTION 203

Amend Section 209 - TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION CONTROL to read as follows:

"SECTION 209 - TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION CONTROL

**209.01 Description.** This section describes the following:

- (A) Including detailed plans, diagrams, and written Site-Specific Best Management Practices (BMP); constructing, maintaining, and repairing temporary water pollution, dust, and erosion control measures at the project site, including local material sources, work areas and haul roads; removing and disposing hazardous wastes; control of fugitive dust (defined as uncontrolled emission of solid airborne particulate matter from any source other than combustion); and complying with applicable State and Federal permit conditions.
- **(B)** Work associated with construction stormwater, dewatering, and hydrotesting activities and complying with conditions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit(s) authorizing discharges associated with construction stormwater, dewatering, and hydrotesting activities.
- **(C)** Potential pollutant identification and mitigation measures are listed in Appendix A for use in the development of the Contractor's Site-Specific BMP.

Requirements of this section also apply to construction support activities including concrete or asphalt batch plants, rock crushing plants, equipment staging yards/areas, material storage areas, excavated material disposal areas, and borrow areas located outside the State Right-of-Way. For areas serving multiple construction projects, or operating beyond the completion of the construction project in which it supports, the Contractor shall be responsible for securing the necessary permits, clearances, and documents, and following the conditions of the permits and clearances, at no cost to the State.

- **209.02 Materials**. Comply with applicable materials described in Chapters 2 and 3 of the current HDOT "Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual". In addition, the materials shall comply with the following:
  - **(A) Grass.** Grass shall be a quick growing species such as rye grass, Italian rye grass, or cereal grasses. Grass shall be suitable to the area and provide a temporary cover that will not compete later with permanent cover. Alternative grasses are allowable if acceptable to the Engineer.

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- **(B) Fertilizer and Soil Conditioners.** Fertilizer and soil conditioners shall be a standard commercial grade acceptable to the Engineer. Fertilizer shall conform to Subsection 619.02(H)(1) Commercial Fertilizer.
- **Hydro-mulching**. Hydro-mulching used as a temporary vegetative (C) stabilization measure shall consist of materials in Subsections 209.02(A) -Grass, and 209.02(B) - Fertilizer and Soil Conditioners. Mulches shall be recycled materials including bagasse, hay, straw, wood cellulose bark, wood chips, or other material acceptable to the Engineer. Mulches shall be clean and free of noxious weeds and deleterious materials. Potable water shall meet the requirements of Subsection 712.01 - Water. Submit alternate sources of irrigation water for the Engineer's acceptance if deviating from 712.01 - Water. Installation and other requirements shall be in accordance with portions of Section 641- Hydro-Mulch Seeding including 641.02(D) - Soil and Mulch Tackifier, 641.03(A) – Seeding, and 641.03(B) - Planting Period. Install non-vegetative controls including mulch or rolled erosion control products while the vegetation is being established. Water and fertilize grass. Apply fertilizer as recommended by the manufacturer. Replace grass the Engineer considers unsuitable or sick. Remove and dispose of trash and debris. Remove invasive species. Mow as needed to prevent site or signage obstructions, fire hazard, or nuisance to the public. Do not remove down stream sediment control measures until the vegetation is uniformly established, including no large bare areas, and provides 70 percent of the density of pre-disturbance vegetation. Temporary vegetative stabilization shall not be used longer than one year.
- **(D) Silt Fences.** Comply with ASTM D6462, Standard Practice for Silt Fence Installation.

Alternative materials or methods to control, prevent, remove and dispose pollution are allowable if acceptable to the Engineer.

#### 209.03 Construction.

- (A) Preconstruction Requirements.
  - (1) Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Meeting. Schedule a water pollution, dust, and erosion control meeting with the Engineer after Site-Specific BMP is accepted in writing by the Engineer. Meeting shall be scheduled a minimum of 7 calendar days prior to the Start Work Date. Discuss sequence of work, plans and proposals for water pollution, dust, and erosion control.

` '		on, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals.
Submit a Site	e-Specifi	ic BMP Plan within 21 calendar days of date of
		of complete and acceptable Site-Specific BMP
Plan is the so	ole respo	onsibility of the Contractor and additional contract
time will not l	be issue	d for delays due to incompleteness. Include the
following:		
_		
(a)	Written	description of activities to minimize water
polluti	on and s	soil erosion into State waters, drainage or sewer
syster	ns. BMF	P shall include the following:
-		_
	1. A	An identification of potential pollutants and their
	sources	 S.
	<b>2.</b> A	A list of all materials and heavy equipment to be
		uring construction.
	<b>3</b> . [	Descriptions of the methods and devices used to
		e the discharge of pollutants into State waters,
		e or sewer systems.
	Ū	•
	<b>4</b> . [	Details of the procedures used for the
		nance and subsequent removal of any erosion or
		control devices.
	<b>5</b> . N	Methods of removing and disposing hazardous
		encountered or generated during construction.
		3
	<b>6.</b> N	Methods of removing and disposing concrete and
		pavement cutting slurry, concrete curing water,
		drodemolition water.
	,	
	7.	Spill Control and Prevention and Emergency Spill
		ise Plan.
	•	
	<b>8.</b> F	Fugitive dust control, including dust from grinding,
		ng, or brooming off operations or combination
	thereof.	
	<b>9</b> . N	Methods of storing and handling of oils, paints
		er products used for the project.
		. ,
	<b>10</b> . N	Material storage and handling areas, and other
	staging	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	5 5	
	11.	Concrete truck washouts.
	Submit a Site award. Sub Plan is the so time will not following:  (a) polluti	Submit a Site-Specific award. Submission Plan is the sole respectime will not be issue following:  (a) Written pollution and a systems. BMF  1. A sources  2. A used du  3. I minimize drainag  4. I mainter siltation  5. I wastes  6. I asphalt and hyd  7. Serve por serve per siltation  8. Fespore  9. I and oth  10. I staging

136 137	12. Concrete waste control.
137 138 139	<b>13.</b> Fueling and maintenance of vehicles and other equipment.
140 141 142	14. Tracking of sediment offsite from project entries and exits.
143 144	<b>15.</b> Litter management.
145 146 147	<b>16.</b> Toilet facilities.
148 149	17. Other factors that may cause water pollution, dus and erosion control.
150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163	(b) Provide plans indicating location of water pollution, dust and erosion control devices; provide plans and details of BMPs to be installed or utilized; show areas of soil disturbance in cur and fill, indicate areas used for construction staging and storage including items (1) through (17) above, storage or aggregate (indicate type of aggregate), asphalt cold mix, soil or solid waste, equipment and vehicle parking, and show areas where vegetative practices are to be implemented. Indicate intended drainage pattern on plans. Include flow arrows Include separate drawing for each phase of construction that alters drainage patterns. Indicate approximate date when device will be installed and removed.
164 165	(c) Construction schedule.
166 167 168 169 170	(d) Name(s) of specific individual(s) designated responsible for water pollution, dust, and erosion controls on the projec site. Include home, cellular, and business telephone numbers fax numbers, and e-mail addresses.
171 172	(e) Description of fill material to be used.
173 174 175 176	(f) For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction Activities, submit information to address all sections in the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP).
177 178 179 180	(g) For projects with an NPDES Permit, information required for compliance with the conditions of the Notice of Genera Permit Coverage (NGPC)/NPDES Permit.
100	

(h) Site-Specific BMP Review Checklist. The checklist may be downloaded from HDOT's Stormwater Management website at http://stormwaterhawaii.com.

Date and sign Site-Specific BMP Plan. Keep accepted copy on site or at an accessible location so that it can be made available at the time of an on-site inspection or upon request by the Engineer, HDOT Third-Party Inspector, and/or DOH/EPA Representative. Amendments to the Site-Specific BMP Plan shall be included with original Site-Specific BMP Plan. Modify SWPPP if necessary to conform to revisions. Include date of installation and removal of Site-Specific BMP measures. Obtain written acceptance by the Engineer before implementing revised Site-Specific BMPs in the field.

Follow the guidelines in the current HDOT "Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual", in developing, installing, and maintaining Site-Specific BMPs for all projects. For any conflicting requirements between the Manual and applicable bid documents, the applicable bid documents will govern. Should a requirement not be clearly described within the applicable bid documents, notify the Engineer immediately for interpretation. For the purposes of clarification "applicable bid documents" include the construction plans, standard specifications, special provisions, Permits, and the SWPPP when applicable.

Follow Honolulu's City and County "Rules for Soil Erosion Standards and Guidelines" for all projects on Oahu. Use respective Soil Erosion Guidelines for Maui, Kauai and Hawaii projects.

**(B)** Construction Requirements. Do not begin work until submittals detailed in Subsection 209.03(A)(2) - Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals are completed and accepted in writing by the Engineer.

Install, maintain, monitor, repair and replace site-specific BMP measures, such as for water pollution, dust and erosion control; installation, monitoring, and operation of hydrotesting activities; removal and disposal of hazardous waste indicated on plans, concrete cutting slurry, concrete curing water; or hydrodemolition water. Site-Specific BMP measures shall be in place, functional and accepted by HDOT personnel prior to initiating any ground disturbing activities.

If necessary, furnish and install rain gage in a secure location prior to field work including installation of site-specific BMP. Provide rain gage with a tolerance of at least 0.05 inches of rainfall. Install rain gage on project site in an area that will not deter rainfall from entering the gate opening. Do not install in a location where rain water may splash into rain gage. The rain gage installation shall be stable and plumbed. Maintain rain gage and replace rain gage that is stolen, does not function properly or accurately, is worn out, or needs to be relocated. Do not begin field work until rain gage is installed and Site-Specific BMPs are in place. Rain gage data logs shall be readily available. Submit rain gage data logs weekly to the Engineer.

Address all comments received from the Engineer.

Modify and resubmit plans and construction schedules to correct conditions that develop during construction which were unforeseen during the design and pre-construction stages.

Coordinate temporary control provisions with permanent control features throughout the construction and post-construction period.

Limit maximum surface area of earth material exposed at any time to 300,000 square feet. Do not expose or disturb surface area of earth material (including clearing and grubbing) until BMP measures are installed and accepted in writing by the Engineer. Protect temporarily or permanently disturbed soil surface from rainfall impact, runoff and wind before end of the work day.

Immediately initiate stabilizing exposed soil areas upon completion of earth disturbing activities for areas permanently or temporarily ceased on any portion of the site. Earth-disturbing activities have permanently ceased when clearing and excavation within any area of the construction site that will not include permanent structures has been completed. Earth-disturbing activities have temporarily ceased when clearing, grading, and excavation within any area of the site that will not include permanent structures will not resume for a period of 14 or more calendar days, but such activities will resume in the future. The term "immediately" is used in this section to define the deadline for initiating stabilization measures. "Immediately" means as soon as practicable, but no later than the end of the next work day, following the day when the earth-disturbing activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction activities:

268	(1) For construction areas discharging into waters not impaired for
269	nutrients or sediments, complete initial stabilization within 14 calendar
270	days after the temporary or permanent cessation of earth-disturbing
271	activities.
272	
273	(2) For construction areas discharging into nutrient or sediment
274	impaired waters, complete initial stabilization within 7 calendar days
275	after the temporary or permanent cessation of earth-disturbing
276	activities.
277	
278	For projects without an NPDES Permit for Construction activities,
279	complete initial stabilization within 14 calendar days after the temporary or
280	permanent cessation of earth-disturbing activities.
281	permanent dessation of earth-distarbing activities.
282	Any of the following types of activities constitutes initiation of
283	stabilization:
284	Stabilization.
285	(1) Propring the soil for vegetative or non vegetative etabilization:
286	(1) Prepping the soil for vegetative or non-vegetative stabilization;
	(2) Applying mulab or other pen vegetative product to the expected
287	(2) Applying mulch or other non-vegetative product to the exposed
288	area;
289	
290	(3) Seeding or planting the exposed area;
291	(4) Charting any of the participation in items (4) (2) above an amount on
292	(4) Starting any of the activities in items (1) – (3) above on a portion
293	of the area to be stabilized, but not on the entire area; and
294	
295	(5) Finalizing arrangements to have stabilization product fully
296	installed in compliance with the deadline for completing initial
297	stabilization activities.
298	
299	Any of the following types of activities constitutes completion of initial
300	stabilization activities:
301	
302	(1) For vegetative stabilization, all activities necessary to initially
303	seed or plant the area to be stabilized; and/or
304	
305	(2) For non-vegetative stabilization, the installation or application
306	of all such non-vegetative measures.
307	
308	If the Contractor is unable to meet the deadlines above due to
309	circumstances beyond the Contractor's control, and the Contractor is using
310	vegetative cover for temporary or permanent stabilization, the Contractor
311	may comply with the following stabilization deadlines instead as agreed to by
312	the Engineer:
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- (1) Immediately initiate, and complete within the timeframe shown above, the installation of temporary non-vegetative stabilization measures to prevent erosion;
- (2) Complete all soil conditioning, seeding, watering or irrigation installation, mulching, and other required activities related to the planting and initial establishment of vegetation as soon as conditions or circumstances allow it on the site; and
- (3) Notify and provide documentation to the Engineer the circumstances that prevent the Contractor from meeting the deadlines above for stabilization and the schedule the Contractor will follow for initiating and completing initial stabilization and as agreed to by the Engineer.

Follow the applicable requirements of the specifications and special provisions including Section 619 Planting and Section 641 Hydro-Mulch Seeding.

Immediately after seeding or planting the area to be vegetatively stabilized, to the extent necessary to prevent erosion on the seeded or planted area, select, design, and install non-vegetative erosion controls that provide cover (e.g., mulch, rolled erosion control products) to the area while vegetation is becoming established.

Protect exposed or disturbed surface area with mulches, grass seeds or hydromulch. Spray mulches at a rate of 2,000 pounds per acre. Add tackifier to mix at a rate of 85 pounds per acre. Apply grass seeds at a rate of 125 pounds per acre. For hydromulch, use the ingredients and rates required for mulches and grass seeds. Submit recommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the application rates above.

Apply fertilizer to mulches, grass seed or hydromulch per manufacturer's recommendations. Submit recommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the manufacturer's recommendations.

Install velocity dissipation measures when exposing erodible surfaces greater than 15 feet in height.

BMP measures shall be in place and operational at the end of work day or as required by Section 209.03(B) Construction Requirements.

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Install and maintain either or both stabilized construction entrances and wheel washes to minimize tracking of dirt and mud onto roadways. Restrict traffic to stabilized construction areas only. Clean dirt, mud, or other material tracked onto the road, sidewalk, or other paved area by the end of the same day in which the track-out occurs. Modify stabilized construction entrances to prevent mud from being tracked onto road. Stabilize entire access roads if necessary.

Chemicals may be used as soil stabilizers for either or both erosion and dust control if acceptable to the Engineer.

Provide temporary slope drains of rigid or flexible conduits to carry runoff from cuts and embankments. Provide portable flume at the entrance. Shorten or extend temporary slope drains to ensure proper function.

Protect ditches, channels, and other drainageways leading away from cuts and fills at all times by either:

- (1) Hydro-mulching the lower region of embankments in the immediate area.
- (2) Installing check dams and siltation control devices.
- (3) Other methods acceptable to the Engineer.

Provide for controlled discharge of waters impounded, directed, or controlled by project activities or erosion control measures.

Cover exposed surface of materials completely with tarpaulin or similar device when transporting aggregate, soil, excavated material or material that may be source of fugitive dust.

Cleanup and remove any pollutant that can be attributed to the Contractor.

Install or modify Site-Specific BMP measures due to change in the Contractor's means and methods, or for omitted condition that should have been allowed for in the accepted Site-Specific BMP or a Site-Specific BMP that replaces an accepted Site-Specific BMP that is not satisfactorily performing. Modifications to Site-Specific BMP measures shall be accepted in writing by the Engineer prior to implementation.

Properly maintain all Site-Specific BMP measures.

For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction Activities:

404	<b>(1)</b> For co	enstruction areas discharging into nutrient or sediment		
405	• •	impaired waters, inspect, prepare a written report, and make repairs		
406	•	ures at the following intervals:		
407		ŭ		
408	(a)	Weekly.		
409	( )	•		
410	(b)	Within 24 hours of any rainfall of 0.25 inch or greater		
411		occurs in a 24-hour period.		
412		•		
413	(c)	When existing erosion control measures are damaged		
414	• •	operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP.		
415				
416	<b>(2)</b> For co	nstruction areas discharging to waters not impaired for		
417	` ,	sediments, inspect, prepare a written report, and make		
418		P measures at the following intervals:		
419	7 5 p 3 m 2 m 2 m			
420	(a)	Weekly.		
421	(-,	,		
422	(b)	When existing erosion control measures are damaged		
423		operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP.		
424				
425	For projects	without an NPDES Permit for Construction activities,		
426		ritten report, and make repairs to BMP measures at the		
427	following intervals:			
428				
429	(a)	Weekly.		
430	(/	<b>,</b>		
431	(b)	When existing erosion control measures are damaged		
432		operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP.		
433				
434	Temporarily r	remove, replace or relocate any Site-Specific BMP that		
435		eplaced or relocated due to potential or actual flooding,		
436		or damage to project or public.		
437	p	a damage to project of passion		
438	Maintain reco	ords of inspections of Site-Specific BMP work. Keep		
439		for duration of the project. Submit copy of Inspection		
440		eer within 24 hours after each inspection.		
441	report to the English	Within 21 Hours and Such moposition.		
442	The Contract	or's designated representative specified in Subsection		
443		I address any Site-Specific BMP deficiencies brought up		
444		mmediately, including weekends and holidays, and		
445		the deficiencies by the close of the next work day if the		
445 446	•	quire significant repair or replacement, or if the problem		
440 447		rough routine maintenance. Address any Site-Specific		
447		rought up by the State's Third-Party Inspector in the		
		• , ,		
449	uniename above of	as specified in the Consent Decree or MS4 NPDES		

Permit, whichever is more stringent. The Consent Decree timeframe requirement applies statewide. The MS4 NPDES Permit only applies to Oahu. In this section, "immediately" means the Contractor shall take all reasonable measures to minimize or prevent discharge of pollutants until a permanent solution is installed and made operational. If a problem is identified at a time in the day in which it is too late to initiate repair, initiation of repair shall begin on the following work day. When installation of a new pollution prevention control or a significant repair is needed, complete installation or repair no later than 7 calendar days from the time of notification/Contractor discovery. Notify the Engineer and document why it is infeasible to complete the installation or repair within 7 calendar days and complete the work as soon as practicable and as agreed to by the Engineer. Address Site-Specific BMP deficiencies discovered by the Contractor within the timeframe above. The Contractor's failure to satisfactorily address these Site-Specific BMP deficiencies, the Engineer reserves the right to employ outside assistance or use the Engineer's own labor forces to provide necessary corrective measures. The Engineer will charge the Contractor such incurred costs plus any associated project engineering costs. The Engineer will make appropriate deductions from the Contractor's monthly progress estimate. Failure to apply Site-Specific BMP measures may result in one or more of the following: assessment of liquidated damages, suspension, or cancellation of Contract with the Contractor being fully responsible for all additional costs incurred by the State.

(C) Discharges of Storm Water Associated with Construction Activities. If work includes disturbance of one acre or more, an NPDES Permit authorizing Discharges of Storm Water Associated with Construction Activity (CWB-NOI Form C) or Individual Permit authorizing storm water discharges associated with construction activity is required from the Department of Health Clean Water Branch (DOH-CWB).

Do not begin construction activities until all required conditions of the permit are met and submittals detailed in Subsection 209.03(A)(2) – Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals are completed and accepted in writing by the Engineer.

**(D) Discharges Associated with Hydrotesting Activities.** If hydrotesting activities require effluent discharge into State waters or drainage systems, an NPDES Hydrotesting Waters Permit (CWB-NOI Form F) or Individual Permit authorizing discharges associated with hydrotesting from DOH-CWB is required from the DOH-CWB.

Do not begin hydrotesting activities until the DOH-CWB has issued an Individual NPDES Permit or Notice of General Permit Coverage (NGPC). Conduct Hydrotesting operations in accordance with the conditions of the permit or NGPC.

496	(E) Discharges Associated with Dewatering Activities	s. If dewatering
497	activities require effluent discharge into State waters or drain	age systems, an
498	NPDES Dewatering Permit (CWB-NOI Form G) or In	dividual Permit
499	authorizing discharges associated with dewatering from	DOH-CWB is
500	required from the DOH-CWB.	
501		
502	Do not begin dewatering activities until the DOH-CW	B has issued an
503	Individual NPDES Permit or Notice of General Permit Cov	verage (NGPC).
504	Conduct dewatering operations in accordance with the conductations	onditions of the
505	permit or NGPC.	
506		
507	<b>(F) Solid Waste.</b> Submit the Solid Waste Disclo	sure Form for
508	Construction Sites to the Engineer within 21 calendar days of	of date of award.
509	Provide a copy of all the disposal receipts from the facility	
510	Department of Health to receive solid waste to the Enginee	
511	should also include documentation from any intermediary fac-	cility where solid
512	waste is handled or processed, or as directed by the Engine	er.
513		
514	(G) Construction BMP Training. The Contractor's	•
515	responsible for development of the Site-Specific B	
516	implementation of Site-Specific BMPs in the field shall at	
517	Construction Best Management Practices Training. The	Contractor shall
518	keep training logs updated and readily available.	
519	000.04	
520	209.04 Measurement.	
521 522	(A) Installation, maintenance, monitoring, and removal of	BMD will be paid
523	on a lump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not ap	•
524	on a fump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not ap	piy.
525	(B) The Engineer will only measure additional water po	llution dust and
526	erosion control required and requested by the Engineer on	•
527	basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 – Force Accoun	
528	Compensation.	ti iovisions and
529	Componication.	
530	209.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for accepted pay items	s listed below at
531	contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Pay	
532	compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract docu	
533	'	
534	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items w	hen included in
535	proposal schedule:	
536		
537	Pay Item	Pay Unit
538		-
539	Installation, Maintenance, Monitoring, and Removal of BMP	Lump Sum
540		
541	Payment for all work prescribed in this section includes	ding submittals,

sampling, testing, reporting, dust control measures, installation, maintenance, monitoring, implementation of the SWPPP, and removal of BMPs shall be paid for under the lump sum pay item shown in the proposal schedule. This includes payment for: installation or modification of Site-Specific BMP measures due to changes in the Contractor's means and methods, omitted conditions that should have been allowed for in the Contractor's accepted SWPPP, Site-Specific BMP repairs, or replacement of an accepted Site-Specific BMP that is not satisfactorily performing.

### Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control

Force Account

An estimated amount for force account is allocated in the proposal schedule under 'Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control', but the actual amount to be paid will be the sum shown on accepted force account records, whether this sum is more or less than estimated amount allocated in proposal schedule. The Engineer will pay for BMP measures requested by the Engineer that are beyond the scope of the original contract work on a force account basis.

No progress payment will be authorized until the Engineer accepts in writing Site-Specific BMP or when the Contractor fails to maintain project site in accordance with accepted BMP.

For all citations or fines received by the Department for non-compliance, including compliance with NPDES Permit conditions, the Contractor shall reimburse State within 30 calendar days for full amount of outstanding cost the State has incurred, or the Engineer will deduct cost from progress payment.

The Engineer will not pay for work to repair or compensate for damages caused by dust or water.

The Engineer may assess liquidated damages up to \$27,500 per day for non-compliance of each BMP requirement and all other requirements in this section in accordance with HDOT's Enforcement Response Plan.

An estimated amount for force account is allocated in proposal schedule under 'Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control', but actual amount to be paid will be the sum shown on accepted force account records, whether this sum be more or less than estimated amount allocated in proposal schedule. The Engineer will pay for BMP measures requested by the Engineer that are beyond scope of accepted Site-Specific BMP on a force account basis.

No progress payment will be authorized until the Engineer accepts in writing Site-Specific BMP or when the Contractor fails to maintain project site in accordance with accepted BMP.

For all citations or fines received by the Department for non-compliance, including compliance with NPDES Permit conditions, the Contractor shall reimburse State within 30 calendar days for full amount of outstanding cost State has incurred, or the Engineer will deduct cost from progress payment.

 The Engineer will assess liquidated damages up to \$27,500 per day for non-compliance of each BMP requirement and all other requirements in this section.

## Appendix A

The following list identifies potential pollutant sources and corresponding BMPs used to mitigate the pollutants. Each BMP is referenced to the corresponding section of the current HDOT Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual or appropriate Supplemental Sheets. The Manual may be obtained from the HDOT Statewide Stormwater Management Program Website at <a href="http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/contractors-and-consultants/">http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/contractors-and-consultants/</a> under Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual. Supplemental BMP sheets are located at <a href="http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/contractors-and-consultants/storm-water-pollution-prevention-plan-swppp/">http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/contractors-and-consultants/storm-water-pollution-prevention-plan-swppp/</a> under Concrete Curing and Irrigation Water.

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Construction debris, green waste, general litter	<ul> <li>Separate contaminated clean up materials from construction and demolition (C&amp;D) wastes.</li> <li>Provide waste containers (e.g., dumpster or trash receptacle) of sufficient size and number to contain construction and domestic wastes.</li> <li>Inspect construction waste and recycling areas regularly.</li> <li>Schedule solid waste collection regularly.</li> <li>Schedule recycling activities based on construction/demolition phases.</li> <li>Empty waste containers weekly or when they are two-thirds full, whichever is sooner.</li> <li>Do not allow containers to overflow. Clean up immediately if they do.</li> <li>On work days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers.</li> <li>See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6 for additional requirements.</li> <li>Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable.</li> <li>Collect and dispose of all waste materials in trash dumpsters. Place dumpsters, with secure watertight lids, away from storm water conveyances and drains, in a covered materials storage area.</li> <li>Dispose of construction and non- construction solid waste in accordance with State DOH regs.</li> <li>Load removed non- recyclable vegetation directly onto trucks; cover and transport to a licensed facility</li> </ul>	See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6. Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable.

Materials associated with the operation and maintenance facilities, and fueling sites when practical.  • Designate bermed wash area if cleaning on site is necessary.  • Place drip pans or drop cloths under vehicles and equipment to absorb spills or leaks.  • Provide an ample supply of readily available spill cleanup materials.  • Clean up spills immediately, using dry cleanup methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly.  • Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down.  • Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a continuation of an ongoing discharge.  • Inspect on-site vehicles and equipment regularly and immediately repair leaks.  • Requirements  See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning, Maintenance, and Refueling, Sections SM-11, SM-12, and SM-13, and Material  Storage and Handling, Section SM-2, and Spill Prevention and Control SM-10.
associated with the operation and maintenance facilities, and fueling sites when practical.  • Designate bermed wash area if cleaning on site is necessary.  • Place drip pans or drop cloths under vehicles and equipment to absorb spills or leaks.  • Provide an ample supply of readily available spill cleanup materials.  • Clean up spills immediately, using dry cleanup methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly.  • Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down.  • Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a continuation of an ongoing discharge.  • Inspect on-site vehicles and equipment regularly and immediately repair leaks.  • Regularly inspect fueling areas and storage tanks.  • Train employees on proper maintenance and spill practices and procedures and fueling and cleanup procedures.  • Store diesel fuel, oil, hydraulic fluid, or other petroleum products or other chemicals in water-
tight containers and provide cover or secondary containment.  • Do not remove original product labels and comply with manufacturer's labels for proper disposal.  • Dispose of containers only after all the product has been used.  • Dispose of or recycle oil or oily wastes according to Federal, State, and Local requirements.  • Store soaps, detergents, or solvents under cover or other means to prevent contact with rainwater.

Pollutont	Appropriate Site Specific BMD to be	DMD
	•	-
Pollutant Source  Soil erosion from the disturbed areas	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented  Provide Soil Stabilization, Slope Protection, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers, Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds, Check Dams SC-3, Level Spreader EC-6, Paving Operations SM-20, Construction Roads and Parking Area Stabilization SC-10, Controlling Storm Water Flowing Onto and Through the Project, Post-Construction BMPs, and Non-Structural BMPs (Construction BMP Training SM-1, Scheduling SM-14, Location of Potential Sources of Sediment SM-15, Preservation of Existing Vegetation SM-17).  Delineate, and clearly mark off, with flags, tape, or other similar marking device all natural buffer areas defined in the SWPPP.  Preserve native topsoil where practicable.  In areas where vegetative stabilization will occur, restrict vehicle/equipment use in areas to avoid soil compaction or condition soil to promote vegetative growth.  For Storm Drain Inlet Protection, clean, or remove and replace, the protection measures as sediment accumulates, the filter becomes clogged, and/or performance is compromised.  Where there is evidence of sediment accumulation adjacent to the inlet protection measure, remove the deposited sediment by the end of the same day in which it is found or by the end of the following work day if removal by the same day is not feasible.  Sediment basins shall be designed and maintained in accordance with HAR Chapter 11-55.  Minimize disturbance on steep slopes (Greater)	Requirements  Soil Stabilization 1. SM-22 Topsoil Management 2. EC-12 Seeding and Planting 3. EC-14 Mulching 4. EC-11 Geotextiles and Mats  Slope Protection 1. EC-12 Seeding and Planting 2. EC-14 Mulching 3. EC-11 Geotextiles and Mats 4. EC-4 Slope Roughening, Terracing, and Rounding 5. EC-7 Slope Drains and Subsurface Drains 6. EC-0
	than 15% in grade).  • If disturbance of steep slopes are unavoidable,	6. EC-9 Slope
	phase disturbances and use stabilization techniques designed for steep grades.	Interceptor or Diversion Ditches/Berms
	For temporary drains and swales use velocity	SC-1 Storm
	dissipation devices within and at the outlet to minimize erosive flow velocities.	Drain Inlet Protection

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP
Source	Implemented	Requirements
		Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers  1. SC-7 Silt Fence or Filter Fabric Fence 2. SC-2 Vegetated Filter Strips and Buffers 3. SC-6 Compost Filter Berm/Sock 4. SC-8 Sandbag Barrier 5. SC-9 Brush or Rock Filter
		Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds 1. SC-4 Sediment Trap 2. SC-5 Sediment Basin SC-3 Check Dams
		EC-6 Level Spreader SM-20 Paving Operations SC-10 Construction Roads and Parking Area Stabilization

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	ВМР
Source	Implemented	Requirements
		Controlling Storm Water Flowing onto and Through the Project 1. EC-3 Run-On Diversion 2. EC-5 Earth Dike, Swales and Ditches
		Post Construction BMPs 1. EC-2 Flared Culvert End Sections 2. EC-10 Rip-Rap and Gabion Inflow Protection 3. EC-8 Outlet Protection and Velocity Dissipation Devices 4. SM-22 Topsoil Management
		Non-Structural BMPs 1. SM-1 Construction BMP Training 2. SM-14 Scheduling 3. SM-15 Location of Potential Sources of Sediment 4. SM-17 Preservation of Existing Vegetation

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Sediment from soil stockpiles	<ul> <li>Locate stockpiles a minimum of 50 feet or as far as practicable from concentrated runoff or outside of any natural buffers identified on the SWPPP.</li> <li>Place bagged materials on pallets and under cover.</li> <li>Provide physical diversion to protect stockpiles from concentrated runoff.</li> <li>Cover stockpiles with plastic or comparable material when practicable.</li> <li>Place silt fence, fiber filtration tubes, or straw wattles around stockpiles.</li> <li>Do not hose down or sweep soil or sediment accumulated on pavement or other impervious surfaces into any storm water conveyance (unless connected to a sediment basin, sediment trap, or similarly effective control), storm drain inlet, or state water.</li> <li>Unless infeasible, contain and securely protect stockpiles from the wind.</li> <li>Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. See Stockpile Management Section SM-3 for additional requirements.</li> </ul>	See Stockpile Management Section SM-3. Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable.
Emulsified asphalt or prime/tack coat	<ul> <li>Provide training for employees and contractors on proper material delivery and storage practices and procedures.</li> <li>Restrict paving operations during wet weather to prevent paving materials from being discharged.</li> <li>Use asphalt emulsions such as prime coat when possible.</li> <li>Protect drain inlet structures and manholes during application of tack coat, seal coat, slurry seal, and fog seal.</li> <li>Keep ample supplies of drip pans and absorbent materials on site.</li> <li>Inspect inlet protection devices.</li> <li>See Material Storage and Handling Section SM-2 and Paving Operations Section SM-20 for additional requirements.</li> <li>Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable.</li> </ul>	See Material Storage and Handling Section SM-2, and Stockpile Management Section SM-3, Paving Operations Section SM-20, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable.

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP Poquiroments
	Implemented	Requirements
Materials	Hazardous chemicals shall be well-labeled	See Material
associated	and stored in original containers.	Storage and
with	Keep ample supply of cleanup materials on	Handling Use
painting,	site.	Section SM-2,
such as	Dispose container only after all of the product	Stockpile Management
paint and paint wash	has been used.	Section SM-3,
solvent	Remove as much paint from brushes on	Hazardous
Solvein	painted surface.	Materials and
	Rinse from water-based paints shall be	Waste
	discharged into the sanitary sewer system where	Management
	possible. If not, direct all washwater into a leak-	Section SM-9,
	proof container or leak-proof pit. The container or	Waste
	pit must be designed so that no overflows can	Management,
	occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation.	Spill Prevention
	Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50  foot over one for an area time by from a decimal decimal.	and Control
	feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain	Section SM-10,
	inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies.	and Structure
	Do not dump liquid wastes into the storm	Construction
	drainage system.	and Painting
	Filter and re-use solvents and thinners.	Section SM-21,
	Dispose of oil-based paints and residue as a	Storm Drain
	hazardous waste.	Inlet Protection
	Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of	SC-1, and
	hazardous waste complies with regulations.	Perimeter
	Immediately clean up spills and leaks.	Sediment
	Properly store paints, solvents, and epoxy	Controls where
	compounds.	applicable.
	Properly store and dispose waste materials	
	generated from painting and structure repair and construction activities.	
	Mix paints in a covered and contained area,	
	when possible, to minimize adverse impacts from	
	spills.	
	Do not apply traffic paint or thermoplastic if	
	rain is forecasted.	
	See Material Storage and Handling Use SM-2,	
	Hazardous Materials and Waste Management	
	Section SM-9, Spill Prevention and Control	
	Section SM-10, and Structure Construction and	
	Painting Section SM-21 for additional	
	requirements.	
	Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or	
	Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable.	

<b>.</b>		
Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP
	-	
Source Industrial chemicals, fertilizers, and/or pesticides	<ul> <li>Implemented</li> <li>Hazardous chemicals shall be well-labeled and stored in original containers.</li> <li>Keep ample supply of cleanup materials on site.</li> <li>Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly.</li> <li>Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down.</li> <li>Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a furtherance of an ongoing discharge.</li> <li>Dispose container only after all of the product has been used.</li> <li>Retain a complete set of safety data sheets (formerly MSDS) on site.</li> <li>Store industrial chemicals in water-tight containers and provide either cover or secondary containment.</li> <li>Provide cover when storing fertilizers or pesticides to prevent these chemicals from coming into contact with rainwater.</li> <li>Restrict amount of pesticide prepared to quantity necessary for the current application.</li> <li>Do not apply fertilizers or pesticides during or just before a rain event.</li> <li>Do not apply to stormwater conveyance channels with flowing water.</li> <li>Comply with fertilizer and pesticide manufacturer's recommended usage and disposal instructions. Document departures from manufacturer's specifications in Attachment J.</li> <li>Apply fertilizers at the appropriate time of year for the location, and preferably timed to coincide as closely as possible to the period of maximum vegetation uptake and growth.</li> <li>Follow federal, state, and local laws regarding fertilizer application.</li> <li>Do not dispose of toxic liquid wastes (solvents, used oils, and paints) or chemicals (additives,</li> </ul>	Requirements  See Material Storage and Handling Use Section SM-2, Stockpile Management Section SM-3, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9, and Spill Prevention and Control SM-10
	acids, and curing compounds) in dumpsters allocated for construction debris.	

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
	Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations. Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste hauler.  See Material Storage and Handling Use SM-2, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements.	
Hazardous waste (Batteries, Solvents, Treated Lumber, etc.)	<ul> <li>Do not dispose of toxic materials in dumpsters allocated for construction debris.</li> <li>Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations.</li> <li>Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste hauler.</li> <li>Segregate and recycle wastes from vehicle/equipment maintenance activities such as used oil or oil filters, greases, cleaning solutions, antifreeze, automotive batteries, and hydraulic and transmission fluids.</li> <li>Store waste in sealed containers, which are constructed of suitable materials to prevent leakage and corrosion, and which are labeled in accordance with applicable Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) requirements and all other applicable federal, state, and local requirements.</li> <li>All containers stored outside shall be kept away from surface waters and within appropriately sized secondary containment (e.g., spill berms, decks, spill containment pallets). Provide cover if possible.</li> <li>Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly.</li> <li>Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down.</li> <li>Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a continuation of an ongoing discharge.</li> </ul>	See Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 and Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance SM-12

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
	<ul> <li>Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with manufacturer's recommendations and is in compliance with federal, state, and local requirements.</li> <li>See Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 and Vehicle and Equipment Management, Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance SM-12 for additional requirements.</li> </ul>	
Metals and Building Materials	<ul> <li>Inspect construction waste and recycling areas regularly.</li> <li>Schedule solid waste collection regularly.</li> <li>If building materials or metals are stored on site (such as rebar or galvanized poles) store under cover under tarps or in containers.</li> <li>Minimize the amount of material stored on site.</li> <li>Do not stockpile uncovered metals or other building materials in close proximity to discharge points.</li> <li>See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6 for additional requirements.</li> </ul>	See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6
Contaminated Soil	<ul> <li>See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements.</li> <li>At minimum contain contaminated material soil by surrounding with impermeable lined berms or cover exposed contaminated material with plastic sheets.</li> </ul>	See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP Begyiremente
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Fugitive Dust Control and Dust Control Water	<ul> <li>Do not over spray water for dust control purposes which will result in runoff from the area.</li> <li>Apply water as conditions require.</li> <li>Washing down of debris or dirt into drainage, sewage systems, or State waters is not allowed.</li> <li>Minimize exposed areas through the schedule of construction activities.</li> <li>Utilize vegetation, mulching, sprinkling, and stone/gravel layering to quickly stabilize exposed soil.</li> <li>Direct construction vehicle traffic to stabilized roadways.</li> <li>Cover dump trucks hauling material from the site with a tarpaulin.</li> <li>See Dust Control Section SM-19 for additional requirements.</li> </ul>	See Dust Control Section SM-19
Concrete Truck Wash Water	<ul> <li>Disposal of concrete truck wash water via percolation is prohibited.</li> <li>Wash concrete-coated vehicles or equipment off-site or in the designated wash area.</li> <li>Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies.</li> <li>Runoff from the on-site concrete wash area shall be contained in a temporary pit or level bermed area where the concrete can set.</li> <li>Design the area so that no overflow can occur due to inadequate wash area sizing or precipitation.</li> <li>The temporary pit shall be lined with plastic to prevent seepage of wash water into the ground.</li> <li>Allow wash water to evaporate or collect wash water and all concrete debris in a concrete washout system bin.</li> <li>Do not dump liquid wastes into storm drainage system.</li> <li>Dispose of liquid and solid concrete wastes in compliance with federal, state, and local standards.</li> <li>See Waste Management, Concrete Wash and Waste Management Section SM-4 for additional requirements.</li> </ul>	See Waste Management, Concrete Wash and Waste Management Section SM-4

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Sediment Track-Out	ent  • Include Stabilized Construction Entrance at all	
Irrigation Water	<ul> <li>Consider irrigation requirements.</li> <li>Where possible, avoid species which require irrigation.</li> <li>Design, timing and application methods of irrigation water to eliminate the runoff of excess irrigation water into the storm water drainage system.</li> <li>See Seeding and Planting Section EC-12 and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD-12 Efficient Irrigation included in SWPPP Attachment A for additional requirements.</li> </ul>	See Seeding and Planting Section EC-12 and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD- 12 Efficient Irrigation
Hydrotesting Effluent	• If work includes removing, relocation or installing waterlines, and Contractor elects to flush waterline or discharge hydrotesting effluent into State waters or drainage systems, the Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form F application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Hydrotesting Activities if necessary. Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal.	Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal.

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Dewatering Effluent	If excavation or backfilling operations require dewatering, and Contractor elects to discharge dewatering effluent into State waters or existing drainage systems, Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form G application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Dewatering Activities if necessary. See Site Planning and General Practices, Dewatering Operations Section SM-18 for additional requirements.	See Dewatering Operations SM-18. Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form G submittal.
Saw-cutting Slurry	<ul> <li>Saw cut slurry shall be removed from the site by vacuuming.</li> <li>Provide storm drain protection during saw cutting. See Paving Operations Section SM-20 for additional requirements.</li> <li>Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable.</li> </ul>	See Paving Operations Section SM-20, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, Perimeter sediment controls where applicable
Concrete Curing Water	<ul> <li>Avoid overspraying of curing compounds.</li> <li>Apply an amount of compound that covers the surface, but does not allow any runoff of the compound.</li> <li>See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS-12 Concrete Curing included in SWPPP Attachment A for additional requirements.</li> </ul>	See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS- 12 Concrete Curing

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Plaster Waste Water	<ul> <li>Direct all washwater into a leak-proof container or leak-proof pit. The container or pit must be designed so that no overflows can occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation.</li> <li>Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies.</li> <li>Any significant residual materials remaining on the ground after the completion of construction shall be removed and properly disposed. If the residual materials contaminate the soil, then the contaminated soil shall also be removed and properly disposed of.</li> <li>Plaster waste water shall not be allowed to flow into drainage structures or State waters. See Material, Storage and Handling Use SM-2, Stockpile Management Use Section SM-3, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements.</li> </ul>	See Material, Storage and Handling Use Section SM-2, Stockpile Management Use Section SM-3, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9
Water-Jet Wash Water	<ul> <li>For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean vehicles, use off site wash racks or commercial washing facilities when practical.</li> <li>See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11 for additional information.</li> <li>For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean impervious surfaces, the runoff shall not be allowed to flow into drainage structures or State Waters.</li> </ul>	See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11
Sanitary/Septic Waste	<ul> <li>Locate Sanitary facilities in a convenient place away from drainage facilities.</li> <li>Position sanitary facilities so they are secure and will not be tipped over or knocked down.</li> <li>Wastewater shall not be discharged to the ground or buried.</li> <li>A licensed service provider shall maintain sanitary/septic facilities in good working order.</li> <li>Schedule regular waste collection by a licensed transporter.</li> <li>See Sanitary Waste Section SM-7 for additional requirements.</li> </ul>	See Sanitary Waste Section SM-7.

1	Make the following Section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3 4	SECTION 219 – DETERMINATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF FILL MATERIAL
5	
6 7 8 9	<b>219.01 Description.</b> This section describes determination and characterization of fill material for project sites.
10 11	Requirements of this section apply to all waste generated from construction and demolition (C&D) activities on the project.
12 13 14	219.02 Definitions.
15 16 17 18	(A) Inert Fill Material. Inert Fill Material is defined in the Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS) 342H-1. Materials that do not meet this definition shall be disposed of at the appropriate Hawaii Department of Health (HDOH) Solid and Hazardous Waste Branch permitted solid waste management facility.
19 20 21 22 23 24	The October 2021 State of Hawaii Department of Transportation, Highways Division, Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual, specifies inert fill material shall not be contaminated with asbestos or lead-based paint. In addition, inert fill materials do not decompose or produce leachate or other products harmful to the environment.
25 26 27 28 29	<b>(B)</b> Lead-Based Paint (LBP). Lead Based Paint (LBP) is defined by Section 403 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), as amended by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) or as defined in approved subsequent revisions.
30 31 32	219.03 Construction.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	(A) Preconstruction Requirements. Retain the services of an Environmental Professional as accepted by the Engineer. Submit documentation the Environmental Professional has a minimum of five (5) years of experience in solid and hazardous waste management and fill material characterization within 30 calendar days of contract certification date.
40	(B) Construction Requirements.
41	•
42 43 44 45 46	(1) Reclassification of Solid Waste into Inert Fill Material. If reclassifying solid waste as inert fill, obtain written acceptance from the Engineer before following the requirements of Section 219.03(B)(2) Inert Fill Material.
47	(2) Inert Fill Material. The State reserves the right to reject
-,	STP-0300(214) 219-1a 0

imported fill from sources known to contain hazardous material or if any of the requirements in this specification are not met. The source and/or stockpiled location of the material shall remain accessible at all times to State personnel for sampling, testing, and inspection as determined by the Engineer. Prior to importing/removal of material, the Contractor shall provide the specific location and quantity of material that is to be transported to/from the project site.

- **Certificates.** Provide a written certificate indicating that the fill material meets the inert fill material definition specified herein. The written certificate shall include a description of the evidence (including but not limited to historical documentation of land use, test results, fill material characterization report, and/or Phase I Environmental Site Assessment) used by the Contractor to determine that the fill material is inert fill material. The written certificate shall be prepared and signed by an Environmental Professional. Submit the written certificate to the Engineer 14 calendar days before the fill material is imported to or removed from the project site. Do not import the fill material to, or export the fill material from the project site until the Engineer has accepted the certificate. Revise the written certificate as requested by the Engineer until the Engineer has accepted the certificate at no additional cost to the State. If the Engineer does not accept the certificate, the fill material shall not be considered inert fill material; and the Contractor shall dispose of the fill material in accordance with all applicable Federal, state, and Local laws and regulations at no additional cost to the State.
- Documentation. Provide documentation that the material will be taken to a properly permitted site. At minimum the documentation shall include the location of the disposal site (name, address, Tax Map Key No., telephone number, and map) with a revised Solid Waste Disclosure Form to indicate the material that was reclassified as inert fill and the location that the inert fill will be taken to.
- Laboratory Certification. Samples shall be tested by a laboratory certified to perform the specific analyses.
- **Hawaii Department of Health Guidance Documents.** (d) The HDOH has published guidance documents for the characterization of fill material and construction and demolition (C&D) waste. Comply with all applicable Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations. The procedures of the most recent versions of the following guidance documents or their replacements for the determination and characterization

of the fill material or waste may be used as a reference:
<b>1.</b> Guidance for Soil Stockpile Characterization
and Evaluation of Imported and Exported Fill Material.
<b>2.</b> Evaluation of Fill Material for Chemical
Contaminants (Fact Sheet).
3. Guidance for Construction & Demolition (C&D)
Waste Disposal.
4 T   1 O 1   M   1 C   1
4. Technical Guidance Manual for the
Implementation of the Hawaiʻi State Contingency Plan.
Obtain and follow the latest vargions of the applicable
Obtain and follow the latest versions of the applicable HDOH guidance documents.
HDOH guidance documents.
(e) Lead Based Paint Restriction. Test for lead based
paint as directed by the Engineer a minimum of five (5)
working days prior to cold planing existing pavement or other
demolition activities. Remove lead based paint from cold
planed asphalt prior to use as a fill material. Lead based paint
does not have to be removed if recycled for reclaimed asphalt
for pavement.
219.04 Measurement. Determination and characterization of fill material will
be paid on a lump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not apply. The
Engineer will only measure testing for lead based paint required and requested by
the Engineer on a force account basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 -
Force Account Provisions and Compensation.
<b>219.05</b> Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items listed below
at contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be
full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
The Continue will was far the fallowing was items when included in supposed
The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when included in proposal
schedule:
Pay Item Pay Unit
ray item ray omit
Determination and Characterization of Fill Material Lump Sum
Editip Culti
Testing for Lead Based Paint Force Account
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An estimated amount for force account is allocated in the proposal schedule
under "Testing for Lead Based Paint", but actual amount to be paid will be the sum
shown on accepted force account records, whether this sum be more or less than

142	the estimated amount allocated in the proposal schedule.
143	
144	
145	The Engineer may assess liquidated damages up to \$27,500 per day for
146	non-compliance of each requirement and all other requirements in this section.
147	
148	
149	END OF SECTION 219

1	SECTION 301 - HOT MIX ASPHALT BASE COURSE
2 3	Make the following amendments to said Sections:
4 5 6 7	(I) Amend <b>Section 301.03(B) Compaction</b> by revising the second paragraph from lines 84 to 87 to read as follows:
8 9 10 11	"Compact mixture immediately upon completion of spreading operations to density of not less than 92.0 percent of maximum theoretical specific gravity in accordance with AASHTO T 209, modified by deletion of Supplemental Procedure for Mixtures Containing Porous Aggregate."
13 14 15 16	(II) Amend <b>Section 301.04 Measurement</b> from lines 98 to 100 to read as follows:
17 18 19	"301.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure HMAB course per ton in accordance with contract documents."
20 21 22	(III) Amend Section 301.05 Payment, from lines 102 to 111 to read as follows:
23 24 25 26 27	<b>"301.05 Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items listed below at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.
28 29	The Engineer will pay for one of the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:
30 31 32	Pay Item Pay Unit
33 34	Hot Mix Asphalt Base Course Ton
35 36 37 38 39	(1) 80% of the contract unit price upon completion of submitting a job-mix formula acceptable to the Engineer; preparing the surface, spreading, and finishing the mixture; and compacting the mixture by rolling;
40 41 42 43	(2) 20% of the contract unit price upon completion of cutting samples from the compacted pavement for testing; placing and compacting the sampled area with new material conforming to the surrounding area; protecting the pavement; and final analysis.
44 45 46	The Engineer may, in lieu of requiring removal and replacement, use the sliding scale factor to accept HMAB compacted below 92.0 percent. The Engineer

will make payment for the material in that production day at a reduced price arrived at by multiplying the contract unit price by the pay factor shown in Table 301.05-1.

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Table 301.05-1 – Sliding Scale Pay Factor				
Percent Compaction Percent Payment				
92.0 or greater	100			
90.0 – 91.9	80			
<90.0	Removal			

"

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# **END OF SECTION 301**

1 2		SECTIO	N 304 – AGGR	EGATE BASE (	COURSE	
3	Make th	ne following amer	ndments to said	Section:		
5	(I) A	Amend <b>304.04 – N</b>	<b>Measurement</b> b	y revising lines 5	4 to 55 to read	as follows:
6 7 8 9	" <b>304.04</b> per cub	Measurem ic yard in accorda	_	neer will measur ontract document		ase course
10	(II) A	Amend <b>304.05 – I</b>	Payment by rev	rising lines 57 to	66 to read as	follows:
11 12 13 14 15 16	Paymer contrac	at the contract put will be full comet to documents.	orice per pay upensation for the	ne work prescribe	n the proposal ed in this secti	Schedule. on and the
17 18 19		The Engineer wil al schedule:	ll pay for the f	ollowing pay ite	m when inclu	ded in the
20 21	F	Pay Item				Pay Unit
22 23 24	Aggreg	ate Base Course			C	Cubic Yard"
25 26			END OF S	ECTION 304		

1 2 3	SEC	CTION	314 – CONTI	ROLLED LO UTILITIES A			RIALS (CLS	M) FOR
3 4 5	Make	e the fo	llowing amen	dments to sa	aid Section	:		
5 6 7	(I)	Ame	nd <b>314.04 – N</b>	<b>d</b> easu <b>r</b> emer	<b>ıt</b> by revisir	ng line 83 to	read as follo	ows:
8 9	" <b>314.</b> acco	_	Measurem with the cont	<b>ent.</b> The Entract docume		measure Cl	_SM per cub	ic yard in
10 11 12	(II)	Ame	nd <b>314.05 – F</b>	Payment by	revising line	es 85 to 90 t	to read as fo	llows:
13	"314.	.05	Payment.					
14 15 16 17 18		full c	The Engine per cubic ya ompensation ments.		n in the pro	posal sched	lule. Payme	nt will be
20 21		propo	The Engine osal schedule	er will pay fo e:	r the follow	ing pay item	when includ	ded in the
22 23 24			Pay Item					Pay Unit
25 26 27		Cont	rolled Low-St	rength Mateı	rial		Cu	bic Yard"
28 29				END	OF SECTI	ON 314		

In surface and binder courses, aggregate for HMA may include RAP quantities up to 20 percent of total mix weight.

Quantity of filler material to correct deficiencies in aggregate gradation passing the No. 200 sieve shall not exceed 3 percent by weight of fine aggregates.

Job-Mix Formula and Tests. Design job-mix formula in accordance with procedures contained in current edition of Asphalt Institutes MixDesign Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot Mix Types, Manual Series No. 2 (MS-2) for either Marshall Method or Hveem Method of Mix Design.

Limit compacted lift thickness and asphalt content of job-mix formula as specified in Table 401.02-1 - Limits of Compacted Lift Thickness and Asphalt Content.

TABLE 401.02-1 - LIMITS OF COMPACTED LIFT THICKNESS AND ASPHALT CONTENT					
MIX NO.	11	Ш	IV	V	
Minimum to Maximum	2-1/4	2	1-1/2	1-1/4	
Compacted Thickness for	to	to	to	to	
Individual Lifts (Inches)	3	3	3	3	
Appled Content Limite	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.8	
Asphalt Content Limits (Percent of Total Weight of	to	to	to	to	
Mix)	6.1	6.1	6.5	7.0	

67 68 69

Asphalt content limits for porous aggregate may be exceeded only if it is requested ahead of placement and is reviewed then accepted in writing by the Engineer.

70 71

Meet job-mix formula design criteria specified in Table 401.02-2 -Job-Mix Formula Design Criteria.

TABLE 401.02-2 - JOB-MIX FORMULA DESIGN CRITERIA		
Hveem Method Mix Criteria (AASHTO T 246 and AASHTO T 247)		
Stability, minimum	37	
Air Voids (percent) <sup>1</sup>	3 - 5	
Marshall Method Mix Criteria (AASHTO T 245)	)	
Compaction (number of blows each end of specimen)	75	
Stability, minimum (pounds)	1,800	
Flow (x 0.01 inch)	8 - 16	
Air Voids (percent) <sup>1</sup>	3-5	
Notes:  1. Air Voids: AASHTO T 166 or AASHTO T 275; AASHTO T 209, AASHTO T 269.		

Minimum percent voids in mineral aggregates (VMA) of job-mix formula shall be as specified in Table 401.02-3 - Minimum Percent Voids in Mineral Aggregates (VMA).

TABLE 401.02-3 - MINIMUM PERCENT VOIDS IN MINERAL AGGREGATES (VMA)					
Nominal Maximum Particle Size, (Inches)	1-1/2	1	3/4	1/2	3/8
VMA, (percent) <sup>1</sup>	11.0	12.0	13.0	14.0	15.0
Notes:  1. VMA: See Asphalt Institute Manual MS-2					

- **(C)** Submittals. Establish and submit job-mix formula for each type of HMA pavement mix indicated in the contract documents a minimum of 30 days before paving production. Job mix shall include the following applicable information:
  - (1) Design percent of aggregate passing each required sieve size.
  - (2) Design percent of asphalt binder material (type determined by type of mix) added to the aggregate (expressed as% by weight of total mix),
  - (3) Design proportion of processed RAP.

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32

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- (4) Design temperature of mixture at point of discharge at paver.
- (5) Source of aggregate.
- (6) Grade of asphalt binder.
- (7) Test data used to develop job-mix formula.

Except for item (4) in this subsection, if design requirements are modified after the Engineer accepts job-mix formula, submit new job-mix formula before using HMA produced from modified mix design. Submit any changes to the design temperature of mixture at point of discharge for acceptance by the Engineer.

Submit a certificate of compliance for the asphalt binder, accompanied by substantiating test data from a certified testing laboratory.

**(D)** Range of Tolerances for HMA. Provide HMA within allowable tolerances of accepted job mix formula as specified in Table 401.02-4 - Range of Tolerances HMA. These tolerances are not to be used for the design of the job mix, they are solely to be used during the testing of the production field sample of the HMA mix.

TABLE 401.02-4-RANGE OF TOLERANCES	S HMA
Passing No. 4 and larger sieves (percent)	± 7.0
Passing No. 8 to No. 100 sieves (inclusive) (percent)	±4.0
Passing No. 200 sieve (percent)	±3.0
Asphalt Content (percent)	± 0.4
Mixture Temperature (degrees F)	± 20

The tolerances shown are the allowable variance between the physical characteristics of laboratory job mix submitted mix design and the production or operational mix, i.e., field samples.

#### 401.03 Construction.

- **(A) Weather Limitations.** Placement of HMA shall not be allowed under the following conditions:
  - (1) On wet surfaces, e.g., surface with ponding or running water, surface that has aggregate or surface that appears beyond surface saturated dry, as determined by the Engineer.

133		
134	<b>(2)</b> When	air temperature is below 50 degrees F and falling. HMA
135	•	lied when air temperature is above 40 degrees F and
136	rising. Air te	emperature will be measured in shade and away from
137	artificial hea	t.
138		
139	(3) When	weather conditions prevent proper method of
140	construction	
141		
142 <b>(B)</b>	Equipment	•
143		
144	(1) Mixin	g Plant. Use mixing plants that conform to AASHTO M
145	156, suppler	nented asfollows:
146		
147	(a)	All Plants.
148	. ,	
149		1. Automated Controls. Control proportioning,
150		mixing, and mix discharging automatically. When RAP
151		is incorporated into mixture, provide positive controls
152		for proportioning processed RAP.
153		1 1 31
154		2. Dust Collector. AASHTO M 156, Requirements
155		for All Plants, Emission Controls is amended as
156		follows:
157		
158		Equip plant with dust collector. Dispose of
159		collected material. In the case of baghouse dust
160		collectors, dispose of collected material or return
161		collected material uniformly.
162		<b>,</b>
163		3. Modifications for Processing RAP. When
164		RAP is incorporated into mixture, modify mixing plant
165		in accordance with plant manufacturer's
166		recommendations to process RAP.
167		•
168	(b)	Drum Dryer-Mixer Plants.
169	( - /	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
170		1. Bins. Provide separate bin in cold aggregate
171		feeder for each individual aggregate stockpile in mix.
172		Use bins of sufficient size to keep plant in continuous
173		operation and of proper design to prevent overflow of
174		material from one bin to another.
175		
176		2. Stockpiling Procedures. Separate aggregate
177		for Mix II, Mix III and Mix IV into at least three stockpiles
178		with different gradations as follows: coarse,
179		intermediate, and fine. Separate aggregates for Mix V
180		into at least two stockpiles. Stockpile RAP separately
181		from virgin aggregates.
		STD 0200/244)
		C 113 N2NN139 A\

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183	<ol><li>Checking Aggregate Stockpile. Check</li></ol>
184	condition of the aggregate stockpile often enough to
185	ensure that the aggregate is in optimal condition.
186	
187	(c) Batch and Continuous Mix Plants.
188	• •
189	1. Hot Aggregate Bin. Provide bin with three or
190	more separate compartments for storage of screened
191	aggregate fractions to be combined for mix. Make
192	partitions between compartments tight and of sufficient
193	height to prevent spillage of aggregate from one
194	compartment into another.
195	<del></del>
196	2. Load Cells. Calibrated load cells may be used
197	in batch plants instead of scales.
198	in paten plante inclose of coales.
199	(2) Hauling Equipment. Use trucks that have tight, clean
200	smooth metal beds for hauling HMA.
201	officer filetal bode for flading rivir t
202	Thinly coat truck beds with a minimum quantity of non-
203	stripping release agent to prevent mixture from adhering to beds
204	Diesel or petroleum-based liquid release agents, except for paraffir
205	oil, shall not be used. Drain excess release agent from truck bed
206	before loading with HMA.
207	before loading with this.
208	Provide a designated clean up area for the haul trucks.
209	r rovide a designated clean up area for the fladi trucks.
210	Equip each truck with a tarpaulin conforming to the following
211	Equip cach track with a tarpatilin comorning to the following.
212	(a) In good condition, without tears and holes.
213	(a) In good condition, without lears and holes.
214	(b) Large enough to be stretched tightly over truck bed
215	completely covering mix. The tarpaulin shall be secured in
216	such a manner that it remains stretched tightly over truck bed
217	and HMA mix until the bed is about to be raised up in
218	•
	preparation for discharge.
219	(2) Asphalt Dayers Lies canhalt navers that are:
220	(3) Asphalt Pavers. Use asphalt pavers that are:
221	(a) Calf contained newer propalled units
222	(a) Self-contained, power-propelled units.
223	(h) Faccionad with activated care of an atriba off accombly
224	<b>(b)</b> Equipped with activated screed or strike-off assembly
225	heated if necessary.
226	(a) Complete of summedian and finishing some
227	(c) Capable of spreading and finishing courses of HMA
228	mixtures in lane widths applicable to typical section and
229	thicknesses indicated in the contract documents.
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- **(d)** Equipped with receiving hopper having sufficient capacity for uniform spreading operation.
- **(e)** Equipped with automatic feed controls to maintain uniform depth of material ahead of screed.
- (f) Equipped with automatic screed controls with sensors capable of sensing grade from outside reference line, sensing transverse slope of screed, and providing automatic signals to control screed grade and transverse slope.
- **(g)** Capable of operating at constant forward speeds consistent with satisfactory laying of mixture.
- (h) Equipped with a means of preventing the segregation of the coarse aggregate particles from the remainder of the bituminous plant mix when that mix is carried from the paver hopper back to the paver augers. The means and methods used shall be approved by the paver manufacturer and may consist of chain curtains, deflector plates, or other such devices and any combination of these.

The following specific requirements shall apply to the identified bituminous pavers:

- **1. Blaw-Knox Bituminous Pavers.** Blaw-Knox bituminous pavers shall be equipped with the Blaw-Knox Materials Management Kit (MMK).
- **2. Cedarapids Bituminous Pavers.** Cedarapids bituminous pavers shall be those that were manufactured in 1989 or later.
- 3. Barber-Green/Caterpillar Bituminous Pavers. Barber-Green/Caterpillar bituminous pavers shall be equipped with deflector plates as identified in the December 2000 Service Magazine entitled "New Asphalt Deflector Kit {6630, 6631,6640}".

Bituminous pavers not listed above shall have similar attachments or designs that shall make them equivalent to the bituminous pavers listed above. The Engineer will solely decide if it is equal to or better that the setups described for the equipment listed above.

Submit for review and acceptance, prior to the start of using the paver for the placing of plant mix, a full description in writing of the means and methods that will be used to prevent the bituminous paver from having both aggregate and

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temperature segregation. Use of any paver that has notbeen accepted is prohibited until acceptance of the paver is received from the Engineer. Any pavement placed with an unaccepted paver will be regarded as not compliant work and may not be paid for and may require removal.

Supply a Certificate of Compliance that verifies that the manufacturer's approved means and methods used to prevent bituminous paver from having both aggregate and temperature segregation have been implemented on all pavers used on the project and are working in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and Contract Documents.

- (4) Rollers. Rollers shall be self-propelled, steel-tired tandem, pneumatic-tired, or vibratory-type rollers capable of reversing without shoving or tearing the just placed HMA mixture. Provide sufficient number, sequencing, type, and rollers of sufficient weight to compact the mixture to required density while mixture is still in workable condition. Equipment shall not excessively crush aggregate. Operate rollers in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and Contract Documents. The use of intelligent compaction is encouraged and may be required elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
  - (a) Steel-Tired Tandem Rollers. Steel-tired tandem rollers used for initial breakdown or intermediate roller passes shall have minimum gross weight of 12 tons and shall provide minimum 250-pound weight per linear inch of width on drive wheel.

Steel-tired tandem rollers used for finish roller passes shall have minimum total gross weight of 3 tons.

Do not use roller with grooved or pitted rolling drum or worn scrapers or wetting pads. Replace excessively worn scrapers and wetting pads before use.

(b) Pneumatic-Tired Rollers. Pneumatic-tired rollers shall be oscillating-type, equipped with smooth-tread pneumatic tires of equal size and diameter. Maintain tire pressure within 5 pounds per square inch of designated operational pressure when hot. Space tires so that gaps between adjacent tires are covered by following set of tires.

Pneumatic-tired rollers used for breakdown or intermediate roller passes shall have a ballast capable of establishing an operating weight per tire of not less than 3,000 pounds. Equip rollers with tires having minimum 20-inch

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wheel diameter with tires inflated to 70 to 75 pounds per square inch pressure when cold and 90 pounds per square inch when hot. Equip rollers with skirt-type devices to maintain temperature of tires during rolling operations.

Pneumatic-tired rollers used for kneading finished asphalt surfaces shall have a ballast capable of establishing an operating weight per tire of not less than 1,500 pounds. Equip rollers with tires having minimum 15-inch wheel diameter with tires inflated to 50 to 60 pounds per square inch pressure. If required, equip rollers with skirt-type devices to maintain temperature of tires during rolling operations.

- (c) Vibratory Rollers. Vibratory rollers shall be steel-tired tandem rollers having minimum total weight of 3 tons. Equip vibratory rollers with amplitude and frequency controls and speedometer. Operate vibratory roller in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. For very thin lifts, 1 inch or less in thickness, vibratory rollers shall not be used in the vibratory mode. Instead, operate the unit in the static mode.
- **(5) Hand Tools.** Keep hand tools used in production, hauling, and placement of HMA clean and free of contaminants. Diesel or mineral spirits or other cleaning material that is potentially deleterious to HMA may be used to clean hand tools providing:
  - (a) It does not contaminate HMA with cleaning material.
  - **(b)** Clean hand tools over catch pan with capacity to hold all the cleaning material.
  - (c) Remove all diesel or mineral spirits or other cleaning material that is potentially deleterious to HMA from hand tools before using with HMA.
  - (d) Hand tools used shall be in a condition such that it meets the requirements that it was manufactured for, e.g., a straightedge shall meet the straightness requirement of the manufacturer.
- (6) Material Transfer Vehicle (MTV).
  - (a) Usage. MTV usage applies to surface courses of paving projects on all Islands except Lanai, unless otherwise indicated. When placing HMA surface course use MTV to independently deliver mixtures from hauling equipment to paving equipment MTV usage will not be required for the following:

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- **1.** Projects with less than 1,000 tons of HMA.
- **2.** Temporary pavements.
- 3. Bridge deck approaches.
- **4.** Shoulders.
- **5.** Tapers.
- **6.** Turning lanes.
- **7.** Driveways.
- **8.** Areas with low overhead clearances.
- **(b) Equipment.** When using MTV, install minimum 10-ton-capacity hopper insert in conventional paver hopper. Provide the following equipment:
  - **1.** High-capacity truck unloading system in MTV capable of receiving HMA from hauling equipment.
  - 2. MTV storage bin with minimum 15-ton capacity.
  - **3.** An auger mixing system in one of the following: the MTV storage bin, or paver hopper insert, or paver hopper to continuously mix HMA prior to discharging to the paver's conveyor system.

Avoid stop-and-go operations by coordinating plant production rate, number of haul units, and MTV and paver speeds to provide a continuous, uniform, segregation-free material flow and smooth HMA pavement. Maintain uniform paver speed to produce smooth pavements.

(c) Performance Evaluation. Evaluate the performance of MTV and mixing equipment by measuring mat temperature profile immediately behind paver screed on first day of paving and when it feels the need to do so due to perceived changes in performance or as directed by the Engineer.

Use a hand-held temperature device that has been calibrated within the past 12 months. It shall be an infrared temperature gun is capable of measuring in one degree or finer increments between the temperatures of 80 degrees to 400 degrees F with a laser to indicate where the temperature reading is being taken. Six temperature profile measurements shall be taken of mat surface using infrared

 temperature gun at 50-foot intervals behind paver. Each temperature profile shall consist of three surface temperature measurements taken transversely across the mat in approximately a straight line from screed while paver is operating. For each profile, temperatures shall be measured approximately 1 foot from each edge and in middle of mat. The difference between maximum and minimum temperature measurements for each temperature profile shall not exceed 10 degrees F. If any two or more temperature profiles exceeds the allowable 10-degree F temperature differential, halt paving operation and adjust MTV or mixing equipment to ensure that material placed by paver meets specified temperature requirements. Redo the measuring of mat temperature profile until adjustment of the MTV or mixing equipment is adequate Submit all temperature profiles to the Engineer by next business day. Information on the report shall show location and temperature readings and time test was performed. Enough information shall be given, so the Engineer will be able to easily locate the test site of the individual measurement.

When requested temperature profile measurements shall be done in the presence of the Engineer.

Once adjustments are made, repeat measurement procedure for the next two placements to verify that material placed by paver meets specified temperature requirements. Terminate paving if temperature profile requirements are not met during repeated measurement procedure. If equipment fails to meet requirements after measurement procedure is repeated once, replace equipment before conducting any further temperature profile measurements.

The Engineer may perform surface temperature profile measurements at any time during project. The Engineer may in lieu of a hand-held infrared temperature device use an infrared camera or device that is capable of measuring temperatures to locate cold spots. If such cold spots exist, the Engineer may require adjustments to the MTV.

If bleeding or fat spots occur in the pavement adjust means and methods to eliminate such pavement defects and perform remedial repair to pavement acceptable to the Engineer. Bleeding is defined as excess binder occurring on the surface of the pavement. It may create a shiny, glass-like, reflective appearance and may be tacky to the touch. Fat spots are localized bleeding.

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525	and should be removed or have remedial repairs done before new pavement
526	placement.
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528	(D) Plant Operation.
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530	(1) Preparation of Asphalt Binder. Uniformly heat asphalt
531	binder and provide continuous supply of heated asphalt cement from
532	storage to mixer. Do not heat asphalt binder above the
533	recommendation of the supplier for modified binders or above 350
534	degrees F for neat binders.
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536	(2) Preparation of Aggregate. Dry and heat aggregate material
537	at temperature sufficient to produce design temperature of job-mix
538	formula. Do not exceed 350 degrees F. Adjust heat source used
539	for drying and heating to avoid damage to and contamination of
540	aggregate. When dry, aggregate shall not contain more than 1
541	percent moisture by weight.
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543	For batch plants, screen aggregates immediately after
544	heating and drying into three or more fractions. Convey aggregates
545	into separate compartments ready for batching and mixing with
546	asphalt binder.
547	
548	(3) Mixing. Measure aggregate and asphalt; or aggregate, RAP,
549	and asphalt into mixer in accordance with an accepted job-mix
550	formula. Mix until components are completely mixed and adequately
551	coated with asphalt binder in accordance with AASHTO M 156.
552	Percent of coated particles shall be 95 percent when tested in
553	accordance with AASHTO T 195.
554	
555	(4) Plant Inspection. For control and acceptance testing during
556	periods of production, provide a testing laboratory that meets the
557	requirements of AASHTO M 156. Provide space, utilities, and
558	equipment required for performing specified tests.
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560	<b>(E) Spreading and Finishing.</b> Prior to each day's paving operation,
561	check screed or strike-off assembly surface with straight edge to ensure
562	straight alignment and there is no damage or wear to the machine that will
563	affect performance. Provide screed or strike-off assembly that produces
564	finished surface without tearing, shoving, and gouging HMA. Discontinue
565	using spreading equipment that leaves ridges, indentations, or other marks,
566	or combination thereof in surface that cannot be eliminated by rolling or
567	affects the final smoothness of the pavement or be prevented by adjustment
568	in operation.
569	
570	Maintain HMA at minimum250 degrees F temperature at discharge
571	to paver. The Engineer shall observe the contractor measuring the
572	temperature of mix in hauling vehicle just before depositing into spreader or
573	paver or MTV.

Deposit HMA in a manner that minimizes segregation. Raise truck beds with tailgates closed before discharging HMA.

Lay, spread, and strike off HMA upon prepared surface. Where practical, use asphalt pavers to distribute mixture.

Where practical, control horizontal alignment using automatic grade and slope controls from reference line, slope control device. Existing pavements or features shall not be used for grade control alone.

Obtain sensor grade reference, horizontal alignment by using established grade and slope controls. For subsequent passes, substitution of one ski with joint-matching shoe riding on finished adjacent pavement is acceptable. Use of a comparable non-contact mobile reference system and joint matching shoe is acceptable.

Avoid stop-and-go operation. Maintain a constant forward speed of paver during paving operation and minimize other methods that impact smoothness.

Offset longitudinal joint in successive lifts by approximately 6 inches. Incorporate into paving method an overlap of material of 1-inch +/- 0.5 inches at the longitudinal joint. The HMA overlap material shall be left alone when initially placed and shall not be bumped back or pushed back with a lute or any other hand-held device. If the overlap exceeds the maximum amount remove the excess with a flat shovel, allowing recommended amount of overlap HMA material to remain in place to be compacted. Do not throw the removed excess HMA material on to the paving mat. The longitudinal joint in a surface course when total roadway width is comprised of two lanes shall be near the centerline of pavement or near lane lines when roadway is more than two lanes in width. The longitudinal joint shall not be constructed in the wheel path or under the longitudinal lane lines. Make a paving plan drawing showing how the longitudinal joint will not be located in these areas.

Control the horizontal alignment of the longitudinal edge of the HMA mat being installed so that the edge is parallel to the centerline or has a uniform alignment, e.g., the edge of the mat is straight line or uniform curve, no wavy edge, etc. to have a consistent amount of HMA material at the joint.

Check the compaction of the longitudinal joint during paving often enough to ensure that it will meet the compaction requirements.

If nuclear gauges and ground penetrating radar are used as the contractor's quality control method, they shall be properly calibrated and periodically checked by comparison to cores taken from the pavement. The

use of sand as an aid in properly seating the gauge may also be considered for improving the accuracy of the gauge.

In areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impracticable, spread, rake, and lute mixture by hand tools. For such areas, deposit, spread evenly, and screed mixture to required compacted thickness.

Demonstrate competence of personnel operating grade and crown control device before placing surface courses. If automatic control system becomes inoperative during the day's work, the Engineer will permit the Contractor to finish day's work using manual controls. The Engineer may also allow additional HMA to be ordered and placed using manual controls if it will provide a safer work site for the public to travel through. Do not resume work until automatic control system is made operative. The Engineer may waive requirement for electronic screed control device when paving gores, shoulders, transitions, and miscellaneous reconstruction areas where the use of the devices is not practical.

When production of HMA can be maintained and when practicable, use pavers in echelon shall be used to place surface course in adjacent lanes.

At the end of each workday, HMA pavement that is open to traffic shall not extend beyond the panel of the adjacent new lane pavement by more than the distance normally placed in one workday. At end of each day's production, construct tapered transitions along all longitudinal and transverse pavement drop-offs; this shall apply to areas where existing pavement is to meet newly placed pavement. Use slopes of 6:1 for longitudinal taper transitions and 48:1 for transverse tapered transitions. Maximum drop-off height along the joints shall be 2 inches. Also, using a 48:1 slope provides a taper around any protruding object, e.g., manholes, drain boxes, survey monuments, inlets, etc., that may be above pavement surface when opened to the public. If the object is below the surface of the pavement then fill the depression until it is level with the surrounding pavement or raise depressed objects to the finish grade of the placed pavement. Remove and dispose of all transition tapers before placing adjoining panel or next layer of HMA. Notify traveling public of pavement drop-offs or raised objects with signs placed in every direction of traffic that may use and encounter pavement drop-offs or protruding objects or holes.

Use the same taper rates for areas where there is a difference in elevation due to construction work.

At end of each workweek, complete full width of the roadway's pavement, including shoulders, to same elevation with no drop-offs.

**(F) Compaction.** Immediately after spreading and striking off HMA and adjusting surface irregularities, uniformly compact mixture by rolling.

Initiate compaction at highest mix temperature allowing compaction without excessive horizontal movement. Temperature shall not be less than 220 degrees F.

Finish rolling using tandem roller while HMA temperature is at or above 175 degrees F.

On superelevated curves, begin rolling at lower edge and progress to higher edge by overlapping of longitudinal trips parallel to centerline.

If necessary, repair damage immediately using rakes and fresh mix. Do not displace line and grade of HMA edges during rolling.

Keep roller wheels properly moistened with water or water mixed with small quantities of detergent. Use of excess liquid, diesel, and petroleum-based liquids will not be allowed on rollers.

Along forms, curbs, headers, walls and other places not accessible to rollers, compact mixture with hot hand tampers, smoothing irons, or mechanical tampers. On depressed areas, trench roller or cleated compression strips under roller may be used to transmit compression.

Before the start of compaction or during compaction or both remove pavement that is loose, broken, or contaminated, or combination thereof; pavement that shows an excess or deficiency in asphalt binder content; and pavement that is defective in anyway. Replace with fresh HMA pavement of same type, and compact. Remove and replace defective pavement and compact at no increase in contract price or contract time.

Operate rollers at slow and uniform speed with no sudden stops. The drive wheels shall be nearest to the paver. Continue rolling to attain specified density and until roller marks are eliminated.

Rollers shall not be parked on the pavement placed that day or shift.

(1) HMA Pavement Courses One and a Half Inches Thick or Greater. Where HMA pavement compacted thickness indicated in the Contract Documents is 1-1/2 inches or greater, compact to not less than 93.0 percent nor greater than 97.0 percent of the maximum specific gravity determined in accordance with AASHTO T 209, modified by deletion of Supplemental Procedure for Mixtures Containing Porous Aggregate.

Place HMA pavement in individual lifts that are within minimum and maximum allowable compacted thickness for various types of mixture as specified in Table 401.02-1 - Limits of Compacted Lift Thickness and Asphalt Content.

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(2) HMA Pavement Courses Less Than One and a Half Inches Thick. Where HMA pavement compacted thickness indicated in the contract documents is less than 1-1/2 inches, compaction to a specified density will not be required.

Use only non-vibratory, steel-tired, tandem roller. Roll entire surface with minimum of two roller passes. A roller pass is defined as one trip of the roller in one direction over any one spot.

For intermediate rolling, roll entire surface with minimum of four passes of roller.

Finish rolling using steel-tired, tandem roller. Continue rolling until entire surface has been compacted with minimum of three passes of roller, and roller marks have been eliminated.

Do not use rollers that will excessively crush aggregate.

- (3) HMA Pavement Courses One and a Half Inches Thick or Greater In Special Areas Not Designated For Vehicular Traffic. For areas such as bikeways that are not part of roadway and other areas not subjected to vehicular traffic, compact to not less than 90.0 percent of maximum specific gravity determined in accordance with AASHTO T 209, modified by deletion of Supplemental Procedure for Mixtures Containing Porous Aggregate. Increase asphalt content by at least 0.5 percent above that used for HMA pavements designed for vehicular traffic. Paved shoulders shall be compacted in the same manner as pavements designed for vehicular traffic.
- (G) Joints, Trimming Edges and Utility Marking. At HMA pavement connections to existing pavements, make joints vertical to depth of new pavement. Saw cut existing pavement and cold plane in accordance with Section 415 Cold Planing of Existing Pavement to depth equal to thickness of surface course or as indicated in the Contract Documents.

At HMA connections to previously placed lifts, form transverse joints by cutting back on previous run to expose full depth of course. Dispose of material trimmed from edges. Protect end of freshly laid mixture from rollers.

Before and after paving, identify and mark location of existing utility manholes, valves, and handholes on finished surface. Adjust existing frames and covers and valve boxes to final pavement finish grade in accordance with Section 604- Manholes, Inlets and Catch Basins and Section 626 -Manholes and Valve Boxes for Water and Sewer Systems.

(1) Longitudinal joints. Submit for review the means and methods that will be used to install longitudinal joints at the required

compaction and density. Compact longitudinal joints to be not less than 91.0 percent of the maximum specific gravity determined in accordance with AASHTO T 209, modified by deletion of Supplemental Procedure for Mixtures Containing Porous Aggregate. Verify the compaction of the longitudinal joints meets requirements by using non-destructive testing methods during paving and submit the results on the daily quality control test reports.

Test for compaction and density regardless of layer thickness. Compaction and density of the longitudinal joint shall be determined by using six-inch diameter cores. For longitudinal joints made using butt joints cores shall be taken over the joint with half of the core being on each side of the joint. For longitudinal joints using notched wedge joints, center core over the center of the wedge so that 50 percent of the material is from the most recently paved material and the remaining 50 percent of the core is from the material used to pave the previous layer. One core shall be taken at a maximum frequency of every 1,500 lineal feet (LF) of the second side of the longitudinal joint and any fraction of that length for each day of paving with a minimum of one core taken for each longitudinal joint per day. Cores taken for the testing of the longitudinal joint may be used to determine pavement thickness.

When the longitudinal joints are found to have less than 91.0 percent of the maximum specific gravity, overband all longitudinal joints within the entire lot represented by the non-compliant core, PG binder seal coat, or other type of joint enrichment accepted by the Engineer. The overband shall not decrease the skid resistance of the pavement under any ambient weather condition. Submit overband material's catalog cuts, test results and application procedure for review and acceptance by the Engineer before use. Center the overband over the longitudinal joint. The overband shall be placed in a uniform width and horizontal alignment. The overband shall have no holidays or streaking in its placement. The width of the overband shall be based on how the longitudinal joint was constructed or as directed by the Engineer. If a butt joint is used, the overband width shall be a minimum of 12-inches. For notch wedge or wedge joints the overband width shall be the width of the wedge plus an additional six-inches minimum. Replace any pavement markings damaged or soiled by the overband remedial repair process.

For longitudinal joints that have a compaction of less than 89 percent of the maximum specific gravity; removal may be required by the Engineer instead of overbanding the non-compliant joint.

Persistent low compaction results may be cause to suspend work and remove non-conforming work. During the suspension of paving, revise means and methods used in constructing longitudinal joints and submit to the Engineer for review and acceptance. Suspension may occur when:

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- (1) Two or more longitudinal joints tests fail to meet the minimum compaction
- (2) One sample reveals that the joint compaction is 89 percent or less.
- (H) HMA Pavement Samples. Obtain test samples from compacted HMA pavement within 72 hours of lay down. Provide minimum 4-inch diameter cores consisting of undisturbed, full-depth portion of compacted mixture taken at locations designated by the Engineer in accordance with the "Sampling and Testing Guide for Acceptance and Verification" in Hawaii DOT Highways Division, *Quality Assurance Manual for Materials*, Appendix 3. Cores shall be taken in the presence of the Engineer. Turn cores over to Engineer immediately after cores have been taken.

For pavement samples for longitudinal joints provide 6-inch diameter cores minimum. For pavement samples for other than longitudinal joints 4-inch diameter cores minimum shall be taken. All cores shall consist of undisturbed, full-depth of the lift of the compacted mixture taken at locations designated by the Engineer in accordance with the "Sampling and Testing Guide for Acceptance and Verification" in Hawaii DOT Highways Division, *Quality Assurance Manual for Materials*, appendix 3.

Cores that separate shall indicate to the Engineer that there is insufficient bonding of layers. Modify the previously used paving means and methods to prevent future debonding of layers. Debonding of a core sample after adjustment of the Contractor's methods will be an indication of continued non-conforming work and the Engineer may direct removal of the layer at no additional cost or contract time.

Restore HMA pavement immediately after obtaining samples. Clean core hole and walls of all deleterious material that will prevent the complete filling of the core hole and the bonding of the new HMA to the existing. Apply tack coat to vertical faces of sample holes. Fill sampled area with new HMA pavement of same type as that removed. If hand compaction is used; fill in layers not exceeding the minimum thickness stated in Table 401.02-1 -Limits of Compacted Lift Thickness And Asphalt Content. Compact each layer to compaction requirements. If Mechanical Compaction methods are used, then layers may be the maximum layer thickness stated in Table 401.02-1 - Limits of Compacted Lift Thickness And Asphalt Content. Using tires or hand tamping to compact the HMA material to restore the pavement shall not be considered as mechanical compaction.

Only sample and test leveling course if 1-1/2 inches or greater. No compaction requirements for less than 1-1/2 inches.

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#### (I) HMA Pavement Thickness Tolerances.

Thickness of finished HMA pavement shall be within 0.25 inch of thickness indicated in the Contract Documents. Pavement not meeting the thickness requirements of the Contract Documents may be required by the Engineer to be removed and replaced.

Corrective methods taken on pavement exceeding specified tolerances, e.g., insufficient thickness by methods accepted by the Engineer, including removal and replacement, shall be at no increase in contract price or contract time.

The checking of pavement thickness shall be done after all remedial repairs, e.g., smoothness compliance repairs, compaction, have been completed, reviewed, and accepted by the Engineer.

- (J) Quality Control Using New Technology. The Engineer and MTRB reserves the right to utilize new technology and methods to improve the detection of noncompliant work on the project. The technology or method may be used to locate defects in the work, e.g., ground penetrating radar to locate delaminations, moisture damage, thin sections, voids, non-compliant compaction, other non-destructive testing to locate flaws. The defect will be verified by the methods stated in the Contract Documents or by other established conventional means. If the technology or method has already been accepted elsewhere or has standardized testing procedures the results may be judged acceptable by the Engineer and no further testing will be required. These new technologies and methods may be used for the selection of sampling locations.
- **(K) Protection of HMA Pavement.** Except for construction equipment directly connected with paving operations, keep traffic off HMA pavement.

Protect HMA pavement from damage until it has cooled and set.

Do not refuel equipment or clean equipment or hand tools over paved surfaces unless catch pan or device that will contain spilled fuel and other products is provided. After completion of refueling or cleaning, remove catch pan or device without spilling any of the collected content.

Do not park roller or other paving equipment on HMA pavement paved within 24 hours of laydown.

### (L) Pavement Joint Adhesive

(1) Pavement Joint Adhesive on Joints. Use on all asphalt pavement construction where joints are formed at such locations but not limited to the following:

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- **(a)** Adjacent asphalt pavements, e.g., trafficked lanes, shoulders, etc.
- **(b)** Asphalt pavement and adjacent concrete pavement or curb and gutter or any other surface where the bonding of the asphalt pavement and concrete surface is desired,
- (c) Transverse joints between asphalt pavements not placed at the same time or if the pavement's temperature on one side of the joint is below the minimum temperature the mix can be at, during asphalt pavement compaction or installation.
- (d) Cut face of an existing pavement where it will have new HMA pavement placed against it, e.g., utility trenches, partial or full depth repairs, etc.

Pavement joint adhesive is not required on a longitudinal construction joint between adjacent hot mix asphalt pavements formed by echelon paving. Echelon paving is defined as paving multiple lanes side-by-side with adjacent pavers slightly offset at the same time.

A longitudinal construction joint between one shift's work and another shall have pavement joint adhesive applied at the joint. Any longitudinal construction joint formed, with the temperature on one side of the joint that is below the minimum temperature the mix can be when compacted to contract requirements during asphalt pavement installation, shall have pavement joint adhesive applied at the joint.

**(2) Material requirements.** Asphalt joint adhesive shall meet requirements as specified in Table 401.03-1 - Asphalt Joint Adhesive 924 Specifications.

TABLE 401.03-1 -ASPHALT JO	INT ADHESIVE SF	PECIFICATIONS
TEST		SPECIFICATION
Brookfield Viscosity, 204°C [400°F]	ASTM D 3236	4,000-10,000 cp
Cone Penetration, 25°C [77°F]	ASTM D 5329	60-100 dmm
Resilience, 25°C [77°F]	ASTM D 5329	30% minimum
Ductility, 25°C [77°F]	ASTM D 113	30 cm minimum
Ductility, 4°C [39.2°F]	ASTM D 113	30 cm minimum
Tensile Adhesion, 25°C [77°F]	ASTM D 5329	500% minimum
Softening Point	ASTM D 36	77 °C [170 °F] min.
Asphalt Compatibility	ASTM D 5329	Pass

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## (3) Construction Requirements for Asphalt Joint Adhesive

- (a) Equipment Requirements. Use a jacketed double boiler type melting unit, with both agitation and recirculation systems. Provide a pressure feed wand application system.
- (b) Material Handling. Submit a copy of the manufacturer's recommendations for heating, re-heating, and applying the joint adhesive material. Follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not remove the joint adhesive from the package until immediately before it is placed in the melter. Joint adhesive boxes must be clearly marked with the name of the manufacturer, the trade name of the adhesive, the manufacturer's batch and lot number, the application/pour temperature, and the safe heating temperature. Feed additional material into the melter at a rate equal to the rate of material used.

Verify the pouring temperature of the joint adhesive at least once per hour at the point of discharge. Stop production if the adhesive falls below the recommended application/pour temperature. When the temperature of the adhesive exceeds the maximum safe heating temperature, stop production, empty the melter, and dispose of that adhesive in an environmentally safe method. No payment will be made for this material or its disposal.

Do not blend or mix different manufacturer's brands or different types of adhesives.

- (c) Joint Adhesive Application: The face of the joint that the new asphalt pavement will bind to shall be clean and dry before the joint adhesive is applied. Apply the pavement joint adhesive material to the entire face of the surface where HMA pavement shall be installed. The thickness of the asphalt adhesive application shall be approximately 1/8 inch. Use an application shoe attached to the end of application wand. Do not overlap the joint by greater than 1/2-inch at the top of the joint or two-inches at the bottom of the joint. Apply the joint adhesive immediately in front of the paving operation. If the adhesive is tracked by construction vehicles, repair the damaged area, and restrict traffic from driving on the adhesive.
- (d) Field Sampling. Take a sample from the application wand during the first 20 minutes of placing sealant. One sample should be taken per manufacturer's batch or minimum

998 of every 6 months on the Project in the presence of the 999 Engineer. 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 The Engineer reserves the right to conduct 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012 1013 1014 1015 10-foot straightedge shall be used to measure smoothness. 1016 1017 1018 1019 1020 operator by MTRB or the manufacturer. 1021 1022 1023 of the pavement profile measurement. 1024 1025 1026 1027 1028 1029 1030 1031 1032 1033 1034 tolerance by grinding. 1035 1036 1037 following locations: 1038 1039 1040 is being joined. 1041 1042 1043 2. 1044 1045 perpendicular to the centerline.

Each sample shall consist of one quart in an aluminum or steel sample container. The sampling container shall be labeled with Contractor's name; project name and number;

date and time sample taken; location of where material was used at, e.g., from where to where it was used at in stations; manufacturer and lot number of the sealant. samples to Engineer without Engineer losing sight of the

supplementary sampling and testing of the sealant material.

Pavement Smoothness Rideability Test. Perform surface profile tests frequently to ensure that the means and methods being used produces pavement that is compliant with the surface profile smoothness requirement. Test the pavement surface for smoothness with High-Speed Inertial Profiler to determine the International Roughness Index (IRI) of the pavement. For the locations determined by the Engineer, a

All smoothness testing must be performed with the presence of the Engineer. The High-Speed Inertial Profiler operator shall be a certified

The High-Speed Inertial Profiler operator's certification shall be no

older than five years old at the date of the Notice to Proceed and at the day

The finished pavement shall comply to all the following requirements:

Smoothness Test using 10-Foot Straightedge (Manual or rolling) The 10-foot straightedge is used to identify the locations that vary more than 3/16 inch from the lower edge when the 10foot straightedge is laid on finished pavement on the direction parallel with the centerline or perpendicular to centerline. Remove the high points that cause the surface to exceed that 3/16 inch

The Contractor shall use a 10-foot straightedge for the

- Longitudinal profiling parallel to centerline, when within 15 feet of a bridge approach or existing pavement which
- Transverse profiling of cross slopes, approaches, and as otherwise directed. Lay the straightedge in a direction

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- **3.** When pavement abuts bridge approaches or pavement not under this Contract, ensure that the longitudinal slope deviations of the finished pavement comply with Contract Document's requirements.
- **4.** Short pavement sections up to 600 feet long, including both mainline and non-mainline sections on tangent sections and on horizontal curves with a centerline radius of curve less than 1,000 feet.
- **5.** Within a superelevation transition on horizontal curves having centerline curve radius less than 1,000 feet, e.g., curves, turn lanes, ramps, tapers, and other non-mainline pavements.
- **6.** Within 15 feet of transverse joint that separates pavement from existing pavement not constructed under the contract, or from bridge deck or approach slab for longitudinal profiling.
- **7.** At miscellaneous areas of improvement where width is less than 11 feet, such as medians, gore areas, and shoulders.
- **8.** As otherwise directed by the Engineer. The Engineer may confine the checking of through traffic lanes with the straightedge to joints and obvious irregularities or choose to use it at locations not specifically stated in this Section.

#### (b) High-Speed Inertial Profiler

There shall be a minimum 3 profile runs per lane, for each wheel path (left and right) which is approximately three feet from edge lane line. The segment length shall be 0.1 mi. The final segments in a lane that are less than 0.1 mi shall be evaluated as an independent segment and pay adjustments will be prorated for length. The profiles shall be taken in the direction of traffic only.

The latest version of FHWA ProVAL software shall be used to conduct profile analysis to determine IRI and areas of localized roughness. The IRI values shall be reported in units ofin/mi.

Areas of localized roughness will be identified by using ProVAL's "Smoothness Assurance" analysis, calculating IRI with a continuous short interval of 25 feet and the 250-mm filter applied.

Additional runs may be required by the Engineer if the data indicate a lack of repeatability of results. A 92% agreement is required for repeatability and IRI values shall have at minimum a 95% confidence level.

### (N) Required Pavement Smoothness

The IRI for the left and right wheel paths in an individual lane will be computed and then averaged to determine the Mean Roughness Index (MRI) values. The MRI will be used to determine acceptance and pay adjustment. Each lane shall be tested and evaluated separately.

There are three (3) categories of target MRI values:

TABLE 401.03-2 - PAVEMENT SMOOTHNESS CATEGORIES			
Category Description MRI		MRI	
Type A	Three or more opportunities for improving ride	Shall not exceed 60 in/mi	
Type B	Type B Two opportunities for improving ride Shall n		
Type C	One opportunity for improving ride	Shall not exceed 75 in/mi	

An opportunity for improving ride is considered as one (1) lift of asphalt pavement, including but not limited to HMAB, HMA, PMA, and SMA.

For the location where a 10-foot manual straightedge is required, the surface shall not vary more than 3/16 inch from the lower edge of a straightedge.

No pre-final inspection, final inspection, and substantial completion granted will be made until the pavement meets smoothness requirement and all required profile reports are submitted to the Engineer and MTRB and are accepted.

# (O) Request for Profile Testing by the Department.

For Type C, prior to pavement activities, the Engineerwill measure the smoothness of the existing pavement.

The Contractor shall submit a written request to the Engineer to perform all required profile tests.

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The request shall be made at least 30 days before desired testing date and shall include an approximate acceptance profile testing date, a plan view drawing of the area to be tested with the limits of the test area highlighted.

The Contractor shall reimburse HOOT for any incurred cost related to any Contractor-caused cancellation or a deduction to the monthly payment will be made.

**(P) Department Requirements for Profile Testing.** When a request for testing is made, the requested area to be tested shall be 100% of the total area indicated to be paved in the Contract Documents unless the requirement is waived by the Engineer and MTRB.

Department acceptance surface tests will not be performed earlier than 14 days after HMA placement.

Clean debris and clear obstructions from area to be tested, as well as a minimum of 100 feet before and beyond the area to be tested before testing starts for use as staging areas. Provide traffic control for all profile testing.

The Engineer or MTRB or both may cancel the profile testing if the test area is not sufficiently clean, traffic control is unsatisfactory, or the area is not a safe work environment or test area does not meet Contract Document requirements. This canceled profile test will count as one profile test.

(Q) Cost of Acceptance Profile Testing by The Department. The Engineer, MTRB, or State's Third-Party Consultant will perform one initial profile test, at no cost to the Contractor for each area to be tested.

The Department's High-Speed Inertial Profiler pavement profile will be used to determine if the pavement's profile, i.e., smoothness is acceptable.

If the profile of the pavement does not meet the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall perform remedial work, i.e. corrective work then retest the area to ensure that the area has the required MRI, i.e., smoothness, before requesting another profile test by the Engineer.

- (1) Additional testing. Additional testing, by the Department beyond the initial test will be performed at cost to the Contractor as follows:
  - (a) \$2,500 per test will be required when Department personnel or State's Third-Party Consultant is used.

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1178	(R)	Remedial Work for Pavements.
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1180		(1) Corrective work shall be required for any 25 ft interval with a
1181		localized roughness in excess of 160 in/mi. The Engineer may waive
1182		localized roughness requirements for deficiencies resulting from
1183		manholes or other similar appurtenances. Adjust manholes or other
1184		similar appurtenances so that using a 10-ft. straightedge the area
1185		around that manhole or other similar appurtenance shall not have
1186		more than 3/16-in. variation between any 2 contacts on the
1187		straightedge.
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1189		If corrective action is not successful, the Engineer may
1190		require continued corrective action, or apply a payment adjustment
1191		of \$250 per occurrence.
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1193		(2) Corrective work shall also be required for any 0.1 mile interval
1194		with an average MRI above 95.0 in/mi for Types A and B. For Type
1195		A, correct the deficient section to an MRI of 60 in/mi or less. For Type
1196		B, correct the deficient section to an MRI of 70 in/mi or less. For
1197		Type C, corrective work may be required by the Engineer for 0.1 mile
1198		intervals that have an average MRI above the threshold shown in
1199		Tables 401.03-4 and 5 as applicable.
1200		If corrective entire does not produce the required
1201 1202		If corrective action does not produce the required improvement, the Engineer may require continued corrective action,
1202		or apply payment adjustment as shown in Tables 401.03-4 and 5.
1203		or apply payment adjustment as shown in Tables 401.03-4 and 5.
1205		(3) The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours prior
1206		to commencement of the corrective work. The Contractor shall not
1207		commence corrective work until the methods and procedure have
1208		been approved in writing by the Engineer.
1209		been approved in mining by the Engineeri
1210		(4) All smoothness corrective work for areas of localized
1211		roughness shall be for the entire lane width. Pavement cross slope
1212		shall be maintained through corrective areas.
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1214		(5) The remedial repair areas shall be neat, rectangular
1215		areas having a uniform surface appearance.
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1217		(6) If grinding is used on HMA pavement, the surface shall have
1218		nearly invisible grinding marks to passing motorist.
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1220		(7) Other methods may include milling and overlaying HMA
1221		pavement. The length, depth of the milling and the replacement
1222		material will be solely decided by the Engineer.
1223		(O) The finished man is 1.
1224		(8) The finished repaired pavement surface shall leave no ridges
1225		or valleys or fins of pavement other than those allowed below.

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1227	(9) Remedial repairs shall not leave any drainage structures'
1228	inlets higher than the surrounding pavement or alter the Contract
1229	Document's drainage pattern.
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1231	(10) For items in the pavement other than drainage structures, e.g.,
1232	manhole frame and covers, survey monuments, expansion joints
1233	etc., the finish pavement, ground or not, shall not be more than 1/4
1234	inch in elevation difference. Submit to the Engineer remedial repair
1235	method to correct these conditions for acceptance.
1236	'
1237	(11) Pick up immediately grinding operation residue by using a
1238	vacuum attached to grinding machine or other method acceptable to
1239	the Engineer.
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1241	(a) Any remaining residue shall be picked up before the
1242	end of shift or before the area is open to traffic, whichever is
1243	earlier.
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1245	(b) Prevent residue from flowing across pavement or from
1246	being left on pavement surface or both.
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1248	(c) Residue shall not be allowed to enter the drainage
1249	system.
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1251	(d) The residue shall not be allowed to dry or remain on the
1252	pavement.
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1254	(e) Dispose of all material that is the result of the remedial
1255	repair operation, e.g., HMA residue, wastewater, and dust at
1256	a legal facility.
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1258	(12) Complete corrective work before determining pavement
1259	thickness for HMA pavements in accordance with Subsection
1260	401.03(1) - HMA Pavement Thickness Tolerances.
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1262	(13) All HMA wearing surface areas that have been ground shall
1263	receive a coating, e.g., a coating material that will restore any lost
1264	impermeability of the HMA due to the grinding of the surface. The
1265	coating used shall not be picked up or tracked by passing vehicles
1266	or be degraded after a short period of time has passed, i.e., it shall
1267	have a service life equal to or greater than the HMA pavement. The
1268	coating shall not decrease the pavement's friction value. The
1269	coating's limits shall be the full width of the lane regardless how
1270	small. If the remedial repair area extends into the next lane, then
1271	the repair area will be full lane width also. Extend the length of
1272	coating areas in order for the coating area to look like the rest of the
1273	road and does not have patches on it, i.e., make the road look uniform
1274	in color. The coating shall beof a color that matches the surrounding
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1304 1305 1306 1307 1308 1309 1310 1311 1312 1313 1314 1315 1316 1317 1318

pavement. The areas receiving the coating shall not be open to traffic until it has cured enough so that it cannot be picked up or tracked by passing vehicles or degrade. Submit means and methods of the coating and type of coating to the Engineer or MTRB for review and acceptance. Do not proceed with the coating without acceptance from the Engineer.

- (14) Recompacting cold HMA, i.e., HMA that has reached ambient temperature is not an acceptable remedial repair method.
- (15) Replace all pavement markings damaged or discolored by remedial repairs.
- (16) Reprofile the corrected area and provide the Engineer the results that show the corrective action, i.e., remedial repairs were successful.

### (S) Pavement Smoothness and Acceptance.

- (1) Price and payment in various paving sections, e.g., 401 (Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement), shall be full compensation for all work and materials specified in the various paving sections and this section, including but not limited to furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, testing, incidentals and for doing all work involved in micro milling, milling (cold planing), grinding existing or new pavement, removing residue, cleaning the pavement, necessary disposal of residue, furnishing of any water or air used in cleaning the pavement and any other related ancillary work or material or services. Also, it includes any remedial work, e.g., re-paving, surface grinding, application of a coating, curing compound, and replacement of damaged pavement markings.
- (2) The contract price in those sections may be adjusted for pavement smoothness by the Engineer. The pavement smoothness contract unit price adjustments and work acceptance will be made in accordance with the following schedules.

TABLE 401.03-3-SMOOTHNESS PAY INCENTIVES		
Category	MRI (in/mi)	Pay Adjustment \$ per 0.1 mi
	< 30.0	\$580
	30.0- less than 35.0	\$480
	35.0- less than 40.0	\$380
Type A	40.0- less than 45.0	\$280
	45.0- less than 50.0	\$180
	50.0- less than 55.0	\$80
	55.0- less than 60.0	\$0
	< 35.0	\$420
	35.0- less than 40.0	\$360
	40.0- less than 45.0	\$300
T D	45.0- less than 50.0	\$240
Туре В	50.0- less than 55.0	\$180
	55.0- less than 60.0	\$120
	60.0- less than 65.0	\$60
	65.0- less than 70.0	\$0
	< 40.0	\$280
	40.0- less than 45.0	\$240
	45.0- less than 50.0	\$200
T. // C	50.0- less than 55.0	\$160
Type C	55.0- less than 60.0	\$120
	60.0- less than 65.0	\$80
	65.0- less than 70.0	\$40
	70.0- less than 75.0	\$0

1323 (3) Pay Pavement Smoothness Adjustment will be based of initial measured MRI for both left and right wheel path, prior to corrective work for the 0.10-mile section, except for sections that Contractor has chosen to remove and replace. For sections that replaced, assessments will be based on the MRI determined replacement.	o any at the at are
1330 (a) The Pavement Smoothness Adjustment wil	ll he
1331 computed using the plan surface area of pavement sho	
1332 the Contract Documents. This Pavement Smooth	
1333 Adjustment will apply to the total area of the 0.10-mile se	
for the lane width represented by MRI for the same la	
does not include any other price adjustments specified in	
1336 Contract Documents. Those price adjustments will be	
1337 each adjustment, calculated separately using the or	
1338 contract price to determine the amount of adjustment	_
1339 made to the contract price. Sections shorter than 0.1	
and longer than 50 feet shall be prorated.	IIIIIC
1341	
1342 <b>(b)</b> For 0.1 mile intervals with an average MRI abov	e the
1343 threshold shown in Table 401.03-3, the Engineer shall a	
a disincentive payment adjustment up to the limit showr	
1345	1.
i. For Types A and B, payment adjustments sha	all he
1347 applied up to an MRI of 95.0 per Table 401.03-4.	all bc
1348	
ii. For Type C, the payment adjustment sha	all be
1350 dependent on the average MRI of the pavement pr	
paving activities	
1352	
1353 1. If the MRI of the pavement prior to pa	aving
1354 activities is 125.0 in/mi or less, the pay	_
1355 adjustment shall be per Table 401.03-4.	
1356	
1357 2. If the MRI of the pavement prior to pa	aving
1358 activities is more than 125.0 in/mi,	_
1359 disincentive payment adjustment shall be	
1360 Table 401.03-5, and based on the pe	-
1361 improvement using the following formula:	
1362	
1363 % Improvement = (Initial segment MRI - Final seg	ment
1364 MRI) x 100 / (Initial Segment MRI)	
1365	
1366	

TABLE 401.03-4-SMOOTHNESS PAY DISINCENTIVES WITH MRI			
Category	MRI (in/mi)	Pay Adjustment \$ per 0.1 mi	
	60.0- less than 70.0	-\$100	
	70.0- less than 75.0	-\$250	
T A	75.0- less than 80.0	-\$350	
Type A	80.0- less than 85.0	-\$450	
	85.0- less than 95.0	-\$550	
	> 95.0	Corrective Work	
	70.0- less than 75.0	-\$100	
	75.0- less than 80.0	-\$200	
Type B	80.0- less than 85.0	-\$300	
	85.0- less than 95.0	-\$400	
	> 95.0	Corrective Work	
	75.0- less than 80.0	-\$50	
Type C	80.0- less than 85.0	-\$100	
(pre-paving	85.0- less than 90.0	-\$150	
MRI < 125)	90.0- less than 100.0	-\$200	
	> 100.0	-\$250	

TABLE 401.03-5 -SMOOTHNESS PAY DISINCENTIVES FOR PERCENT IMPROVEMENT		
Category	Percent Improvement %	Pay Adjustment \$ per 0.1 mi
Type C	≥ 40	\$0
(pre-paving MRI > 125)	20.0- less than 40.0	-\$100
	< 20	-\$200

1370		(c) Incentives will not apply to areas where payment
1371		deductions or remedial repairs has been made for non-
1372		compliant work, e.g., low compaction, thin pavement,
1373		thermal segregation, low compressive or flexural strength,
1374		non-compliant alignment. Incentives will also not apply to
1375		areas where corrective work was required to meet contract
1376		smoothness requirements, unless the pavement section was
1377		replaced. All areas where corrective work was performed
1378		shall be tested again to ensure the smoothness
1379		requirements are met.
1380		
1381		(d) There will be no incentive price adjustments to the
1382		contract prices regardless of the pavement meeting the
1383		Contract Documents' requirements for incentive contract
1384		price adjustment, when 25% of the total area paved of that
1385		particular type of pavement on the project has failed to meet
1386		any of the Contract document requirements, e.g.,
1387		smoothness, thickness, unit weight, asphalt content,
1388		pavement defects, compaction, flexural or compressive
1389		strength. Areas exempt from the smoothness requirements
1390		may not be included in the total area calculation unless it is
1391		non-compliant.
1392		·
1393		(e) For contracts using lump sum the method described in
1394		Subsection 104.06 Methods of Price Adjustment paragraph
1395		(3), will be used to calculated proportionate unit price, i.e.,
1396		the Engineer's calculated theoretical unit price. This
1397		calculated proportionate unit price will be used to calculate
1398		the unit price adjustment.
1399		
1400	401.04 Measurer	nent.
1401		
1402	(A) The E	ngineer will measure PMA pavement per ton in accordance
1403	with the Cont	ract Documents.
1404		
1405	( <b>B</b> ) Engine	eer will measure additional State pavement profiling work
1406	when applica	ble on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as
1407	ordered by E	ngineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement
1408	profile work d	one for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the
1409	billing was ba	sed on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The
1410	Contractor's	pavement profile work required in this section will not be
1411	measured ar	nd will be considered incidental to the various paving items
1412	unless stated	otherwise.
1413		
1414	401.05 Payment.	The Engineer will pay for the accepted PMA pavement at

the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will

1415

1416	be fu	all compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract
1417		ments.
1418		
1419		(A) Price and payment in Section 401 - PMA Pavement will be full
1420		compensation for all work and materials specified in this Section including
1421		furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, testing, pavement profiles
1422		and incidentals and for doing all work involved in grinding existing or new
1423		pavement, removing residue, and cleaning the pavement, including
1424		necessary disposal of residue and furnishing any water or air used in
1425		cleaning the pavement and remedial work needed to conform to the
1426		requirements of the Contract Documents.
1427		1
1428		(B) No payment for the Contractor's pavement profile work required in this
1429		section will be made. The Contractor's pavement profile work shall be
1430		considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise.
1431		1 3
1432		(C) Engineer will pay or deduct for the following pay items when included
1433		in proposal schedule:
1434		Professor some maner
1435		Pay Item Pay Unit
1436		
1437	(A)	PMA Pavement, Mix No Ton
1438	( )	,
1439		(1) 70% of the contract unit price or the theoretical calculated unit
1440		price upon completion of submitting a job-mix formula acceptable to
1441		the Engineer; preparing the surface, spreading, and finishing the
1442		mixture; and compacting the mixture.
1443		
1444		(2) 20% of the contract unit price or the theoretical calculated
1445		unit price upon completion of cutting samples from the compacted
1446		pavement for testing; placing and compacting the sampled area
1447		with new material conforming to the surrounding area; protecting
1448		the pavement; and compaction acceptance. Maintain temporary
1449		pavement markings and other temporary work zone items,
1450		maintain a clean work site.
1451		
1452		(3) 10% of the contract unit price or calculate the unit price
1453		when the final configuration of the pavement markings is in place.
1454		
1455		The Engineer will pay for adjusting existing frames and covers and
1456		e boxes in accordance with and under Section 604 - Manholes, Inlets
1457		Catch Basins. Adjustments for existing street survey monument frames
1458	and	covers will be paid for as if each were a valve box frame and cover.
1459		
1460		The Engineer may, at his sole discretion, use the sliding scale factor
1461		pecified in Table 401.05-1 - Sliding Scale Pay Factor for Compaction to
1462	acce	pt HMA pavements compacted between 90.0 percent and 98.0 percent. If

 the sliding scale factor is used, the Engineer will make payment for the material in that production day at a reduced price by multiplying the contract unit price by the pay factor. The Engineer is not obligated to allow non-compliant work to remain in place and may choose to require removal of the payement that is less than 93.0 percent or greater than 97.0 percent.

Removal of non-compliant pavement shall be in accordance with Subsection 105.12 Removal of Non-Conforming and Unauthorized Work.

Table 401.05-1 – Sliding Scale Pay Factor for Compaction		
Percent Compaction	Percent of Quantity Paid	
> 98.0	Removal	
97.1 - 98.0	95	
92.0 - 97.0	100	
90.0 - 91.9	80	
< 90.0	Removal	

**END OF SECTION 401"** 

2	SECTION 507 - RAILING
3	Make the following amendments to said Section:
4 5 6 7	(I) Amend <b>507.04 – Measurement</b> by revising lines 171 to 172 to read as follows:
8 9	<b>*507.04 Measurement.</b> The Engineer will not measure railings of the various types when contracted on a lump sum basis."
10 11 12	(II) Amend <b>507.05 – Payment</b> by revising lines 174 to 186 to read as follows:
13 14 15	<b>*507.05 Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the accepted quantities of railings at the contract lump sum price or linear foot as shown in the proposal.
16 17	Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.
18 19 20	The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when included in the proposal schedule:
21 22 23	Pay Item Pay Uni
24 25	Railing Lump Sum
26 27 28	The Engineer will pay for portions of railing bars that extend into slabs o beams in accordance with and under Section 602 - Reinforcing Steel."
29 30	
31 32	
33	END OF SECTION 507

1	Make the f	ollowing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3		"SECTION 509 – CONCRETE REHABILITATION
4 5 6 7 8		<b>Description.</b> This section describes the materials and workmanship repair concrete spalls and delaminations. All repairs shall be undertaken
9	509.02 I	Materials.
10 11	(A)	Repair Mortar. High Strength Repair Mortar: A high strength, factory
12 13 14 15 16	bler inhil type to o recc	ided repair material combined with a polymer type admixture, corrosion pitor admixture, super-plasticizing admixture and water. The polymer admixture shall be added at a ratio of at least 1 part polymer admixture ne to three parts of water (by volume) in accordance with manufacturer's immendations. In addition, the ratio of polymer solids to cement weight I not be less than 10%.
18	Silai	i flot be less than 1070.
19 20 21 22 23		(1) High Strength, Factory Blended Repair Materials. A fast- setting cementitious waterproof material (containing no gypsum) designed specifically for repairing concrete with the following minimum properties:
24		Compressive Strength (ASTM C109)
25 26		28 Days: 7,000 psi
27		Tensile Strength
28 29		28 Days: 900 psi
30		Flexural Strength
31		28 Days: 2,000 psi
32		
33		(2) Polymer Type Admixture. An acrylic latex bonding admixture
34		classified as non-reemulsifiable by the American Concrete Institute
35 36		and shall be specifically designed for use as an additive for Portland cement mixes to improve adhesion, water resistance, and mechanical
37		properties. The manufacturers' test data shall show that shear bond,
38		tensile, compressive and flexural strengths of admixture modified
39		cement mixes are at least 50 percent greater than unmodified cement
40		mixes. Material shall be as recommended by manufacturer for use in
41		areas subject to tidal wave action.
42		,
43		(3) Super-Plasticizing Admixture. High-range water-reducing
44		liquid admixture, ASTM C 494, Type F or G.
45		

46		(4) Water. Water shall be fresh, clean, and potable.
47		
48	(B)	Materials for Forms. Provide wood, plywood, or steel. Use plywood
49	or ste	el forms where a smooth form finish is required. Lumber shall be
50	square	e edged or tongue-and-groove boards, free of raised grain, knotholes,
51	or oth	er surface defects. Plywood: PS 1, B-B concrete form panels or better.
52	Steel	form surfaces shall not contain irregularities, dents, or sags.
53		
54	(C)	Reinforcement.
55		
56		(1) Reinforcing Bars. ACI 301 unless otherwise specified. ASTM
57		A 706, Grade 60 unless otherwise noted.
58		
59	(D)	Materials for Curing Concrete.
60		
61		(1) Impervious Sheeting. ASTM C 171; waterproof paper, clear
62		or white polyethylene sheeting, or polyethylene-coated burlap.
63		
64		(2) Pervious Sheeting. AASHTO M 182.
65		(O) Limid Manchana Familia Octobra ACTM 0 200 white
66		(3) Liquid Membrane-Forming Compound. ASTM C 309, white-
67 68		pigmented, Type 2, Class B, free of paraffin or petroleum.
68 69	(E)	Joint Sealants.
70	(-)	Joint Sealants.
71		(1) Horizontal Surfaces (3 percent slope, maximum). ASTM C
72		920, Type S or M, Grade NS, Class 25, Use T.
73		526, 13p6 6 61 m, Grade 116, Glass 26, 666 1.
74		(2) Horizontal Surfaces (greater than 3 percent slope). ASTM
75		C 920, Type S or M, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
76		
77	(H)	Bonding Compound.
78	` ,	
79		(1) <b>Epoxy Bonding Compound.</b> ASTM C 881, Type IV and V,
80		Class C, except that epoxy shall be moisture insensitive before, during
81		and after cure. Provide Grade 1 or 2 for horizontal surfaces and
82		Grade 3 for vertical surfaces.
83		
84		(2) Polymer Bonding Compound. Provide bonding agent
85		conforming to ASTM C 1059 for polymer modified concrete and
86		mortar.
87	(E)	Concrete Anti-correcive Costing (Migrating Correcion Inhibitor)
88	(F)	Concrete Anti-corrosive Coating (Migrating Corrosion Inhibitor).
89 90		rete anti-corrosive coating for repaired concrete surfaces and all
70	CYIPIII	ng concrete surfaces shall be a water-based corrosion inhibiting

91 92	impregnation coating for hardened condition independently of orientation (horizontal,	vertical and overhead), and shall be
93 94 95	a continuous film on the reinforcing stee steel surface. The material shall meet o	
93 96 97	Viscosity (Brookfield Viscometer, Spind	le #1, Speed 100): 15 cps
98 99	Appearance: Pale Yellow	
100 101	•	nes in 28 days ondary Neutron Mass Spectroscopy)
102 103 104	Flash Point: None (water-based)	
105 106	Density: 9.4 lbs/gal	
107 108	pH: 11 (+1)	
109 110 111 112 113	(G) Acceptable Concrete Repair a materials used shall be furnished from t used as a system. Acceptable concrete or pre-reviewed equal shall be as follow	repair materials by Sika Corporation
114 115	Repair Type	Sika Product
116 117 118	Concrete anti-corrosive coating (migrating corrosion inhibitor)	Ferrogard 903
119 120	Bonding agent	Sikadur 32, Hi-Mod
121 122	Anti-corrosion epoxy coat for reinforcing	
123 124	Trowel grade repair mortar	Sikatop 122 Plus
125 126	Non-sag repair mortar	Sikatop 123 Plus
127 128 129	Form & pour repair mortar	Sikatop 111 Plus
130 131	509.03 Construction.	
132 133 134	<b>(A) Submittals.</b> Submittals shall Standard Specs Section 105.02.	be submitted in accordance with
134	(1) Product Data. Submit the	e following:

136								
137		(a)	Materi	als for curing co	oncrete			
138								
139		(b)	Joint s	ealant				
140			_					
141		(c)	Epoxy	bonding adhes	ives			
142		( al\	0	_44::	4!	/:		
143		(d)		ete anti-corrosi	ve coating	g (migrati	ng corro	sion
144 145		inhibit	.01)					
146		(e)	Datchi	ng mortar				
147		(6)	i atom	ng mortai				
148		(f)	Polym	er modified con	crete and	mortar		
149		(-)	. Giyiii	or mouniou con	oroto arra	mortai		
150		(g)	Corros	sion inhibitor ad	mixture			
151		(3)						
152	(2)	Desig	ın Data	. Submit desig	n data for	the followi	ng:	
153								
154		(a)	Job M	ix Formula				
155								
156		(b)	Trial B	atches				
157	(0)							
158	(3)	Test	Reports	<b>5.</b>				
159		(-)	Λ					-
160		(a)		gates: Sieve an	aiysis in ad	ccordance	WITH AS I	IVI C
161 162		130 a	iiu AS i	M C 117.				
163		(b)	Enovy	Resin System	· ASTM	C 881 i	including	the
164		follow		rtesiii Oysteii	i. AOTIVI	C 001, 1	including	uic
165		IOIIOW	iiig.					
166			i)	Viscosity				
167			-,	,				
168			ii)	Consistency				
169			,	•				
170			iii)	Gel time				
171								
172			iv)	Absorption				
173								
174			v)	Shrinkage				
175				<b>T</b>	(*) *)**			
176			vi)	Thermal compa	atibility			
177	(4)	C~-4:4	iootoo	Qubmit sort	ficatos et	f complier	noon for	tha
178 179	(4)		icates.	Submit certi	ncates of	compliar	ices ior	uie
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226	of 7,000 psi at 28 days.
227	
228	(6) Description of Work. In the ACI publications referred to
229	herein, the advisory provisions shall be considered to be mandatory,
230	as though the word "shall" has been substituted for "should" wherever
231	it appears; reference to the "Building Official," the "Structural
232	Engineer," and the "Architect/Engineer" shall be interpreted to mean
233	the Engineer.
234	and Engineer.
235	(7) Delivery and Storage. Inspect materials delivered to site for
236	damage, unload and store with a minimum of handling. Deliver all
237	
	epoxy resin components, patching materials and aggregates in
238	original sealed containers and store in dry covered areas at
239	temperatures below 90 degrees F.
240	(0) O. S. ( D (1)
241	(8) Safety Precautions.
242	( ) D : 1 O ( ) ( )   1 : 11   1   1   1   1   1   1   1
243	(a) Provide Contractor personnel with and require them to
244	use impervious clothing, gloves, face shields (eight-inch
245	minimum), and other appropriate protective clothing necessary
246	to prevent any possibility of skin contact with uncured resin
247	components.
248	
249	<b>(b)</b> Place clothing contaminated with uncured resin
250	components in closed containers for storage until it can be
251	discarded or until provision is made for the removal of
252	contaminants from the clothing.
253	
254	(c) Non-impervious clothing which becomes contaminated
255	with uncured epoxy resin components shall be removed
256	immediately and not reworn until the contaminant is removed
257	from the clothing.
258	•
259	(d) Use splash proof safety goggles.
260	(4) 4 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
261	(e) Provide an eyewash fountain capable of providing not
262	less than 15 minutes of water within the immediate work area
263	where liquid resin components will be used; portable eyewash
264	fountains which will provide 15 minutes of water is acceptable.
265	Touritains which will provide to minutes of water is acceptable.
266	(f) Wash immediately with soap and water to remove liquid
267	resin components in contact with skin.
268	Toom components in contact with skin.
269	(g) No eating and smoking in areas where resin
	ίθ,
270	components are handled, processed, or stored.

- **(h)** Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling resin components before eating, smoking, or using toilet facilities.
- (9) Weather Limitations. Work shall not proceed when weather conditions detrimentally affect the quality of patching or bonding concrete. Apply epoxy resin materials only when the contact surfaces are completely dry and if the atmospheric temperature range is suitable for the specified type of epoxy adhesive or grout material.
- **(B) Equipment.** The Equipment for blending the epoxy resin and repair materials shall be approved by the Contractor's quality control specialist. A suitable capacity metal or polyethylene container recommended by the epoxy manufacturer shall be used as the mixing vessel for blending the epoxy resin. Mixing shall be accomplished using a power drive (air or spark-proof) propeller type blade except that hand mixing may be used for small batches. Equipment for field mixing of epoxy resin shall be as specified by the epoxy manufacturer.

### (C) Construction Procedures.

(1) General. ACI 318/318R, ACI 503R, ACI 503.2, ACI 503.4 for epoxy resin systems. Mix the repair materials with or without fillers in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instruction. All applications of the mixed materials shall be performed within the working life or pot life of the repair system. Unused mixed materials which have reached the end of the working or pot life shall be removed from the job site at the Contractor's expense. Field mixing and size of batch shall be determined by the Contractor. Repair systems shall be provided as indicated and required by this specification.

# (2) Repair Mortar.

(a) Preparation of Repair Area. Remove loose concrete, oil, dirt, and coatings, from the spalled areas indicated to expose clean, sound concrete. Inspect the cavity for any remaining defective concrete by tapping with a hammer or steel rod throughout the indicated areas and listening for dull or hollow sounds. In areas where tapping does not produce a solid tone, remove additional concrete until testing produces a solid tone. Use a high frequency chipping hammer or concrete saw to deepen cavity. Make saw cuts to depths as indicated at a minimum distance of two inches outside the farthest edge of the spall or as indicated on the drawings. Roughen saw cut

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surfaces by power wire brushing or other acceptable means. Remove residual fines from all surfaces. Remove all rust from reinforcing steel by power wire brushing to expose clean, sound bare metal. Replace damaged reinforcing steel where indicated. Protect cleaned area from contaminating materials that may affect the bonding of the repair material. Provide a catchment/containment device to catch loose concrete, oil, dirt and coatings from the spalled areas during surface preparation.

- (b) Spalls at Joint. Spalls to be repaired that are adjacent to all joints and working cracks shall have preformed joint filler of proper dimensions inserted to the bottom of the chipped spall cavities and shall be extended a minimum of one inch beyond (horizontally) the entire working faces of the spall. The joint filler strip shall be secured in place prior to and during placement of repair material. A bituminous cement bond breaker shall be applied to all working faces at keyed joints. Care shall be exercised to keep bituminous cement bond breaker off of concrete surface to be bonded. After the repair has completely cured, the top inch of the preformed joint filler shall be sawed out at the top of the slab and liquid joint sealer installed.
- **(c) Mixing Materials.** Make batches small enough to assure placement before binder sets.
- (d) Prime Coat. Coat existing reinforcing steel with an epoxy resin adhesive as specified in Subsection 509(F)(3)(b) "Application of Epoxy Resin Adhesive Over Reinforcing Steel". Prime all surfaces and around all reinforcing steel with a bonding compound as specified in Subsection 509.02(J) "Bonding Compound". Scrub prime coat into the surface with a stiff bristle brush. Apply coating in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. At contractor's option, for polymer modified concrete that will be formed and poured, bonding compound may be omitted if acceptable to the contractor and subject to Engineer's approval.
- **(e) Preparation.** Mix patching material in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- (f) Placement of Repair Material. Place repair material in thin layers as recommended by the manufacturer. Each intermediate layer shall be cross-scratched for mechanical

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bonding. All layers for each repair shall be placed on the same day. Use vibratory floats, plates, or hand tampers to consolidate the repair material. Level each layer and screed the final surface. Remove excess repair material on adjacent surfaces before it hardens. Do not feather out onto adjacent surfaces. Upon completion of finishing operations, cure in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Protect repairs from wave and tidal action with watertight forms and/or covers until the repairs are properly cured.

- **(3) Non-pressure Epoxy Grout.** Prepare grout in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
  - (a) Cementing Dowels. Immediately prior to placing the dowel, clean the hole of dust and other deleterious material. Fill the hole with non-pressure epoxy grout to a level that leaves enough space for the dowel without overflowing. Insert the dowel in the hole and tap down. If necessary add more grout.
- (D) Placing Reinforcement and Miscellaneous Material. ACI 301. Provide bars, wire fabric, wire ties, supports, and other devices necessary to install and secure reinforcement. Reinforcement shall not contain rust, scale, oil, grease, clay, and foreign substances that would reduce the bond. Rusting of reinforcement is a basis of rejection if the effective cross sectional area or the nominal weight per foot of the reinforcement has been reduced to less than specified in Subsection 509.02 (G)(1) entitled "Reinforcing Bars." Remove loose rust prior to placing steel.
  - (1) **Tolerances.** Place reinforcement and secure with epoxy coated or noncorrodible chairs, spacers, or metal hangers.
  - (2) Installation of Epoxy Filled Anchors. Install epoxy filled anchors in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions. The anchor bars/rods shall be clean of dirt, dust, paint, grease, oil, rust, or other contamination or other coating which would prevent direct coating adhesion. Drill proper sized holes. Clean out hole with wire brush and blowout-bulb or blowout hose attaches to the injector tool. Prior to injection, discharge approximately one fluid ounce of epoxy; the epoxy color shall match the color band on the nozzle valve nut. Insert the nozzle into the bottom of the hole and fill the hole to 1/2 the hole depth. Insert the selected bar/rod slowly by hand into the bottom of the hole using a slow twisting motion to ensure the epoxy fills the voids and crevices. Hardening will begin in approximately 7 minutes at room temperature.

- (3) Splicing. AWS D1.1 and AWS D1.4 as applicable. Splices shall be approved prior to use. Do not splice at points of maximum stress. All welded joints shall be cleaned to bare metal and epoxy coated.
- (4) Welding. Welding operations in confined spaces shall meet applicable requirements of OSHA 29 CFR 1910. Welding shall conform to AWS D1.4; only competent, experienced, certified welders shall be employed. Three test samples, using six lengths of No. 9 bars shall be made by each welder under similar field conditions which will be encountered in the project. Samples shall have a lap of six inches and shall be made in the following positions: flat, vertical, and overhead. One sample shall be cut and the other two tested in tension to check the quality and strength of the weld. Cost of testing shall be paid for by the Contractor.
- (5) Setting Miscellaneous Material. Place and secure anchors and bolts, pipe sleeves, conduits, and other such items in position before concrete placement. Plumb anchor bolts and check location end elevation. Temporarily fill voids in sleeves with readily removable material to prevent the entry of concrete.
- **(E)** Forms. ACI 301. Provide forms, shoring, and scaffolding for concrete placement unless indicated or specified otherwise. Set forms mortar-tight and true to line and grade. Chamfer above grade exposed joints, edges, and external corners of concrete to match existing adjacent condition unless otherwise indicated. Provide formwork with clean-out openings to permit inspection and removal of debris.
  - (1) Coating. Before concrete placement, coat the contact surfaces of forms with a nonstaining material oil, nonstaining form coating compound, or two coats of nitrocellulose lacquer. Do not use mineral oil on forms for surfaces to which adhesive, paint, or other finish material is to be applied.
  - (2) Removal of Forms. Prevent concrete damage during form removal. After placing concrete, forms shall remain in place for the minimum time periods specified in Subsection 509.03 (H)(4) "Curing Periods and Minimum Temperatures."
- **(F) Measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete.** ASTM C94, ACI 301, ACI 302.1R, and ACI 304R, except as modified herein.
  - (1) Mixing. ASTM C94 and ASTM C 685 where applicable.

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Machine mix concrete. Begin mixing within 30 minutes after the cement has been added to the aggregates. Place concrete within 90 minutes of either addition of mixing water to cement and aggregates or addition of cement to aggregates if the air temperature is less than 85 degrees F. Reduce mixing time and place concrete within 60 minutes if the air temperature is greater than 85 degrees F.

- **(2) Transporting.** Transport concrete from the mixer to the forms as rapidly as practicable. Prevent segregation or loss of ingredients. Clean transporting equipment thoroughly before each batch. Do not use aluminum pipe or chutes. Remove concrete which has segregated in transporting and dispose of as directed.
- (3) Placing. Place concrete as soon as practicable after the forms and the reinforcement have been inspected and approved. Do not place concrete when weather conditions prevent proper placement and consolidation; in uncovered areas during periods of precipitation; or in standing water. Prior to placing concrete, remove dirt, construction debris and water from within the forms. Deposit concrete as close as practicable to the final position in the forms. Do not exceed a free vertical drop of 3 feet from the point of discharge. Place concrete in one continuous operation from one end of the structure towards the other.
  - (a) **Vibration.** ACI 301. Furnish a spare vibrator on the job site whenever concrete is placed. Consolidate concrete slabs greater than 4 inches in depth with high frequency, internal, mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand spading and tamping. Consolidate concrete slabs 4 inches or less in depth by wood tampers, spading, and settling with a heavy leveling straight edge. Operate vibrators with vibratory element submerged in the concrete, with a minimum frequency of not less than 6000 impulses per minute when submerged. Do not use vibrators approximately 18 inches apart. Penetrate the previously placed lift with the vibrator when more than one lift is required. Place concrete in 18-inch maximum vertical lifts. External vibrators shall be used on the exterior surface of the forms when internal vibrators do not provide adequate consolidation of the concrete.
  - (b) Application of Epoxy Resin Adhesive Over Reinforcing Steel. ACI 503R and ACI 503.2. Clean existing reinforcing steel as specified in Subsection 509.03(C)(2)(a) "Preparation of Repair Area". Apply a thin coat of compound to existing reinforcing steel. Allow epoxy resin adhesive to dry

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prior to concrete placement. Follow manufacturer's instructions regarding safety and health precautions when working with epoxy-resins.

Hot Weather Concreting. ACI 305R. Provide and (d) maintain required concrete temperature using Figure 2.1.5 in ACI 305R to prevent the evaporation rate from exceeding 0.2 pound of water per square foot of exposed concrete per hour. Cool ingredients before mixing or use other suitable means to control concrete temperature and prevent rapid drying of newly placed concrete. Shade the fresh concrete as soon as possible after placing. Start curing when the surface of the fresh concrete is sufficiently hard to permit curing without damage. Provide water hoses, pipes, spraying equipment, and water hauling equipment (where worksite is remote to water source) to maintain a moist concrete surface throughout the Provide burlap cover or other suitable, permeable material with fog spray or continuous wetting of the concrete when weather conditions prevent the use of either liquid membrane curing compound or impervious sheets. For vertical surfaces, protect forms from direct sunlight and add water to top of structure once concrete

## (G) Surface Finishes.

(1) **Defects.** Repair formed surfaces by removing minor honeycombs, pits greater than one square inch surface area or 0.25 inch maximum depth, or otherwise defective areas. Provide edges perpendicular to the surface and patch with nonshrink grout. Patch tie holes and defects when the forms are removed. Concrete with extensive honeycomb (including exposed steel reinforcement, cold joints, entrapped debris, separated aggregate, or other defects) which affect the serviceability or structural strength will be rejected, unless correction of defects is approved. Obtain approval of corrective action prior to repair. The surface of the concrete shall not vary more than the allowable tolerances of ACI 347R. Exposed surfaces shall be uniform in appearance and finished to a smooth form finish unless otherwise specified.

#### (2) All Surfaces.

(a) Formed and Unformed Surfaces. The finished surface of concrete repairs shall match existing color, texture, and profile of immediately adjacent surfaces in original composition design, color, and texture. If a radius, chamfer, recess or

groove is encountered in the work and continues through the area to be repaired, the radius, chamfer, recess or groove shall be reproduced in the repairs.

- **(H)** Curing and Protection. ACI 301 unless otherwise specified. Begin curing immediately following form removal. Protect concrete from injurious action by sun, rain, flowing water, mechanical injury, tire marks, and oil stains. Do not allow concrete to dry out from time of placement until the expiration of the specified curing period. If forms are removed prior to the expiration of the curing period, provide another curing procedure specified herein for the remaining portion of the curing period.
  - (1) **Moist Curing.** Provide for the removal of water without erosion or damage to the structure.
    - (a) Ponding or Immersion. Continually immerse the concrete throughout the curing period. Water shall not be more than 20 degrees F less than the temperature of the concrete.
    - **(b) Fog Spraying or Sprinkling.** Provide uniform and continuous application of water throughout the curing period.
    - (c) Pervious Sheeting. Completely cover surface and edges of the concrete with two thicknesses of wet sheeting. Overlap sheeting 6 inches over adjacent sheeting. Sheeting shall be at least as long as the width of the surface to be cured. During application, do not drag the sheeting over the finished concrete nor over sheeting already placed. Wet sheeting thoroughly and keep continuously wet throughout the curing period.
    - (d) Impervious Sheeting. Wet the entire exposed surface of the concrete thoroughly with a fine spray of water and cover with impervious sheeting throughout the curing period. Lay sheeting directly on the concrete surface and overlap edges 12 inches minimum. Provide sheeting not less than 18 inches wider than the concrete surface to be cured. Secure edges and transverse laps to form closed joints. Repair torn or damaged sheeting or provide new sheeting. Cover or wrap columns, walls, and other vertical structural elements from the top down with impervious sheeting, overlap and continuously tape sheeting joints, and introduce sufficient water to soak the entire surface prior to completely enclosing.

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- (2) Liquid Membrane-Forming Compound Curing. Seal or cover joint openings prior to application of curing compound. Prevent curing compound from entering the joint. Provide and maintain compound on the concrete surface throughout the curing period. Do not use this method of curing where the use of Figure 2.1.5 in ACI 305R indicates that hot weather conditions will cause an evaporation rate exceeding 0.2 pound of water per square foot per hour.
  - (a) Application. Unless the manufacturer recommends otherwise, apply compound immediately after the surface loses its water sheen and has a dull appearance, and before joints are sawed. Mechanically agitate curing compound thoroughly during use. Use approved power-spraying equipment to uniformly apply two coats of compound in a continuous operation. The total coverage for the two coats shall be 200 square feet maximum per gallon of undiluted compound unless otherwise recommended by the manufacturer's written instructions. The compound shall form a uniform, continuous, coherent film that will not check, crack, or peel. Immediately apply an additional coat of compound to areas where the film is defective. Respray concrete surfaces subjected to rainfall within 3 hours after the curing compound application.
  - **(b) Protection of Treated Surfaces.** Prohibit foot and other sources of abrasion for not less than 72 hours after compound application. Maintain continuity of the coating for the entire curing period and immediately repair any damage.
- (3) Curing Periods and Minimum Temperatures. After placing concrete, maintain air temperature adjacent to the concrete at 60 degrees F minimum for the specified time period, or 70 degrees F minimum for a period of 3 days after placing, unless otherwise directed.
  - (a) Additional Curing. Double the required curing period if either one or the average of both 7-day test cylinders indicate less than 90 percent of the strength specified (f'c).
- (4) Concrete Migrating Corrosion Inhibitor. After concrete repairs are completed and accepted by Contractor's quality control specialist, coat entire bridge concrete surface. Apply coating per manufacturer's recommendations. Provide a minimum of two coats at 200 square foot per gallon per coat, or as recommended by the manufacturer.

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632	(I) Inspection. Examine material at th	•
633	material referenced in the report of test re	sults or certificate of compliance.
634	Surface preparations and application pro-	cedures will be examined by the
635	Engineer to determine conformance w	ith the requirements specified.
636	Approve each separate operation prior to in	nitiation of subsequent operations.
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638	(J) Manufacturer's Representative.	
639	technical representative to be available to	o be at the project site to advise
640	installer of proper procedures and precauti	ons for the use of materials and to
641	check installation as required.	
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643	509.04 Measurement.	
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645	(A) The Engineer will measure spalls/	delaminations per square foot in
646	accordance with the contract documents.	
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648	(B) The Engineer will measure rein	nforcing splices per pound in
649	accordance with the contract documents.	
650		
651	<b>509.05</b> Payment. The Engineer will pay for the	
652	at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the	
653	be full compensation for the work prescribed in	this section and in the contract
654	documents.	
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656	The Engineer will pay for each of the follow	ing pay items when included in the
657	proposal schedule:	
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659	Pay Item	Pay Unit
660		
661	Repair Concrete Delaminations and Spalls	Square Foot
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663	Reinforcing Splices	Pound
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665		
666	END OF SECTION	509

1	Amend Section 511 - DRILLED SHAFTS to read as follows:
2 3 4	"SECTION 511 - DRILLED SHAFTS
5 6 7 8 9	<b>511.01 Description.</b> This section is for installing drilled shafts according to the contract. Drilled shafts include reinforced or unreinforced concrete with or without concrete bell footings.
10 11	511.02 Materials. Materials shall conform to the following:
12 13 14	<b>(A) Portland Cement Concrete.</b> Portland cement concrete shall conform to Section 601 - Structural Concrete, except concrete shall have a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 5,500 pounds per square inch.
15 16 17 18 19 20	The in-place concrete shall have minimum 28-day compressive strength f'c = 5500 pounds per square inch and maximum water to cement ratio of 0.40 based on a maximum cementitious material content of 640 pounds per cubic yard. The in-place concrete density shall not be less than 3 pounds per cubic foot below the theoretical mix design density.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Proportion the concrete mix designs to get properties of high workability, compaction under self-weight, resistance to segregation, and resistance to excessive bleeding. The maximum nominal aggregate size shall be 0.75 inch. The slump range shall be 7.0 inches $\pm$ 1.0 inch for concrete poured into a water free borehole and 8.0 inches $\pm$ 1.0 inch for concrete placed under water or under drilling slurry. Slump for the concrete shall be a minimum of four inches after four hours from initial mixing.
30 31	The Engineer will permit superplasticizers.
32 33 34	<b>(B) Reinforcing Steel.</b> Reinforcing steel shall conform to Section 602 - Reinforcing Steel.
35 36 37 38	<b>(C) Casings.</b> Casings shall have inside diameters not less than the required diameter of the shafts and wall thicknesses specified or adequate to withstand construction loads and stresses.
39 40 41	<b>(D) Cement Grout</b> . Cement grout used for filling the cored holes, shall be prepackaged, non-shrink, non-metallic, and non-gaseous grout.
42 43	511.03 Construction
44 45 46 47	<b>(A) Qualifications of Drilled Shaft Contractor.</b> Be capable of installing drilled shafts and other related work as specified in the contract and shall have the following minimum experience requirements below.

(1) Drilled Shaft Experience. Because of the expertise required to successfully complete the drilled shafts according to the contract, a qualified drilled shaft Contractor shall install the drilled shaft. The drilled shaft Contractor shall have installed at least three projects completed in the last three years on which the Contractor has installed a minimum of five drilled shafts per project of a diameter and length similar to those shown in the contract. Include in list of projects, names and phone numbers of owner's representatives who can verify the drilled shaft contractor's participation on those projects. Drilled shaft Contractor shall have on its payroll and on the project for the entire duration, supervisory personnel who have participated in drilled shaft construction, similar to the type proposed in the contract, for duration of at least three years within the last 10 years.

# (B) Preconstruction Requirements.

- (1) Experience Information. Submit the following information to the Engineer within 30 days after award of contract for acceptance by the Engineer:
  - (a) List of drilled shaft projects completed in the past 10 years. The list of projects shall contain the names and phone numbers of owner's representatives who can verify participation on that project.
  - (b) Name and experience record of the drilled shaft superintendent who will be in charge of drilled shaft operations for this project. Drilled shaft superintendent shall have minimum three years experience within the last 10 years in drilled shaft construction similar to type proposed. Drilled shaft superintendent shall remain on the project for the duration of the drilled shaft work. Drilled shaft superintendent who leaves the project shall be replaced with personnel with equal or better experience. Submit proposed superintendent's name and experience record for acceptance.
- **(C) Protection of Existing Structures.** Prevent damage to existing structures and utilities. Preventive measures shall include:
  - (1) Selecting construction methods and procedures that will prevent caving of the shaft excavation and
  - (2) Monitoring and controlling the vibrations from construction activities such as the driving of casing or sheeting or drilling of the shaft
- **(D) Installation Plan.** At least 30 days before constructing the drilled shafts, submit an installation plan for acceptance by the Engineer. This plan shall at a minimum provide information on the following:
  - (1) List of proposed equipment such as cranes, drills, augers, bailing buckets, final cleaning equipment, concrete pumps, and casing,

- (2) Details of construction operation sequence and the sequence of shaft construction in bents or groups,
- (3) Details of shaft excavation methods including how the excavated material from the drilled shaft will be controlled on site and removed; and method of setting and extracting casing,
- (4) Details of methods to ensure shaft stability, including prevention of caving or bottom heave using casings or other means accepted by the Engineer. If casings are to be used, submit dimensions and detailed installation and dewatering procedures for temporary casings; and removal procedures for temporary casing.
- **(5)** If the Contractor plans to use slurry, details of the methods to mix, circulate and desand slurry,
- (6) Details of methods to clean the shaft excavation,
- (7) Details of reinforcement placement including lifting, support, and centralization methods,
- (8) Details of concrete placement including proposed operational procedures for pumping method,
- (9) Proposed concrete mix design, including expected strengths at 3,7, and 28 days. Submit test results of both a trial mix and a slump loss test, conducted by State-accepted testing laboratory using methods specified in Section 601 Structural Concrete. Tests shall demonstrate that concrete meets 4-hour plasticity requirement at expected ground ambient temperature and at highest expected ambient air temperature (two separate slump loss tests required), and

The Engineer will evaluate the drilled shaft installation plan for conformance with the contract documents. Within 30 days after receipt of the plan, the Engineer will notify the Contractor of additional information required including if applicable, changes necessary to meet the contract requirements. The Engineer will reject parts of the installation plan that are unacceptable. The Contractor shall resubmit changes for re-evaluation within 15 days. The Engineer will have another 30 days to review all resubmittals. Procedural acceptance given by the Engineer shall be subject to trial in the field. The acceptance shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to complete the work according to the contract.

- **(E).** Construction Requirements. This subsection shall be applicable to production drilled shafts unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
  - (1) Construction Sequence. Drilling of shafts within a horizontal distance of 3.0 times the shaft diameter to the hole being drilled shall not

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commence until a minimum of 24 hours after the drilled shaft has been completed by placement of concrete to the top of shaft elevation in order to avoid interaction effects between adjacent shafts.

- **(2)** Construction Methods. Excavate for shafts to the dimensions and elevations shown in the contract. Its methods and equipment shall be suitable for the intended purpose and materials met. Use the permanent casing method only when required by the contract or authorized by the Engineer. Blasting shall not be permitted.
  - (a) Dry Construction Method. The dry method includes drilling the shaft excavation, removing accumulated water and loose material from the excavation, and placing the reinforcing cage and shaft concrete in a dry excavation. Use this method only at sites where the groundwater table and soil conditions are suitable to permit construction of the shaft in a dry excavation. The Engineer will inspect the sides and bottom of the shaft visually before placing the concrete. Dry excavation is defined as an excavation where maximum depth of water does not exceed 3 inches.
  - (b) Wet Construction Method. This method includes using water, mineral, or polymer slurry to maintain stability of the hole perimeter while advancing the excavation to final depth, placing the reinforcing cage, and concreting the shaft. Use this method at sites where a dry excavation for placement of the shaft concrete cannot be maintained

Reuse drilling water only if permitted by the Engineer and contingent upon control of unit weight to no more than 62.5 pounds per cubic foot and Marsh funnel viscosity to not more than 27 seconds per quart, at the time drilling water is introduced into the borehole.

When locating drilled shafts in open water areas, extend the exterior casings from above the water elevation into the ground. Install the exterior casing to produce a positive seal at the bottom of the casing so that no intrusion or extrusion of water or other materials occurs into or from the shaft excavation.

(c) Casing Construction Method. The temporary casing method may be used at sites where the dry or wet construction methods are inadequate. Use permanent casing method only when required by the contract documents or authorized by Engineer. The casing may be placed either in a predrilled hole or advanced through the ground by twisting, driving, or vibration before cleaning the casing.

193	(F)	Excavation.
194		(4) Consider Make the shaft associations at leasting and to shaft
195		(1) General. Make the shaft excavations at locations, and to shaft
196		geometry and dimensions shown in the contract. After acceptance by the
197		Engineer, adjust drilled shaft tip elevations when the material met during
198		excavation is unsuitable and/or differs from that anticipated in the design of
199		the drilled shaft.
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201		Maintain a construction method log during shaft excavation. Submit
202		method log within 24 hours of shaft drilling completion. The log shall contain
203		information such as:
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205		(a) Excavation diameters;
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207		(b) Equipment used;
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209		(c) Type of material excavated with the elevations of the material;
210		,
211		(d) Rate of excavation including time drilling started, when
212		different material is encountered, tool changes, finish of shaft
213		excavation, and difficulties encountered;
214		oxediation, and announced endouncered,
215		(e) The description of and approximate top and bottom elevation
216		of each soil or rock material encountered.
217		of Cach Soll of Took material effectificies.
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		(f) Elevation and approximate rate of any seepage or
219		groundwater; and
220		(a) Demonto including temperaturate page
221		(g) Remarks, including temporary stoppages
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223		Any drilled shaft concrete over the theoretical amount required to fill
224		any excavations for the shafts dimensioned on the plans shall be furnished
225		at no additional cost.
226		
227		On projects with cofferdams, provide a certified diver to inspect the
228		cofferdam conditions when the contract requires a concrete seal for
229		construction. Before placing the concrete seal, the diver shall inspect the
230		cofferdam interior periphery. The cofferdam interior periphery inspection
231		includes each sheeting indentation and around each drilled shaft.
232		
233		Dispose the excavated material according to Section
234		203 - Excavation and Embankment.
235		
236		Furnish drilled shaft concrete required to fill excavations for shafts
237		dimensioned in the contract documents.
238		
239		Do not permit workers to enter the shaft excavation unless:
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- (a) A suitable casing is in place.
- **(b)** The water level is lowered and stabilized below the level the workers will occupy, and
- **(c)** Adequate safety equipment and procedures are provided, performed and in place.
- (2) Excavation and Drilling Equipment. The excavation and drilling equipment shall have adequate capacity including power, torque, and down thrust to excavate a hole to the maximum diameter and to a depth of ten feet or 20% beyond the depths shown in the contract, whichever is greater.

The excavation and overreaming tools shall be of adequate design, size, and strength to do the work shown in the contract.

A portion of the project is underlain by rock fill materials. The Contractor shall exercise care when drilling through the anticipated rock fill materials so as not to disturb the adjacent utilities and pavement. Use of a temporary casing may be required in the upper portion of the borehole within the rock fill materials and soft soils. If undermining occurs below the adjacent asphalt pavement during drilling, CLSM or concrete backfill shall be placed in the annular area between the casing and the sides of the borehole. The casing will become permanent and the upper portion of the casing that extends into the pile cap shall be removed.

(a) Special Drilling Equipment. When conventional earth augers and/or underreaming tools cannot be used for drilling, provide special drilling equipment including rock core barrels, rock tools, air tools and other equipment as necessary to construct the shaft excavation to the size and depth required.

The use of special drilling equipment and/or procedures will be necessary to drill through the cobbles and boulders, and the basalt rock formation. The Contractor shall anticipate encountering an abundance of boulders of various sizes in deposits classified as "fill", "alluvium", and "residual soil" on the boring logs and shall make allowance for difficult drilling in his bid. In addition, the Contractor shall make allowance for difficult drilling in his bid within the basalt rock formation. The cost for the use of special drilling equipment and procedures necessary to drill through the cobbles and boulders, and basalt rock formation shall be incidental to unclassified shaft excavation. The Engineer will not permit blasting.

**(b) Sidewall Overreaming.** When the sidewall of the hole has softened, swelled, or degraded, sidewall overreaming will be required by the Engineer. Overreaming thickness shall be a minimum of 0.5 inch and a maximum of 3.0 inches. The Contractor

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may overream with a grooving tool or overreaming bucket. The thickness and elevation of sidewall overreaming shall be according to the contract or as directed by the Engineer. Overream sidewall and place additional shaft concrete at no cost to the State.

- (3) Unclassified Excavation. When the contract designates drilled shaft excavation as unclassified, provide the necessary equipment to remove and dispose of materials met in forming the drilled shaft excavation, including installation of temporary casing and/or use of slurry, as necessary. The Engineer will not make separate payment for excavation of materials of different densities and character (hardness) or employment of special tools and procedures necessary to excavate the drilled shaft. The Engineer will pay for obstruction removal separately.
- (4) Obstructions Removal. Remove obstructions at drilled shafts locations when authorized by the Engineer. Obstructions shall include man-made materials such as but not limited to old concrete foundations not shown on the Plans.

The Contractor shall employ special procedures and/or tools after the Contractor cannot advance the hole using conventional augers fitted with soil or rock teeth, drilling buckets and/or underreaming tools. Such special procedures/tools may include: chisels, boulder breakers, core barrels, air tools, hand excavation, temporary casing, and increasing the hole diameter.

Drilling tools and any other equipment, lost in excavation, are not considered obstructions. Remove the drilling tools and any other equipment promptly. The cost due to tools lost in the excavation shall be at no additional cost to the State including costs associated with hole degradation (requiring overreaming or other methods) due to removal operations or the time the hole remains open or any other remedial actions needed to be performed to correct the situation caused by the tool lost.

Natural materials used as fill materials or present within alluvial deposits and residual soils such as cobbles and boulders shall be anticipated at the site during excavation and shall not be considered an obstruction regardless of the size and hardness of the boulder. These natural materials used as fill materials shall not be considered an obstruction under this section.

# (G) Casings.

(1) General. Casings shall be steel, smooth, watertight, and of ample strength to withstand both handling and driving stresses and the pressure of concrete and the surrounding earth materials. The inside diameter of the casing shall not be less than the specified size of the shaft. The Engineer will not allow extra compensation for concrete required to fill the oversized

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casing or oversized excavation. Remove casings from shaft excavations except when the casing is permanent.

(2) Temporary Casing. The Engineer will consider subsurface casing temporary unless shown in the contract as permanent casing. Remove the temporary casing before completing the placing of concrete in the drilled shaft. The Contractor may require telescoping, predrilling with slurry, and/or overreaming to beyond the outside diameter of the casing to install casing.

When choosing to remove a casing and substituting a longer or larger diameter casing through caving soils, stabilize the excavation with slurry or backfill before installing the new casing.

Before withdrawing the casing, the level of fresh concrete in the casing shall be the higher of the following:

- (a) Minimum of five feet above the hydrostatic water level, or
- (b) Level of drilling fluid, outside the casing.

While withdrawing the casing, maintain an adequate level of concrete within the casing to:

- (a) Displace the fluid trapped behind the casing upward and
- **(b)** Discharge the fluid at the ground surface without contaminating or displacing the shaft concrete.

When temporary casings become bound or fouled during shaft construction and cannot be removed, the Engineer will consider the drill shaft defective. Improve such defective shafts according to the contract or submit remedial repair for acceptance by the Engineer. Such improvement may consist of removing the shaft concrete and extending the shaft deeper, providing straddle shafts to compensate for capacity loss, or providing a replacement shaft. Do corrective measures including redesign of footings caused by defective shafts according to the contract at no cost to the State or extension of the contract time. Any redesign of the footing shall be submitted to the Engineer for acceptance. The redesign shall be performed by a structural engineer and a civil engineer specializing in the geotechnical practice both licensed in the State of Hawaii. All remedial repairs shall have drawings and calculations signed and stamped by both of the above licensed engineers. The Engineer will not pay for the casing remaining in place as well as any redesign or remedial repair.

**(H) Slurry.** If required, use only polymer or mineral slurries in the drilling process. The polymer slurry shall have sufficient viscosity and gel characteristics to transport excavated material to suitable screening system. The mineral slurry shall have a mineral grain size that will remain in suspension and sufficient viscosity and gel characteristics to transport excavated material to suitable

screening system. The percentage and specific gravity shall be sufficient to maintain the stability of the excavation and to allow proper concrete placement.

During construction, maintain the level of the slurry at a height sufficient to prevent caving of the hole. When a sudden significant loss of slurry occurs, delay the construction of that foundation until an alternate construction procedure is submitted for acceptance by the Engineer.

Premix the polymer or mineral slurry thoroughly with clean fresh water in slurry tanks and adequate time (as prescribed by the manufacturer) allotted for dehydration before introducing the slurry into the shaft excavation by pumping. The slurry tanks shall have capacity for adequate slurry circulation, storage, and treatment. Excavated slurry pits in lieu of slurry tanks will not be allowed without the written permission of the Engineer.

Use desanding equipment to control slurry sand content to less than 4% by volume in the borehole for mineral slurry and less than 0.5% by volume for polymer slurry. The Engineer will not require desanding equipment for setting temporary casing, sign post, or lighting mast foundations.

Prevent the slurry from "setting up" in the shaft, such as: agitation, circulation and/or adjusting the properties of the slurry. Dispose of slurry in suitable areas off from the project site.

The Contractor shall have the representative from the manufacturer of the slurry product on site providing the technical support for the slurry preparation, placement, testing and other quality control. Carry out the control tests using suitable apparatus on the polymer or mineral slurry to resolve the density, viscosity, pH, and sand content. An acceptable range of values for those physical properties for mineral slurry is in Table 511-1 – Mineral Surry in Fresh Water. Acceptable range of values for those physical properties for two types of polymer slurries is in Tables 511-2 – Shore Pac GVC (CETCO Drilling Products Group) in Fresh Water and 511-3 – SlurryPro CDP (KB Technologies Ltd.) in Fresh Water.

Test the density, viscosity, and pH value during the shafts excavation to establish a consistent working pattern. Make a minimum of four sets of tests during the first 8 hours of slurry use. When the results show consistent behavior, decrease the testing frequency to one set every four hours of slurry use.

		- MINERAL SLURI ESH WATER	RY
	Range o	f Values *	
Property	Time of Slurry Introduction	In Hole At Time Of Concreting	Test Method
Density (pcf)	64.3**- 69.1**	64.3**-75.0**	Density Balance
Viscosity (sec/qt)	28 - 45	28 – 45	Marsh Cone
PH	8.0 – 11.0	8.0 – 11.0	pH paper pH meter

<sup>\*</sup> At 20 ° C

Notes: a. When the Contractor does not need to control the bottom hole conditions or when tests show that other criteria are appropriate, the Engineer may modify the values.

- b. When the contract requires desanding, the sand content shall not exceed 4% percent (by volume) in the bore hole as resolved by the American Petroleum Institute sand content test.
- c. Submit changes for acceptance in writing by the Engineer.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Increase by two pounds per cubic foot in salt water

TABLE 511-		CV (CETCO Drilling ESH WATER	Products Group)
	Range o	f Values *	
Property	Time of Slurry Introduction	In Hole At Time Of Concreting	Test Method
Density (pcf)	Less than or equal to 64.0**	Less than or equal to 64.0**	Density Balance
Viscosity (sec/qt)	33 - 74	Less than or equal to 57	Marsh Cone
PH	8.0 – 11.0	8.0 – 11.0	pH paper pH meter

<sup>\*</sup> At 20 <sup>0</sup> C

Notes: a. When the Contractor does not need to control the bottom hole conditions or when tests show that other criteria are appropriate, the Engineer may modify the values.

- b. When the contract requires desanding, the sand content shall not exceed 0.5% percent (by volume) in the bore hole as resolved by the American Petroleum Institute sand content test.
- c. Submit changes for acceptance in writing by the Engineer.

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Increase by two pounds per cubic foot in salt water

TABLE 5		PRO CDP (KB Tech ESH WATER	nologies Ltd.)
	Range o	f Values *	
Property	Time of Slurry Introduction	In Hole At Time Of Concreting	Test Method
Density (pcf)	Less than or equal to 67.0**	Less than or equal to 64.0**	Density Balance
Viscosity (sec/qt)	50 - 120	Less than or equal to 70	Marsh Cone
PH	6.0 – 11.5	6.0 – 11.5	pH paper pH meter

<sup>\*</sup> At 20 0 C

Notes: a. When the Contractor does not need to control the bottom hole conditions or when tests show that other criteria are appropriate, the Engineer may modify the values.

- b. When the contract requires desanding, the sand content shall not exceed 0.5% percent (by volume) in the bore hole as resolved by the American Petroleum Institute sand content test.
- c. Submit changes for acceptance in writing by the Engineer.

Before placing concrete in the shaft excavation, take slurry samples from the base of the shaft using a sampling tool. Extract slurry samples from the base of the shaft and at intervals not exceeding 10 feet up the shaft. Extract samples until two consecutive samples produce acceptable values for density, viscosity, pH, and sand content (within the values shown on Table 511-1 – Mineral Surry in Fresh Water or 511-2 – Shore Pac GVC (CETCO Drilling Products Group) in Fresh Water or 511-3 – SlurryPro CDP (KB Technologies Ltd.) in Fresh Water).

Ensure that the bottom of the shaft does not accumulate heavily contaminated slurry suspension. The heavily contaminated slurry suspension could impair the free flow of concrete. When finding unacceptable slurry samples, take actions necessary to bring the slurry as specified in the contract. Do not pour the concrete until re-sampling and testing results produce acceptable values.

Furnish the reports of tests required above to the Engineer on completion of each drilled shaft. An authorized person of the Contractor shall sign the reports.

During construction, maintain at the level of slurry not less than five feet above the highest piezometric water pressure along the depth of a shaft. When

<sup>\*\*</sup> Increase by two pounds per cubic foot in salt water

the slurry construction method fails, stop this method and propose an alternate method for acceptance by the Engineer

The Contractor shall use and dispose of slurry in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and County requirements.

(I) Excavation Inspection. Provide equipment for checking the dimensions and alignment of each permanent shaft excavation. Determine the dimensions and alignment according to the contract. Measure the final shaft depths with a suitable weighted tape after final cleaning.

A minimum of 50% of the base of each shaft shall have less than 0.5 inch of sediment at the time the concrete is placed. The maximum depth of sediment or debris on the base of the shaft shall not exceed 1.5 inches. The Contractor will measure the shaft cleanliness in the presence of the Engineer by methods deemed appropriate to the Engineer.

Also, for dry excavations the maximum depth of water shall not exceed 3 inches before pouring the concrete.

(J) Reinforcing Steel Cage Construction and Placement. Assemble and place the reinforcing steel cage immediately after the Engineer inspects and accepts the shaft excavation before pouring the concrete. The reinforcing steel cage includes longitudinal bars, ties, cage stiffener bars, spacers, centralizers, and other necessary appurtenances to acceptably complete and place the cage.

Tie and support the reinforcing steel in the shaft so that the reinforcing steel will remain within allowable tolerances given in Subsection 511.03(L) — Construction Tolerances. Use the concrete spacers or other approved noncorrosive spacing devices at sufficient intervals (near the bottom and at intervals not exceeding 10 feet up the shaft) to insure concentric spacing for the entire cage length. Use minimum of four spacers, equally spaced around circumference, at each vertical interval. The spacers shall be constructed of accepted material equal in quality and durability to concrete specified for the shaft, and shall be of adequate dimension to insure the minimum annular space shown on the drawings between the outer portion of the reinforcing steel cage and the side of the excavated hole. Provide accepted cylindrical concrete bottom supports to maintain the proper distance between bottom of the cage and base of the shaft excavation.

Check the elevation of the top of the steel reinforcing cage before and after pouring the concrete. When not maintaining the rebar within the specified tolerances, make the corrections needed to bring to within tolerances of the contract. Do not construct additional shafts until after modifying the reinforcing steel cage support according to the contract.

When the bottom of the constructed shaft elevation is lower than shown in the contract, extend at least half of the longitudinal bars required in the upper portion of the shaft the additional length. Continue the tie bars for the extra depth,

spaced two-foot on center measured along the circumference of the reinforcing steel cage. Extend the stiffener bars to the final depth. These bars may be lap spliced or unspliced bars of the proper length. The Engineer will not permit welding to the reinforcing steel. Unless the extra depth of the drilled shaft is required due to modifications by the Engineer, the additional reinforcing bars shall be at no additional cost to the State.

## (K) Concrete Placement.

(1) **General.** Place the concrete through a concrete pump using accepted methods as described below.

Concrete shall be placed in the shaft immediately after placing the reinforcing steel.

Concrete placement shall be continuous from the bottom to the top of shaft cutoff elevation and for the overpour volume. To ensure that the drilled shaft concrete is sound below the top of shaft cutoff elevation, the drilled shaft shall be overpoured for a volume of at least four feet above the cutoff elevation after good quality concrete is evident at the top of shaft cutoff elevation. The drilled shaft overpour concrete shall be properly removed and disposed of offsite.

A minimum of four, 6-inch by 12-inch concrete cylinders shall be made for the compressive strength testing. Production shafts with compressive strength less than the minimum 28-day compression strength will be considered defective. Contractor shall submit a corrective method plan for the defective shaft to the Engineer for review and approval prior to their use.

The elapsed time from the beginning of concrete placement in the shaft to the completion of the placement shall not exceed two hours. Adjust admixtures accepted by the Engineer so that concrete remains in a workable plastic state throughout 2-hour placement limit. A longer placement time may be requested, and requests shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and acceptance 30 days prior to the time the concrete pour (with a longer placement time) is needed. Should the Contractor exceed the 2-hour limit without obtaining prior acceptance by the Engineer, the Contractor may be required to core the drilled shaft. These drilled shaft corings shall be at no additional cost to the State and no additional time will be granted.

Before placing the concrete, provide results of 3-day, 7-day, 14-day and 28-day compressive strength tests of a trial mix and a slump loss test at least 30 days prior to placement of concrete. Supply a concrete mix that will maintain a slump of four inches or greater after four hours from initial mixing. Conduct the trial mix and slump loss tests using concrete and under ambient temperatures appropriate for the site conditions. The ambient

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temperature used shall be the temperature at the elevation of existing ground before any excavation started.

The top surface of the drilled shafts shall be leveled, cleaned, and roughened prior to concrete placement for the footing.

- **(2) Monitoring Concrete Volume.** For each drilled shaft, prepare and submit a monitoring record the next working day after concrete placement has been completed. All monitoring shall be performed in the presence of the Engineer or his representative. As a minimum, the monitoring record shall consist of the following:
  - (a) A chart that is made up after drilled shaft excavation has been completed and accepted by the Engineer and before concrete placement has commenced. Indicated on the chart, depth of hole plotted with theoretical volume of concrete to fill drilled shaft hole. Plot concrete elevation (surface) along the vertical axis and concrete volume along the horizontal axis.
  - **(b)** As concrete is being place, measure concrete surface at an interval of approximately each cubic yard of concrete discharged. Plot concrete volume actually placed at each elevation point. Use this chart to determine if any necking down or enlargement of shaft has occurred during concrete placement.
  - **(c)** Keep records of steel and concrete movement to document the following conditions:
    - (1) When removing temporary or permanent casing, elevation of the top of reinforcing cage shall not rise more than 2 inches from its original elevation;
    - (2) As temporary casing is extracted, static level of fluid concrete shall not rise.
- (3) Concreting by Pump. Concrete pumps and discharge lines for concrete placement in wet or dry excavations may be used. Pumps and pump lines used to place concrete shall be of sufficient length, weight, and diameter to discharge concrete at the shaft base elevation. The pump and pump lines that will come in contact with concrete shall not contain aluminum parts. Discharge line shall have a minimum diameter of 4 inches and watertight joints. Concrete placement shall not begin until the pump line discharge orifice is at the shaft base elevation.

For wet excavations, use a plug to separate the concrete from the fluid in the hole until pumping begins. Remove the plug from the excavation or use plugs, made from a material accepted by the Engineer that will not cause a defect, if not removed.

The discharge orifice shall remain at least five feet below the surface of the fluid concrete. When lifting the pump line during concreting, reduce the line pressure temporarily until the orifice at a higher level in the excavation has been repositioned.

When removing the pumpline orifice from the fluid concrete column and discharging concrete above the rising concrete level during the concrete pour, the Engineer will consider the shaft defective. In such case, remove the reinforcing cage and concrete, the necessary sidewall removal specified by the Engineer, and repour the shaft. Costs of replacement of defective shafts shall be at no costs to the State and no additional time will be granted.

- **(L) Construction Tolerances.** The following construction tolerances apply to drilled shafts:
  - (1) The drilled shaft shall be within 1/12 of the shaft diameter or 3 inches, whichever is less, in the horizontal plane at the plan elevation for the top of the shaft.
  - (2) The vertical alignment of the shaft excavation shall not vary from the plan alignment by more than 0.25 inch per foot of depth. The alignment of a battered shaft excavation shall not vary by more than 0.5 inch per foot of depth from the prescribed batter.
  - (3) After placing the concrete, the top of the reinforcing steel cage shall be no more than 6.0 inches above and no more than 3.0 inches below plan position.
  - (4) The cutoff (top) elevation of the shaft shall have a tolerance of  $\pm$  0.5 inch from the plan top of shaft elevation.
  - (5) The dimensions of casing are subject to American Pipe Institute tolerances applicable to regular steel pipe.
  - (6) Design the excavation equipment and methods so that the completed shaft excavation will have a flat bottom. The cutting edges of excavation equipment shall be normal to the vertical axis of the equipment within a tolerance of  $\pm$  3/8 inch per foot of diameter.
  - (7) Casing diameters shown in the contract documents to outside diameter (OD) dimensions. When accepted by the Engineer, a casing larger in diameter than shown in the contract documents may be provided to facilitate meeting this requirement. When using a series of telescoping casings, size casing to maintain shaft diameters.

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Drilled shaft excavations that cannot be completed within the required tolerances are unacceptable. When accepted by the Engineer, corrections may be made to an unacceptable drilled shaft excavation by accepted combination of the following methods:

- (1) Overdrill the shaft excavation to a larger diameter to permit accurate placement of the reinforcing steel cage with the required minimum concrete cover.
- (2) Increase the number, size, or length of the reinforcing steel.
- (3) Redesign the foundation.
- (4) Other methods accepted by the Engineer.

The acceptance of correction procedures is dependent on analysis of the effect of the degree of misalignment and improper positioning. The Contractor is solely responsible to submit remedial repair procedures that shall make the structure equal to or better than the original design. The Engineer will solely determine if the remedial repair meets the requirements and is acceptable. A Hawaii Licensed Professional Structural Engineer and a Hawaii Licensed Professional Civil Engineer who specializes in Geotechnical Engineering shall stamp and sign the redesign drawings and computations. Correct out of tolerance drilled shaft excavations including engineering analysis and redesign at no cost to the State. No time extension will be granted for any impact to the critical path due to the Contractor's incorrect installation of the drilled shaft.

**(M) As-Built Drilled Shaft Location.** The Contractor shall provide survey ties to all as-built location of all drilled shafts.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer prior to performing the survey work and the Contractor shall survey the drilled shafts under the supervision of the Engineer or the Engineer's representative. A copy of the survey notes and the scaled plan locating all the completed drilled shafts in a given footing shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval. Submit accepted copy of the survey notes and the scaled plan as an electronic file, the Engineer will determine the acceptable format and media.

No form work for any footing shall proceed until the drilled shafts are found acceptable by the Engineer.

(N) Coring for Integrity Testing. Integrity testing will be performed on drilled shafts as determined by the Engineer. Integrity testing shall consist of partial or full depth concrete coring at drilled shafts determined by the Engineer. Coring shall be performed by the Contractor at the locations designated by the Engineer in the presence of the Engineer. The Engineer will solely determine if the cored shaft is acceptable or defective. Defective shafts shall be replaced or repair drawings and computations by a Hawaii Licensed Professional Engineer in the Structural Branch and Civil Branch (specializing in the Geotechnical field) stamped

and signed shall be submitted for acceptance by the Engineer. The Contractor shall core vertical holes at locations and depths determined by the Engineer. The number of core holes to be done shall be determined by the Engineer. The core hole shall be accepted by the Engineer. The recovered core samples shall have a minimum diameter of 3 inches or 3 times the nominal maximum aggregate size of the concrete mix, use whichever is larger. The cored holes shall be filled with prepackaged, non-shrink, non-metallic, non-gaseous grout of the same minimum strength as the drilled shaft.

# 511.04 Measurement.

- (A) Furnishing drilled shaft drilling equipment and furnishing instrumentation and collecting data will be paid on a lump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not apply.
- **(B)** The Engineer will measure obstruction per hour in accordance with the contract documents. Once the Engineer authorizes compensation for obstruction removal, duration of obstruction removal, including time required for obstruction disposal, will be measured for payment. Depth of obstruction removed will be subtracted from total depth measured for payment under other applicable drilled shaft excavation pay items.
- **(C)** The Engineer will measure unclassified shaft excavation per linear foot, along shaft centerline, including bells. The Engineer will compute length between plan top of shaft elevation to plan estimated tip elevation.
- **(D)** The Engineer will measure drilled shaft per linear foot. The Engineer will compute length between plan top of shaft elevation and final bottom of shaft elevation.
- **(E)** The Engineer will measure coring for integrity testing per linear foot. The Engineer will compute length between the bottom of coring elevation and the top of the shaft concrete elevation.
- **Payment.** The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items listed below at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule.

Pay Item Pay Unit

Furnishing Drilled Shaft Drilling Equipment

Lump Sum

The Engineer will pay for:

741 as	<b>A)</b> 60 percent of the contract bid price when drilling equipment is on job site, ssembled, and ready to drill foundation shafts.
'44 pl	3) 40 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of drilling shafts, and acing shaft concrete up to top of shafts.
745 746 Obstruct	ion Hour
747 748 TI	he Engineer will pay for:
749	gg
750 <b>(A</b> 751 ol	<b>A)</b> 80 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of removing the ostruction.
754 ol	20 percent of the contract bid price upon removing and disposing of the bstruction.
	The maximum payment per designated obstruction shall not exceed 20 mes the unit cost for unclassified excavation.
	fied Shaft Excavation (Inch Diameter Shafts) Linear Foot
760 761 TI 762	he Engineer will pay for:
763 <b>(A</b>	A) 60 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of using drilling uipment, using special tools and drilling equipment to excavated shaft.
	3) 20 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of furnishing and stalling temporary casing.
	2) 20 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of removing and sposing of excavated material.
	haft (Inch Diameter Shafts) Linear Foot
	he Engineer will pay for:
175 176 <b>(A</b> 177	4) 60 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of drilling.
778 <b>(E</b> 779 as	3) 15 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of furnishing, ssembling, and placing steel cage.
•	2) 15 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of furnishing and acing concrete.
783 784 <b>(E</b> 785 di 786	2) 10 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of removing and sposing of excavated material.

788	Coring for I	ntegrity Testing for acceptable drilled shaft.	Linear Foot
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790	The	Engineer will pay for:	
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792	(A)	70 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of concre	ete coring.
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794	(B)	20 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of filling	cored holes
795	with	non-shrink grout of the same minimum strength as drilled shaft.	
796			
797	(C)	10 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of packa	ging the core
798	sam	ples and delivering them to the Engineer."	
799			
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801		END OF SECTION 511	

#### **DIVISION 600 - MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION**

Amend **Section 601 - STRUCTURAL CONCRETE** to read as follows:

# **SECTION 601 - STRUCTURAL CONCRETE**

 **601.01 Description.** This section describes structural concrete consisting of Portland Cement, fine aggregate, coarse aggregate, and water. This will include adding admixtures for the purpose of entraining air, retarding or accelerating set, tinting, and other purposes as required or permitted. To reduce the embodied carbon footprint of concrete, concrete design on the island of Oahu shall include the use of carbon dioxide mineralization or equivalent technology. Other methods to reduce the cement content such as use of supplementary cementitious materials (SCMs) or admixtures such as C-S-H nanoparticle-based strength-enhancing admixture (CSH-SEA) or equivalent may also be used to reduce the embodied carbon footprint including the combination thereof the previously mentioned methods.

### 601.02 Materials.

Portland Cement	701.01
Fine Aggregate for Concrete	703.01
Coarse Aggregate for Portland Cement Concrete	703.02
Admixtures	711.03
Water	712.01

Use coarse aggregate for lightweight concrete conforming to ASTM C330 except Sections 5, 7 and 9.

### 601.03 Construction.

(A) Quality Control. Portland Cement concrete production requires Contractor responsibility for quality control of materials during handling, blending, mixing, curing, and placement operations.

Sample, test, and inspect concrete to ensure quality control of component materials and concrete. Sampling and testing for quality control in accordance with standard methods shall be performed by certified ACI Concrete Field Technician Grade I. Perform quality control tests for slump, air content, temperature, and unit weight during production of structural concrete other than concrete for incidental construction. Submit quality control test results.

**(B) Design and Designation of Concrete.** Design concrete mixture for concrete work specified. Submit mix design using State Highways Division form DOT 4-151 or an Engineer accepted equivalent form. Do not start work until the Engineer accepts mix design. The Engineer will accept concrete mix design using information given in Table 601.03-1 - Design of Concrete, and other pertinent requirements.

Whenever 28-day compressive strength, f'c, is 4,000 psi or greater, designate concrete by required minimum 28-day compressive strength.

The 28-day compressive strength, f'c, less than 4,000 psi listed in Table 601.03-1 – Design of Concrete, is for design information and designation of class only.

Proportion concrete designated by compressive strength such that concrete conforms to required strength.

Design concrete placed in bridge decks and pavements exposed to traffic wear, with air content of 3 percent, including entrapped and entrained air. Maintain air content for plastic concrete within tolerance of 1 percent air content, plus or minus, during the work.

Use Class BD concrete in bridge deck unless concrete is designated by compressive strength. Incorporate anti-corrosion and shrinkage reduction, water-reducing and set-retarding admixture into concrete mix design, with capability of varying degree of retardation without adversely affecting other characteristics of concrete. Submit design admixture dosage.

Class A concrete shall be used when type of concrete is not indicated in the contract documents.

Design concrete as specified in Table 601.03-1 – Design of Concrete.

			DESIGN OF ement Conte	_	
Class of Concrete	28-Day Strength f'c, psi.	Minimum Cement Content Ibs./c.y.	Maximum Water- Cement Ratio, Ib./Ib.	Minimum Cement Content with Mineralized CO2 lbs./c.y.	Maximum Water- Cement Ratio with Mineralized CO2 lb./lb.
Α	3000	532	0.59	504	0.62
В	2500	475	0.66	450	0.70
С	2000	418	0.75	396	0.79
D	1500	380	0.85	360	0.87
BD	3750	610	0.49	NA	NA
SEAL	3000	610	0.55	NA	NA
Designated by Strength f'c or *f'r	As Specified	610	0.49	NA	NA
*f' <sub>r</sub> = Specifie	d Modulus o	f Rupture			

Concrete Design – Projects on Oahu will utilize CO<sub>2</sub> Mineralization technology or equivalent. Supplementary cementitious materials (SCMs), CSH-SEA or equivalent or combination thereof the previously mentioned methods may also be used. Concrete design shall allow a reduction of portland cement content while maintaining the concrete design strength, durability and other requirements. See Table 601.03-1 Design of Concrete specified limits for adjusted minimum cement content and water cement ratio when using CO<sub>2</sub> mineralization. Material certifications for the above shall include a list of at least 3 projects that used the technology, SCMs, admixtures or combination thereof.

Use the absolute volume method to proportion concrete materials in accordance with requirements of concrete designated by class, cement content in pounds per cubic yards, or specified 28-day compressive strength. Use absolute volumetric proportioning methods as outlined in the American Concrete Institute (ACI) Standard 211.1, "Recommended Practices for Selecting Proportions for Normal and Heavyweight Concrete."

 Use coarse aggregate size No. 57 (one inch to No. 4) or No. 67 (3/4 inch to No. 4) for concrete. For concrete placed in bottom slabs and stems of box girders, use No. 67 size aggregate. Smaller size aggregates may be permitted when encountering limited space between forms and reinforcement or between reinforcement when accepted by the Engineer in writing. Maximum aggregate size shall not be greater than 1/3 of the space between reinforcing steel bars or reinforcing steel and the form.

Use the following standard methods in Table 601.03-2 – Standard Methods for determining compliance with requirements indicated in this subsection:

TABLE 601.03-2 – STANDARD MET	THODS
Sampling Fresh Mixed Concrete	AASHTO T 141
Mass Per Cubic Meter (Cubic Foot) Yield and Air Content (Gravimetric) of Concrete	AASHTO T 121
Slump of Hydraulic Cement Concrete	AASHTO T 119
Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method	AASHTO T 152
Specific Gravity and Absorption of Fine Aggregate	AASHTO T 84
Specific Gravity and Absorption of Coarse Aggregate	AASHTO T 85
Temperature of Freshly Mixed Portland Cement Concrete	ASTM C1064
Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field	AASHTO T 23
Compressive Strength of Molded Concrete Cylindrical Specimens	AASHTO T 22 (4 inch by 8 inch or 6 inch by 12 inch cylinders)
Flexural Strength of Concrete (Using Simple Beam with Third-Point Loading)	AASHTO T 97

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When concrete is designated by compressive strength, f'c, or flexural strength, f'r, or includes CO2 Mineralization technology, CSH-SEA or SCMs, the Engineer will require prequalification of materials and mix proportions proposed for use before placing such concrete. The Engineer will prequalify concrete based on past performance records using statistical computations of population sizes and (n-1) weighting, or trial batch test reports in compliance with computed minimum average strength for material and mix proportions. The Engineer will determine minimum average strength on probability of not more than one in 20 tests falling below specified strength for the following conditions:

- (1) When past performance records are available, furnish the following documented performance records:
  - (a) Minimum of 15 consecutive 28-day strength tests from projects having same materials and mix proportions.
  - **(b)** Two groups totaling 30 or more test results representing similar materials in which mix proportion strengths are within 20 percent of specified strength, from data obtained within one year of proposed use.

The Engineer will analyze performance records to establish standard deviation.

(2) When sufficient past performance records are not provided, the Engineer will assume current standard deviation to be 500 psi for compressive strength, f'c, and 50 psi for flexural strength, f'r.

Unless sufficient performance records are available from other projects at DOT Materials Testing and Research Branch, submit test performance records or trial test reports for prequalifications, based on data of most recent tests made on concrete of proposed mix design, and data obtained within one year of proposed use.

When shrinkage reducing admixtures are used, submit test results showing compliance to the Contract Documents' requirements.

Include the following information in test data and trial batch test reports: date of mixing; mixing equipment and procedures used; size of batch in cubic yards and weight, type, and source of ingredients used; slump of concrete; air content of concrete when using air entraining agent; age at time of testing; and strength of concrete cylinders tested.

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Show that concrete strength tests equal or exceed minimum average strength in trial test reports. Test is average 28-day test results of five consecutive concrete cylinders or concrete beams taken from single batch. No cylinder or beam shall have strength less than 85 percent of minimum average strength.

Submit test data and trial test reports signed by official of firm that performed tests.

The Engineer reserves the right to stop work when a series of low strength tests occur. Do not continue concrete work until cause is established and the Engineer is informed of and accepts, necessary corrective action to be taken.

- **(C) Batching.** Measure and batch materials in accordance with the following provisions:
  - (1) Portland Cement. Either sacked or bulk cement may be used. Do not use fraction of sack of cement in concrete batch unless cement is weighed.

Weigh bulk cement on weighing device accepted by the Engineer. Seal and vent bulk cement-weighing hopper properly to preclude dusting during operation. Do not suspend discharge chute from weighing hopper. Arrange discharge chute so that cement will not lodge in hopper or leak from hopper.

Batching accuracy shall be within 1 percent, plus or minus, of required weight.

- (2) Water. Measure water by volume or by weight. Use readily adjustable device for measurement of water, with accuracy within 1 percent, plus or minus, of quantity of water required for batch. Arrange device so that variable pressure in water supply line does not affect measurements. Equip measuring tanks with outside taps and valves or other accepted means to allow for checking calibration.
- (3) Aggregates. When storing and stockpiling aggregates, avoid separation of coarse and fine particles within each size, and do not intermix various sizes before proportioning. Protect stored or stockpiled aggregates from dust or other foreign matter. Do not stockpile together, aggregates from different sources and of different gradations.

When transporting aggregates from stockpiles or other sources to batching plant, ensure uniform grading of material is maintained. Do not use aggregates that have become segregated or mixed with earth or foreign matter. Stockpile or bin aggregates at least 12 hours before batching. Produce or handle aggregates by hydraulic methods and wash and drain aggregates. If aggregates exhibit high or non-uniform moisture content, the Engineer will order storage or stockpiling for more than 12 hours.

Proportion aggregates by weight, with the exception that aggregates in concrete for minor structures, curbs, and sidewalks may be proportioned by either volume or weight. For volumetric proportioning, use measuring boxes of known capacity to measure quantity of each aggregate size.

Use batch weight based on dry materials plus total weight of moisture (both absorbed and surface) contained in aggregate. Measure individual aggregates to within 2 percent, plus or minus, of required weight, and total weight of aggregates to within 1 percent, plus or minus, of required weight.

- **(4) Admixtures.** Store, proportion, and dispense admixtures in accordance with the following provisions:
  - (a) Liquid Admixtures. Dispense chemical admixtures, air entraining admixtures, and corrosion inhibiting admixtures in liquid form. Use mechanical dispensers for liquid admixtures with sufficient capacity to measure prescribed quantity for each batch of concrete. Include graduated measuring unit in each dispenser to measure liquid admixtures to within 5 percent, plus or minus, of prescribed quantity for each batch. Read graduations accurately from point of measuring unit, and control proportioning operations to permit visual check of batch accuracy before discharging. Mark each measuring unit clearly for type and quantity of admixture.

Arrange with supplier to provide sampling device consisting of valve located in safe and accessible location for sampling admixtures.

When using more than one liquid admixture for concrete mix, use separate measuring unit for each liquid admixture and dispense separately to avoid interaction that may interfere with admixture efficiency and adversely affect concrete. Dispense liquid admixture by injecting so as not to mix admixture at high concentrations.

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When using liquid admixtures in concrete that is completely mixed in paving or continuous mixers, operate dispensers automatically with batching control equipment. Equip such dispensers with automatic warning system that shall provide visible or audible signals at points where proportioning operations are controlled, when the following occurs:

- Quantity of admixture measured for each batch of concrete varies from pre-selected dosage by more than 5 percent; or
- b. Entire contents of measuring unit from dispenser is not emptied into each batch of concrete.

Unless liquid admixtures are added to batch with pre-measured water, discharge liquid admixtures into stream of water that disperses admixtures uniformly throughout batch. An exception is that air-entraining admixtures may be dispensed directly into moist sand in batching bins, provided adequate control of concrete air content can be maintained.

Measure and disperse special admixtures, as recommended by admixture manufacturer, and as accepted by the Engineer. Special admixtures include high-range water reducers requiring dosages greater than capacity of conventional dispensing equipment. For site-added, high-range water reducers, use calibrated, portable dispenser supplied by manufacturer.

**(b) Mineral Admixtures.** Protect mineral admixtures from exposure to moisture until used. Pile sacked material of each shipment to permit access for tally, inspection, and identification.

Provide adequate facilities to ensure that mineral admixtures meeting specified requirements are kept separate from other mineral admixtures and that only specified mineral admixtures are allowed to enter into the work. Provide safe and suitable facilities for sampling mineral admixtures at weigh hopper or in feed line immediately in advance of hopper.

Incorporate mineral admixtures into concrete using equipment conforming requirements for Portland Cement weigh hoppers and charging and discharging mechanisms specified in ASTM C94 and Subsection 601.03(C) - Batching.

291	When concrete is completely mixed in stationary paving
292	or continuous mixers, weigh mineral admixture in separate
293	weigh hopper. Introduce mineral admixture and cement
294	simultaneously into mixer, proportionately with aggregate.
295	
296	When interlocks are required for cement-charging
297	mechanisms, and cement and mineral admixtures are weighed
298	cumulatively, interlock their charging mechanisms to prevent
299	introduction of mineral admixture until mass of cement in weigh
300	hopper is within tolerances specified in Subsection 601.03(C)(1)
301	- Portland Cement.
302	
303	In determining maximum quantity of free water that may
304	be used in concrete, consider mineral admixture and
305	supplementary cementitious materials (SCMs) to be cement.
306	
307	(5) Bins and Scales. At batching plant, use individual bins,
308	hoppers, and scale for each aggregate size. Include separate bin,
309	hopper, and scale for bulk cement and fly ash.
310	
311	Except when proportioning bulk cement for pavement or
312	structures, cement weigh hopper may be attached to separate scale for
313	individual weighing or to aggregate scale for cumulative weighing. If
314	cement is weighed cumulatively, weigh cement before other
315	ingredients.
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317	When proportioning for pavement or structures, keep bulk
318	cement scale and weigh hopper separate and distinct from aggregate
319	weighing equipment.
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321	Use springless-dial or beam-type batching scales. When using
322	beam-type scales, make provisions to show operator that required load
323	in weighing hopper is approaching. Use devices that show condition
324	within last 200 pounds of load and within 50 pounds of overload.
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326	Maintain scale accuracy to 0.5 percent throughout range of use.
327	Design poises to lock to prevent unauthorized change of position. Use
328	scales inspected by the State Measurement Standards Branch of the
329	Department of Agriculture to ensure their continued accuracy. Provide
330	not less than ten 50-pound weights for testing scales.
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332	Batching plants may be equipped to proportion aggregates and
333	bulk cement by automatic weighing devices.
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**(6) Batching and Hauling.** When mixing is to be performed at work 336 site, transport aggregates from batching plant to mixer in batch boxes, 337 vehicle bodies, or other containers of adequate capacity and 338 construction. Use partitions to separate batches and prevent spilling 339 from one compartment to another while in transit or during dumping.

Transport bulk cement to mixer in tight compartments carrying full quantity of cement required for batch. Once cement is placed in contact with aggregates, batches shall be mixed and placed within 1-1/2 hours of contact. Cement in original shipping packages may be transported on top of aggregates. Ensure that each batch contains number of sacks required by job mix.

Deliver batches to mixer intact. Charge each batch into mixer without loss of cement. When carrying more than one batch on truck, charge batch into mixer without spilling material from one batch compartment into another.

**(D) Mixing.** Mix concrete in mechanically operated mixers.

Use stationary or truck mixers that distribute materials thoroughly and produce concrete uniform in color and appearance. When there is variation in mixed concrete attributable to worn pickup or throw-over blades, the Engineer will inspect mixer. If inspection reveals that blades are worn more than one inch below original height of manufacturer's design, repair or replace blades. Upon request, make copy of manufacturer's design, showing dimensions and arrangement of blades.

Charge batches into central or truck mixers so that portion of mixing water enters ahead of cement and aggregates. Deliver uniform flow of water. Place entire amount of batch water in mixer by end of first quarter of mixing period. When mixers with multiple compartment drums are used, time required to transfer material between compartments will be included as mixing time. Use drum rotation speed as designated by manufacturer. If mixing does not produce concrete of uniform and smooth texture, provide additional revolutions at same speed until thorough mixing of each concrete batch is attained. Begin measuring mixing time from time cement, aggregates, and 60 percent of water are in drum. Do not exceed manufacturer's rated capacity for volume of concrete mixed in each batch.

Equip central or truck mixers with attachment for automatically timing mixing of each concrete batch. Timing device shall include automatic feature for locking discharge chute and device for warning operator when required mixing duration has been met. If timing or locking device fails to operate, immediately furnish clock or watch that indicates seconds, to mixer operator. If timing device is not repaired within three days after becoming inoperative, shut down batching operation until timing device is repaired.

For stationary mixers, use mixing time between 50 seconds and 5 minutes. Select mixing time, as necessary, to produce concrete that meets uniformity criteria when tested in accordance with Section 11.3.3 of ASTM C94. The Contractor may designate mixing time for which uniformity tests are to be performed, provided mixing time is not less than 50 seconds or more than 5 minutes. Before using concrete for pavements or structures, mix concrete to meet specified uniformity requirements. The Contractor shall furnish labor, sampling equipment, and materials required for conducting uniformity tests of concrete mixture. The Engineer will furnish required testing equipment, including scales, cubic measure, and air meter; and will perform tests. The Engineer will not pay separately for labor, equipment, materials, or testing, but will consider the costs incidental to concrete. After batching and mixing operational procedures are established, the Engineer will not allow changes in procedures without the Contractor re-establishing procedures by conducting uniformity tests. Repeat mixer performance tests whenever appearance of concrete or coarse aggregate content of samples is not conforming to requirements of ASTM C94. For truck mixers, add four seconds to specified mixing time if timing starts as soon as skip reaches its maximum raised position.

Unless otherwise indicated in the contract documents or accepted by the Engineer, concrete shall be mixed at proportioning plant. Operate mixer at agitating speed while in transit. Concrete may be truck-mixed only when cement or cement and mixing water are added at point of delivery. Begin mixing truck-mixed concrete immediately after introduction of mixing water to cement and aggregates, or introduction of cement to aggregates.

Inclined-axis, revolving drum truck mixers shall conform to Truck Mixer, Agitator and Front Discharge Concrete Carrier Standards TMMB 100-01, 15th Revision, published by Truck Mixer Manufacturers Bureau. Truck mixers shall produce thoroughly mixed and uniform mass of concrete and shall discharge concrete without segregation.

Manufacturer's standard metal rating plate shall be attached to each truck mixer, stating maximum rating capacity in terms of volume of mixed concrete for various uses and maximum and minimum mixing speeds. When using truck mixers for mixing, adhere to maximum capacity shown on metal rating plate for volume of concrete in each batch.

 Operate truck mixers at mixing speed designated by manufacturer, but at not less than 6 or more than 18 revolutions per minute. Mix truck-mixed concrete initially between 70 and 100 revolutions at manufacturer-designated mixing speed, after ingredients, including water, are in mixer. Water may be added to mixture not more than two times after initial mixing is completed. Each time that water is added, turn drum an additional 30 revolutions or more at mixing speed until concrete is mixed uniformly.

When furnishing shrink-mixed concrete, transfer partially mixed concrete at central plant to truck mixer. Apply requirements for truck-mixed concrete. The Engineer will not credit number of revolutions at mixing speed for partial mixing in central plant.

When accepted by the Engineer, hand mixing may be allowed. The entire concrete placement at one location shall not exceed 1/3 cubic yard. It shall be hand mixed on a watertight, level platform. Use no aluminum to construct platform. Measure proper amount of coarse aggregate in measuring boxes and spread on platform. Spread fine aggregate on that coarse aggregate layer. Limit coarse and fine aggregate layers to total depth of one foot. Spread dry cement on this mixture. Turn whole mass not less than two times dry. Add sufficient clean water, distributed evenly. Turn whole mass again, not less than three times, not including placing in carriers or forms.

**(E)** Transporting Mixed Concrete. Transport central-mixed concrete to delivery point in truck agitators or truck mixers operating at speed designated by equipment manufacturer as agitating speed; or in non-agitating hauling equipment, provided consistency and workability of mixed concrete upon discharge at delivery point is suitable for placement and consolidation in place; and provided mixed concrete after hauling to delivery point conforms to uniformity criteria when tested as specified in Section 12.5 of ASTM C94.

For revolving drum truck mixers transporting central-mixed concrete, limit concrete volume to manufacturer's rated capacity for agitator operation. Maintain agitating speed for both revolving drum mixers and revolving blade type agitators as designated on manufacturer's data plate. Equip truck mixers or truck agitators with electrically or mechanically actuated counters. Actuate counters after introducing cement to aggregates.

Bodies of non-agitating hauling equipment shall be smooth, watertight, metal containers equipped with gates to permit control of concrete discharge. Protect open-topped haul vehicle against weather with cover accepted by the Engineer.

When hauling concrete in non-agitating trucks, complete discharge within 30 minutes after introducing mixing water to cement and aggregates.

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4 4 4	9 9 9	1 2 3 4	
4 4 4 4	9 9 9 9	1 2 3 4 5	
4 4 4 4 4	9999	1 2 3 4 5 6	
4 4 4 4 4	99999	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	
4 4 4 4 4	999999	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	
4 4 4 4 4 4	9999999	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	
4 4 4 4 4 4 5	99999990	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	
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When truck mixer or agitator is used for transporting central-mixed concrete to delivery point, complete discharge within 1-1/2 hours, or before 250 revolutions of drum or blades, whichever comes first after introduction of mixing water to cement and aggregates, or cement to aggregates. For truck-mixed concrete, complete concrete discharge within 1-1/2 hours, or before 300 revolutions of drum or blades, whichever comes first. These limitations are permitted to waived if concrete is of such slump after the 1-1/2 hour time or 300-revolution limit has been reached, that it can be placed, without addition of water to the batch.

Submit delivery tickets from manufacturers of truck-mixed concrete and central-mixed concrete with each truckload of concrete before unloading at jobsite. Printed, stamped, or written delivery ticket shall include the following information:

- (1) Name of concrete plants.
- (2) Serial number of ticket.
- (3) Date and truck number.
- (4) Name of Contractor.
- (5) Specific project, route, or designation of job (name and location), and truck overweight permit number when required.
- **(6)** Specific class or designation of concrete in accordance with contract documents.
- (7) Quantity of concrete in cubic yards.
- (8) Time of loading batch or mixing of cement and aggregates.
- (9) Water added by receiver of concrete and receiver's initials.
- (10) Information necessary to calculate total mixing water added by producer. Total mixing water includes free water on aggregates, water, and water added by truck operator from mixer tank.
- (11) Readings of non-resettable revolution counters of truck mixers after introduction of cement to aggregates, or introduction of mixing water to cement aggregates.
- (12) Supplier's mix number or code.

Furnish additional information designated by the Engineer and required by job specifications upon request.

**(F) Consistency.** Regulate quantity of water used in concrete mixes so that concrete consistency, as determined by AASHTO T 119 test method, is within nominal slump range specified in Table 601.03-3 - Slump for Concrete or as stated on the accepted concrete mix design. If concrete slump exceeds nominal slump, adjust mixture of subsequent batches. If slump exceeds maximum slump, the Engineer will reject concrete unless deemed satisfactory for its use.

The Engineer will also reject harsh or unworkable concrete that cannot be properly placed. Remove rejected concrete at no increase in contract price or contract time.

Slump for concrete shall be as specified in Table 601.03-3 – Slump for Concrete.

TABLE 601.03-3 - SLUM	P FOR CONCRET	E
Type of Work	Nominal Slump Inches	Maximum Slump Inches
Concrete Pavements	0 – 3	3-1/2
Reinforced Concrete Structures: Sections Over 12 Inches Sections 12 Inches Thick or Less	0 – 4 2 – 5	5 6
Non-Reinforced Concrete Facilities	1 – 3	4
Concrete Placed Underwater	6 – 8	9
Bridge Decks	0 – 3	3-1/2

In adverse or difficult conditions that may affect placement of concrete, the above slump limitations may be exceeded for placement workability, with the addition of admixture conforming to Subsection 711.03 - Admixtures, if accepted by the Engineer in writing and provided water-cement ratio is maintained. Provide additional cement and water, or admixture at no increase in contract price or contract time.

- **(G)** Forms. Construct forms in accordance with applicable sections.
- **(H) Placing Concrete.** Place concrete in accordance with applicable sections.
- (I) Finishing Concrete Surfaces. Finish concrete surfaces in accordance with applicable sections.

546	(J) Curing Concrete. Cure concrete in accordance with applicable
547	sections.
548	
549	601.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure concrete in accordance with the
550	applicable sections.
551	
552	601.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted concrete under the
553	applicable sections.
554	
555	
556	
557	
558	END OF SECTION 601

1		S	ECTION 604 – MANHOLES, INLETS AND CATCH BASINS	
2 3	Make	the fo	ollowing amendment to said Section:	
5	<b>(I)</b>	Ame	end <b>604.04 - Measurement</b> by replacing lines 118 to 124 to re	ead:
6 7 8 9	" <b>604.</b> per e		<b>Measurement.</b> The Engineer will measure reconstruct can accordance with the contract documents."	tch basin
10 11	(II)	Ame	end <b>604.05 – Payment</b> by revising lines 126 to 237 to read as	s follows:
12 13 14 15 16	Paym	l below nent w act do	<b>Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay it wat contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schwill be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section ocuments.  Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in	edule. and the
18 19	propo	osal so	chedule:	
20 21		Pay	Item	Pay Unit
22	Reco	nstruc	ct Catch Basin No. 1	Each
23 24 25		Engi	ineer will pay for:	
26 27 28		(1) catc	80 percent of contract bid price upon completion of reconsth basin.	tructing
29 30 31		(2) insta	20 percent of contract bid price upon completion of railing allation.	
32 33	Reco	nstruc	ct Catch Basin No. 2	Each
34 35		Engi	ineer will pay for:	
36 37 38		(1) catc	80 percent of contract bid price upon completion of recons th basin.	tructing
39 40 41		(2) clea	20 percent of contract bid price upon completion of removining, and painting existing frame and cover."	ing,
42 43			END OF SECTION 604	

1	SECTION 606 - GUARDRAIL	
2 3	Make the following amendment to said Section:	
4 5	(I) Amend 606.04 - Measurement by replacing lines 116 to	118 to read:
6 7 8 9	"606.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure gua in accordance with the contract documents.	ardrail per linear foot
10 11 12	The Engineer will measure from center to center of en Contractor makes end connections to masonry or steel structures will measure to the face of such structures.	•
13 14 15	The Engineer will measure median barrier per linear for of the type specified.	oot from end to end
16 17	The Engineer will measure transition sections per eac	h."
18 19	(II) Amend 606.05 – Payment by revising lines 120 to 138	8 to read as follows:
20 21 22 23 24 25	"606.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accelisted below at contract price per pay unit, as shown in the prepayment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in contract documents.	oposal schedule.
26 27	The Engineer will pay for the following pay items wher proposal schedule:	n included in the
28 29	Pay Item	Pay Unit
30 31	Guardrail Type	Linear Foot
32 33	Hawaii MASH Transition Section	Each
34 35 36	Median Barrier	Linear Foot"
30 27	END OF SECTION 606	

1	SECTION 607 – CHAIN LINK FENCES AND	GATES
2		
3	Make the following amendment to said Section:	
4		
5	(I) Amend <b>607.04 - Measurement</b> by replacing lines 105 t	o 106 to read:
6	((aaa a 4 a 5 a 5 a 5 a 5 a 5 a 5 a 5 a 5	
7	"607.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure fen	•
8	Measurement will be along the top of the fence from outside	to outside of end post
9 10	for each continuous run of fence."	
11	(II) Amend <b>607.05 – Payment</b> by revising lines 108 to 1	15 to read as follows:
12	(ii) Amend 607.05 — Layment by revising lines 100 to 1	15 to read as follows.
13	"607.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the acce	pted quantities of
14	fence at the contract unit price per linear foot of the types a	•
15	the proposal, complete in place.	·
16		
17	The Engineer will pay for following pay items when included	l in proposal schedule:
18		
19	Pay Item	Pay Unit
20	Foot Obein Link Force	l :
21	Feet, Chain Link Fence	Linear Foot"
22 23		
23 24	END OF SECTION 607	
<b>∠</b> ⊤		

2	
3	Make the following amendments to said Section:
5 6 7	(I) Amend 617.04 – Measurement by revising lines 104 to 105 to read as follows:
8 9 10	<b>"617.04 Measurement.</b> The Engineer will measure imported planting soil by the cubic yard."
11 12	(II) Amend 617.05 – Payment by revising lines 107 to 123 to read as follows:
13 14 15	<b>"617.05 Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the accepted quantities of imported planting soil at the contract unit price per cubic yard.
16 17 18	Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
19 20 21	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in proposal schedule:
22 23	Pay Item Pay Unit
24 25	Imported Planting Soil Cubic Yard
26 27 28 29	The Engineer will consider planting soil obtained from within highway right-of-way as selected material. The Engineer will pay for this material under Section 203 – Excavation and Embankment.
30 31 32 33	The Engineer will not consider placing of materials in windrows as stockpiling as specified in Section 203 – Excavation and Embankment."
34 35	END OF SECTION 617

**SECTION 617 – PLANTING SOIL** 

1

#### **SECTION 623 - TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM**

Make the following amendment to said Section:

(I) Amend **Section 623.04 - Measurement** by replacing lines 578 to 579 to read:

**"623.04 Measurement.** The Engineer will not measure software for controller and interconnect risers for payment.

- **(A)** The Engineer will measure work to Verify Location of Existing Underground Utilities and Hawaiian Electric Company service connection fees on a force account basis according to Subsection 109.06 Force Account Provisions and Compensation.
- **(B)** The Engineer will measure the controller assembly with software, foundation for traffic signal controller, traffic signal standard, traffic signal or pedestrian signal assembly, pedestrian pushbutton, pull box, loop detector sensing unit, and emergency vehicle preemption optical receiver per each in accordance with the contract documents.
- **(C)** The Engineer will measure traffic signal duct line and cables per linear foot in accordance with the contract documents."
- (II) Amend Section 623.05 Payment by replacing lines 581 to 594 to read:
- **'623.05 Payment.** The Engineer will pay for investigation work to Verify Location of Existing Underground Utilities; and Hawaiian Electric Company service connection fees on a force account basis according to Subsection 109.06 Force Account Provisions and Compensation. An estimate amount for the force account is allocated in the proposal schedule under Verify Location of Existing Underground Utilities and Hawaiian Electric Company Service Connection Fees. The actual amount to be paid will be the sum shown on the accepted force account records whether this sum be more or less than the estimated amount allocated in the proposal schedule.

The Engineer will pay for the controller assembly with software at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawing; furnishing and mounting the controller cabinet; furnishing, assembling, wiring, software, and housing the controller and auxiliary equipment; painting the controller cabinet; testing; providing turn-on service; submitting warranty; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The Engineer will pay for the traffic signal standard at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawing; furnishing and installing the traffic signal standard; wiring; bonding and grounding; testing; providing turn-on service; submitting warranty; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials; and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The Engineer will pay for the foundation for controller cabinet at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for excavating and backfilling; forming; furnishing and placing the reinforcing steel; mixing, placing, and curing the concrete; furnishing and setting the anchor bolts; restoring the pavement; and furnishing equipment, tools, materials and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The Engineer will pay for traffic signal and pedestrian signal assembly at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawing; assembling the signal heads; wiring; bonding and grounding; painting the signal head mounting; testing; providing turn-on service; submitting warranty; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The Engineer will pay for the pedestrian pushbutton with instruction sign at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawing; furnishing and installing the pedestrian pushbutton with the instruction sign; wiring; bonding and grounding; testing; providing turn-on service; submitting warranty; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials; and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The Engineer will pay for the pull box at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawing; furnishing and installing the pull box at the designated locations; saw cutting; excavating and backfilling; restoration of concrete sidewalks, asphalt concrete pavement and landscaping; coating the frames and covers; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

 The Engineer will pay for the loop detector sensing unit at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for saw cutting; cleaning and blowing the saw cut areas; furnishing and inserting the loop cable; splicing in the pull box; filling the saw cut groove with epoxy sealer or hot applied rubberized sealant; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The Engineer will pay for the emergency vehicle preemption (EVP) optical receiver at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawing; furnishing and installing the EVP; wiring; bonding and grounding; testing; providing turn-on service; submitting warranty; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials; and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

 The Engineer will pay for the traffic signal duct lines at the contract unit price per linear foot complete in place. The price includes full compensation for saw cutting; trenching; excavating and backfilling, including asphalt concrete pavement, hot mix asphalt base course, aggregate base course and aggregate subbase course for trench repair; concrete curb and/or gutter and concrete sidewalk repair; furnishing and placing the reinforcing steel for concrete encasement; mixing, placing, and curing the concrete for encasement; furnishing, installing, bonding, and grounding the conduits and interconnect subducts; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The Engineer will pay for the traffic signal cables at the contract unit price per linear foot complete in place. The price includes full compensation for furnishing, installing, splicing, and taping the cable; furnishing and installing interconnect fabric subducts; making the connections; providing turn-on service; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The Engineer will not pay for the inter-connect risers. The work includes furnishing and installing the riser; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials, and other incidentals necessary to complete the work. The Engineer will consider the cost for risers as included in the contract price for the various contract items.

The Engineer will consider full compensation for additional materials and labor not shown in the contract that are necessary to complete the installation of the various systems incidental to the various contract items. The Engineer will not allow additional compensation.

The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:

126	Pay Item	Pay Unit
127		
128	Verify Location of Existing Underground Utilities	Force Account
129		
130	Hawaiian Electric Company service connection fees	Force Account
131		
132	Controller Assembly with Software	Each
133		
134	Type Traffic Signal Standard	Each
135		
136	Foundation for	Each
137		
138	Signal Assembly	Each
139		
140	Pedestrian Pushbutton with Instruction Sign	Each
141		

142	TypePullbox	Each
143 144	Loop Detector Sensing Unit (6 Ft. x 6 Ft.) Loops	Each
145 146	EVP Optical Receiver with	Each
147 148	Traffic Signal Ductline	Lin. Ft.
149 150	EVP Cable	Lin. Ft.
151 152	No,Cable	Lin. Ft."
153 154		
155	END OF SECTION 623	

1	SECTION 624 – WATER SYSTEM
2 3	Make the following amendment to said Section:
4 5	(I) Amend 624.04 - Measurement by replacing lines 587 to 588 to read:
6 7 8	"624.04 Measurement. Water meter relocation will be paid on a lump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not apply."
9 10 11	(II) Amend <b>624.05 – Payment</b> by revising lines 589 to 604 to read as follows:
12 13 14	<b>"624.05 Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the accepted water meter relocation on a contract lump sum basis. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and in contract documents.
15 16 17 18	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in proposal schedule:
19 20	Pay Item Pay Unit
21 22	Water Meter Relocation Lump Sum
23 24 25	The Engineer will not pay for excavation and backfill separately; this work shall be incidental to the contract item."
26 27	END OF SECTION 624

1 2	SECTION 625 – SEWER SYSTEM
3	Make the following amendment to said Section:
4 5	(I) Amend 625.04 - Measurement by replacing lines 487 to 488 to read:
6 7 8 9	<b>"625.04 Measurement.</b> The Engineer will measure concrete jacket by the linear foot."
10 11	(II) Amend <b>625.05 – Payment</b> by revising lines 489 to 504 to read as follows:
12 13 14	<b>"625.05 Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the accepted quantities of concrete jacket at the contract unit price per linear foot. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and in contract documents.
15 16 17	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in proposal schedule:
18 19 20	Pay Item Pay Unit
21 22	Concrete Jacket Linear Foot
23 24 25 26	The Engineer will not pay for excavation and backfill separately; this work shall be incidental to the contract item."
27	END OF SECTION 625

1 2 3	SECTION 626 – MANHOLES AND VALVE BOXES FOR WATER AND SEWER SYSTEMS
3 4 5	Make the following amendment to said Section:
3 6 7	(I) Amend 626.04 - Measurement by replacing lines 172 to 173 to read:
8 9 10	"626.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure manholes and valve boxes per each for water and sewer systems."
11 12	(II) Amend <b>626.05 – Payment</b> by revising lines 174 to 192 to read as follows:
13 14 15	<b>"626.05 Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items listed below per each basis, as shown in proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and in contract documents.
16 17 18 19	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in proposal schedule:
20	Pay Item Pay Unit
21 22 23	Adjusting Manhole Frame and Cover Each
24 25	The Engineer will pay for excavation and backfill in accordance with and under Section 204 Excavation and Backfill for Miscellaneous Facilities."
26 27 28	END OF SECTION 626

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## **SECTION 629 - PAVEMENT MARKINGS**

Make the following amendments to said Section:

(I) Amend Subsection 629.03(B) – Temporary Pavement Markings by revising the third paragraph from line 62 to 63 to read:

"Maintain and replace temporary pavement markings, flexible delineators, and barricades."

(II) Amend Table 629.03 – 1 – Temporary Pavement Markings to read as follows:

"TABLE 629.03-1 TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS	
TYPE	PAVEMENT MARKINGS
Passing Permitted - Both Sides	Single 4-inch yellow stripe 5 feet in length spaced 20 feet on center with Type D markers spaced 40 feet on center and located on center of 5-foot length of stripe.
Passing Prohibited - Both Sides	Double solid 4-inch yellow stripes with Type D markers placed 20 feet on center on one of 4-inch yellow stripes selected by the Engineer.
Passing Permitted - One Side Only	Single continuous 4-inch yellow stripe with Type D markers placed on stripe 20 feet on center on nopassing side and single 4-inch yellow stripes 5 feet in length spaced 20 feet on center on passing side.
Lane Lines - Lane Changing Permitted	Single 4-inch yellow or white stripe 5 feet in length spaced 20 feet on center with Type C or Type D markers spaced 40 feet on center.
Lane Lines - Lane Changing Prohibited	Double solid 4-inch white stripes with Type C markers placed 20 feet on center on one of the 4-inch white stripes selected by the Engineer.
Crosswalk	Two 12-inch white transverse lines spaced 8 feet on center or as ordered by the Engineer.
Stop Line	Single 12-inch white transverse line.
	ad far tamparan, markings in areas where final naving is

**Note:** Paint may be used for temporary markings in areas where final paving is not complete."

61		and temporary signs installed for the longitudinal guidance of public traffic
62 63		over reconstructed areas, cold planed surfaces, newly paved surfaces or other unmarked or scarified areas for payment.
64		
65		The Engineer will measure the temporary pavement markings and
66 67		temporary signs installed as ordered by the Engineer for special temporary traffic patterns on a force account basis, if the contract specifies payment in
68		the proposal.
69		
70		(C) The Engineer will measure the pavement markers per each for the
71		types shown in the proposal.
72		
73		The Engineer will measure HOV Lane markings, pavement words,
74		and pavement arrows per each."
75		
76	(IV)	Amend <b>629.05 – Payment</b> by revising lines 296 to 330 to read as follows:
77		
78	<b>"629</b> .	05 Payment.
79		
80		(A) The Engineer will pay for removal of pavement markings, markers,
81		words, arrows, and HOV markings to facilitate installation of detour lanes at
82		the contract unit prices bid. The prices shall be full compensation for
83		removing such items according to the contract.
84		
85		The Engineer will pay for thermoplastic and preformed pavement
86		marking tape for detour lanes at the contract price per linear foot according
87		to the contract complete in place, including primers.
88		
89		The Engineer will pay pavement markers of various types for detour
90		lanes at the contract price per each according to the contract, complete in
91		place, including adhesives.
92		The Engineer will now LOV/ Lone markings provement words and
93 94		The Engineer will pay HOV Lane markings, pavement words, and pavement arrows for detour lanes at the contract price per each according
9 <del>4</del> 95		to the contract, complete in place.
95 96		to the contract, complete in place.
90 97		(B) The Engineer will pay for thermoplastic and preformed pavement
98		marking tape at the contract price per linear foot according to the contract,
98 99		complete in place, including primers.
100		complete in place, including printers.
101		The Engineer will pay for double four (4) inch striping with a four (4)
102		inch space between stripes at the contract price per linear foot according
102		to the contract.
103		to the contract.
105		The Engineer will pay for crosswalk markings at the contract price
106		per lane of traffic marked, per each according to the contract.
107		,

108 The Engineer will pay for pavement arrows (single and multiple 109 heads), symbols, and words at the contract price per each according to the 110 contract. 111 The contract unit price paid shall be full compensation for furnishing 112 113 labors, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals and for doing the work 114 involved in furnishing and installing pavement markings complete in place 115 according to the contract. 116 117 The Engineer will not pay for the temporary pavement markings including flexible delineator posts with reflector markers or Type I 118 Barricades and temporary signs installed for the longitudinal guidance of 119 public traffic over reconstructed areas, cold planed surfaces, newly paved 120 surfaces or other unmarked or scarified areas for payment if not shown in 121 the proposal separately. The Engineer will consider them incidental to the 122 123 various contract items. 124 125 If the contract specifies payment for temporary pavement markings installed as ordered by the Engineer for special temporary traffic patterns, 126 the Engineer will pay from an allowance for "Temporary Construction Zone 127 128 Markings". 129 130 The Engineer will compute the actual amount paid to the Contractor for force account work according to Subsection 109.06 - Force Account 131 132 Provisions and Compensation. 133 134 The Engineer will pay for the various types of pavement markers at the contract price per each according to the contract, complete in place, 135 136 including adhesives. 137 138 The Engineer will pay for pavement words and pavement arrows at 139 the contract price per each according to the contract, complete in place. 140 141 The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in 142 the proposal schedule: 143 144 Pay Item Pay Unit 145 146 Removal of Pavement Markings for Detour Lanes Linear Foot 147 148 Removal of Pavement Markers for Detour Lanes Each 149 150 Removal of Pavement Words for Detour Lanes Each 151 152 Removal of Pavement Arrows for Detour Lanes Each 153 154 Removal of HOV Marking for Detour Lanes Each STP-0300(214)

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vement Arrows for Detour Lanes  OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes  Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Desswalk Marking (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  OV Lane Marking (Thermoplastic Extrusion)  vement Arrow (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  vement Word (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  De Pavement Marker	Each Each Linear Foot Lane Each Each Each Each
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes  Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Desswalk Marking (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  OV Lane Marking (Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Evement Arrow (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Evement Word (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Each Each Linear Foot Lane Each Each
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes  Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Desswalk Marking (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  OV Lane Marking (Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Evement Arrow (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Evement Word (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Each Each Linear Foot Lane Each Each
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes  Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Desswalk Marking (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  OV Lane Marking (Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Evement Arrow (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Evement Word (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Each Each Linear Foot Lane Each Each
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes  Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Desswalk Marking (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  OV Lane Marking (Thermoplastic Extrusion)  evement Arrow (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Each Each Linear Foot Lane Each Each
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes  Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion)  Desswalk Marking (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)  OV Lane Marking (Thermoplastic Extrusion)  evement Arrow (Tape, Type or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Each Each Linear Foot Lane Each Each
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion) Descriptions	Each Each Linear Foot Lane Each
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion) osswalk Marking (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Each Each Linear Foot Lane
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion) osswalk Marking (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Each Each Linear Foot Lane
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Each Each Linear Foot
OV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes Inch Pavement Striping ape, Type Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Each Each Linear Foot
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1		SECTION 630 - TRAFFIC CONTROL GUIDE SIGNS	
2 3 4	Make	the following amendment to said Section:	
5	(I)	Amend <b>Section 630.02 - Materials</b> , by replacing lines 28 to 29 to re	ead:
7 8 9		"Retroreflective sheeting shall conform to criteria listed in ASTM D 4 e applicable type and class, or as amended in accordance with Subsections."	
9 10	750.0	01 - Signs."	
11 12 13	(II)	Amend <b>Section 630.04 - Measurement</b> , by replacing lines 204 to 2 read:	21 to
14 15	" <b>630.0</b> compl	<b>04 Measurement.</b> The Engineer will measure street name signs as lete units of the type and design specified in the proposal.	6
16 17 18 19	and te	ne Engineer will not measure removal and disposal and storing of exist emporary signs and markers that the Contractor will not incorporate in soleted highway for payment."	
20 21 22	(III)	Amend 630.05 – Payment by revising lines 223 to 303 to read as for	ollows:
23 24 25 26 27	be full	<b>05 Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for street name signs at the coper each for the type and design specified complete in place. Paymell compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contractments.	ent will
28 29 30 31	highw	The Engineer will not pay for removing and disposing or storing of emporary signs that the Contractor will not incorporate in the complet vay separately. The Engineer will consider them incidental to the variact items.	ed
32 33 34 35	propo	The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in tosal schedule:	he
36 37		Pay Item Page 1	ay Unit
38	Street	t Name Sign	Each
39 40 41 42	Street	t Name Sign on Traffic Signal Mast Arm	Each"
42		END OF SECTION 630	

1	SECTION 632 - MARKERS
2 3	Make the following amendment to said Section:
5	(I) Amend <b>Section 632.04 - Measurement</b> by replacing lines 79 to 81 to read:
6 7 8 9	"632.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure Type II object marker per each as complete units of the type and design specified in the proposal."
10	(II) Amend Section 632.05 – Payment by replacing lines 83 to 100 to read:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	"632.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for Type II object marker at the contract price per each for the type and design specified complete in place. Payment will be full compensation for excavating and backfilling, furnishing and installing materials, furnishing equipment, tools, labors and incidentals necessary to complete the work. The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:
20 21	Pay Item Pay Unit
22 23 24 25 26 27	Type Object Marker Each"
29	END OF SECTION 632

1 2	SECTION 634 – PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALKS
3	Make the following amendment to said Section:
4 5	(I) Amend Section 634.04 - Measurement by replacing lines 60 to 61 to read:
6 7	"634.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure Portland ceme
8	concrete sidewalks by the square yard of finished surface."
10 11	(II) Amend Section 634.05 – Payment by replacing lines 62 to 72 to read:
11 12 13 14 15	<b>"634.05 Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the accepted quantities of Portland cement concrete sidewalk at the contract unit price per square yas complete in place as shown in the proposal.
16 17 18	Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section ar contract documents.
19 20 21	The Engineer will pay for following pay item when included in propos schedule:
22 23	Pay Item Pay Unit
24 25	Portland Cement Concrete Sidewalk Square Ya
26 27	The Engineer will pay for excavation of unsuitable material and backfill wimaterial acceptable to the Engineer under Section 203 – Excavation are
28 29 30	Embankment. If no pay item exists, refer to Subsection 104.02 – Changes."
31 32	
33	END OF SECTION 634

Make the following amendments to said Section:

(I) Amend **638.04 – Measurement** by revising lines 130 to 131 to read as follows:

**"638.04 Measurement.** The Engineer will measure curb and/or gutter, both new and reset, by the linear foot. The Engineer will measure along the front face of the curb at the finished grade elevation. If the Engineer measures gutter separately, the Engineer will measure gutter along the front face of the gutter. The Engineer will not make deduction in gutter length for drainage appurtenances installed such as catch basins and drop inlets.

The Engineer will not measure curb and/or gutter both new and reset when contracted on a lump sum basis.

The Engineer will measure curb and/or gutter transition for payment as follows:

From	То	Measurement for Payment
Cast-in-place Curb or Precast Curb	Cast-in-place Curb and Gutter	Cast-in-place Curb and Gutter
Cast-in-place Curb and Gutter	Precast Curb and Cast-in-place Gutter	Cast-in-place Curb and Gutter
Cast-in-place Curb and Gutter Type	Cast-in-place Curb and Gutter Type	Cast-in-place Curb and Gutter 1/2 of Transition to each type
Cast-in-place Curb Type	Cast-in-place Curb Type	Cast-in-place Curb 1/2 of Transition to each type

The Engineer will measure precast concrete drop curb and driveway curb or cast-in-place integral driveway curb and gutter under the adjacent normal curb and/or gutter."

(II) Amend **638.05 – Payment** by revising lines 133 to 148 to read as follows:

28	"638.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted quantities of curb
29	and/or gutter at the contract lump sum price or at the contract unit price per linear
30	foot for each type of curb and/or gutter specified.
31	
32	Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and
33	contract documents.
34	
35	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in
36	proposal schedule:
37	
38	Pay Item Pay Unit
39	
40	Curb, Type Linear Foot
41	
42	Curb and Gutter, Type Linear Foot"
43	
44	
45	
46	END OF SECTION 638

1	SECTION 641 – HYDRO-MULCH SEEDING
2 3	Make the following amendments to said Section:
4 5 6	(I) Amend <b>Subsection 641.02(B) – Fertilizer</b> by revising the section from line 33 to 36 to read:
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	"(B) Fertilizer. Proper fertilizer shall be used in hydro-mulch mix, depending on condition of soil. Apply at rates and in amounts consistent with manufacturer's specifications. Contractor shall provide a Soil Analysis Report, if requested by Engineer, and shall use report to determine quantity and ratio of fertilizer for sustained growth of grass. Submit recommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the application rates and amounts above."
16 17 18	(II) Amend Subsection 641.03(A) – Seeding by revising the first paragraph from line 100 to 103 to read:
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	"(A) Seeding. Apply seeded mulch within the timeframe in Subsection 209.03(B) – Construction Requirements, if temporary stabilization will not be utilized, after completion of slopes or portion of slope when exposed face attains height of 15 feet. Notify Engineer not less than 24 hours ahead of hydro-mulch seeding operation. Do not hydro-mulch until the Engineer inspects and accepts areas for planting."
26 27 28	END OF SECTION 641

2	SECTION 645 - WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL	
3	Make the following amendments to said Section:	
4 5 6	(I) Amend <b>Subsection 645.03 Construction</b> by adding the following after lir 66:	ne
7 8 9	"The Contractor shall furnish a minimum of two police officers, unless otherwis requested by the State."	se
11 12 13	(II) Amend <b>Subsection</b> Error! No text of specified style in document <b>03</b> (I <b>Lane Closures</b> by revising lines 248 to 252 to read as follows:	F)
14 15 16	"(F) Lane Closures. Lane closures at the intersection of Kalanianao Highway with Kalaniiki Street / Waieli Street will be allowed only during the following days / times:	
18 19	(1) Mondays to Fridays: 8:00 p.m. to Midnight	
20 21	(2) Tuesdays to Saturdays: Midnight to 5:00 a.m.	
22 23 24	Exceptions to lane closure hours specified require writted acceptance by the Engineer. No increase in contract price or contract time will be given for lane closure restrictions specified."	
25 26	Will be given for faile closure recurence openined.	
27 28 29		
30 31	END OF SECTION 645	

1	SECTION 650 – CURB RAMPS
2 3	Make the following amendments to said Section:
4	(I) Amond CEO O4 Measurement by revising lines 44 to 40 to read as follows:
5 6	(I) Amend <b>650.04 – Measurement</b> by revising lines 41 to 42 to read as follows:
7	"650.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure accepted curb ramps
8	and detectable warning mats per each in accordance with the contract
9	documents."
10	
11	(II) Amend <b>650.05 – Payment</b> by revising lines 45 to 51 to read as follows:
12	
13	<b>"650.05</b> Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted curb ramps and
14	detectable warning mats at the contract unit price per each. Payment will be full
15	compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.
16 17	The Engineer will hav for the following hav item when included in the
18	The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when included in the proposal schedule:
19	proposal scriedule.
20	Pay Item Pay Unit
21	
22	Curb Ramp Each
23	
24	Detectable Warning Mat Each"
25	
26	
27	END OF SECTION 650

STP-0300(214) 650-1a

Hawaiian Stilt Birds – A biological monitor familiar with the

species' biology and approved by the FHWA will conduct Hawaiian

Stilt Bird nest surveys where appropriate habitat occurs within the proposed maintenance site prior to cleaning culverts and drainage

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46 47 48 49	structures. Survey will take place within three days of project initiation and after any subsequent delay of work of three or more days (during which the birds may attempt to nest). If a nest or active brood is found, cease work and contact the USFWS.
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	(B) Compliance Requirements. The Contractor shall protect, Hawaiian Hoary Bats, Hawaiian seabirds, Newell's shearwater, band-rumped stormpetrel, and Hawaiian Stilt birds for the duration of construction. Failure to comply with the construction requirements, harm or a taking of an individual during the construction duration shall be enforceable by the USFWS as set forth by the ESA and DOFAW. Resultant penalties and/or fines shall be at the Contractors expense without cost or liability to the State.
58 59 60 61 62 63	<b>671.04 Measurement.</b> The Engineer will measure the work by a biological monitor required for the protection of endangered species on a force account basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 – Force Account Provisions and Compensation and as ordered by the Engineer.
64 65 66 67 68	<b>671.05 Payment.</b> The Engineer will pay for the accepted work by a biological monitor required for the protection of endangered species on a force account basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 – Force Account Provisions and Compensation. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section, by the Engineer, and in the contract documents.
69 70 71 72	The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when included in the proposal schedule:
73 74	Pay Item Pay Unit
75 76	Protection of Endangered Species Force Account
77 78 79 80	An estimated amount may be allocated in the proposal schedule under "Protection of Endangered Species", but the actual amount to be paid will be the sum shown on the accepted force account records, whether this sum be more or less than the estimated amount allocated in the proposal schedule.
81 82 83 84 85	The Engineer will not pay for outdoor lighting for night-time work separately, this work shall be incidental to the various contract items."
86	END OF SECTION 671

This Section shall be made a part of the Standard Specifications:

## "SECTION 680 - ELECTRIC AND COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

680.01 **Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, materials and equipment to install in place and in operating condition underground structures required for the facilities of Hawaiian Electric Company, herein referred to as HECO, the facilities of Hawaiian Telcom herein referred to as HTCO, and the facilities of Spectrum herein referred to as Spectrum. Such works shall be performed and tested at the indicated locations in accordance with the requirements herein specified and the indicated details, or as ordered by the Engineer, and includes but is not limited to the following.

(A) Complete installation of a new HECO handhole including excavation, trenching, backfilling, and concrete work. Work shall also include securing the approval of the HECO Inspector.

(B) Coordinate work and arrange for periodic inspections by HECO and Engineer.

(C) Immediately report and pay for damages to existing equipment.

(D) Obtain and pay for electrical permits, arrange for periodic inspection by local authorities and deliver certificate of final inspection to Engineer.

Contractor shall check and test the installation for completeness and (E) functional operation as described by the drawings and specified herein. Final test shall be in the presence of Engineer and representatives of utility companies. Contractor shall arrange and pay for all testing costs.

Incidental parts which are not shown on the plans or specified herein and which are necessary to complete the underground electrical duct system shall be furnished and installed by the Contractor as though such parts were shown on the plans, or specified herein or in the special provisions.

All electrical equipment shall conform to the NEMA Standards, and all electrical work shall conform to ordinances of City and County of Honolulu: latest edition of National Electrical Code: General Order No. 10. Public Utilities Commission, State of Hawaii; and Regulations and Standard Practices of HECO.

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Applicable rules, standards and specifications of following associations shall apply to materials and workmanship:

(1) American National Standards Institute (ANSI)

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Edison Electric Institute (EEI) **(2)** 

48 49	1	3) Illumination Engineer Society	(IES)
50	,	3) Illumination Engineer Society	(ILO)
51 52	(	4) National Board of Fire Under	writers (NBFU)
53	(	5) National Electrical Manufactu	rer's Association (NEMA)
54 55	(	6) National Fire Protection Asso	ciation (NFPA)
56 57	(	7) Underwriters' Laboratories, Ir	nc (UL)
58	,	, chackmine zaseratemes, ii	
59 60	680.02 N	Materials.	
61 62	` '	Naterials shall meet the requirement on 700 - Materials.	ts specified in the following subsections
63 64	(	Concrete Pull Boxes	712.06(B)
65 66	(	Conduits	712.27
67 68 69 70	Conduit		o the requirements of Section 712.27 - shall be new and provided by the tion drawings and specifications.
71 72 73 74	Ì	, , ,	nedule 40 type ducts shall be provided tings shall be of the same material as
75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83	Concret of coars the slun handho	e, except that for concrete jackets be aggregate shall be 3/4 inch in lieun shall be 6-inch minimum and 7-indes, and pullboxes shall be Class A	uirements of Section 601 - Structural and concrete caps, the maximum size u of the one-inch to No. 4 specified and nch maximum. Concrete for manholes, A. Concrete for jacketing conduits and ent content shall be 5.6 sacks per cubic
84 85 86	` '	Concrete Bricks shall conform to Su croken bricks will not be permitted.	bsection 704.02 - Concrete Brick. The
87 88 89 90	Section volume	601 - Structural Concrete. Cer	shall conform to the requirements of ment mortar shall be a one-to-three mbined fine aggregate. Combined fine aggregates.
91 92 93 94	Àppurte		s and Miscellaneous Metals and les. Steel shapes shall conform to the tructural Steel and Related Materials.

Fabrication of steel frames shall conform to the applicable provisions of Section 501 - Steel Structures. Steel frames shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication. Concrete for covers shall be Class A and shall conform to Section 601 - Structural Concrete. Cast iron frame and cover shall conform to Subsection 712.07 (A) - Frame and Covers.

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- (G) Reinforcing Steel. Reinforcing Steel for manholes, handholes and pullboxes, and concrete jackets shall conform to the requirements of Section 602 - Reinforcing Steel.
- Materials will be subject to inspection at any time. Failure of the Engineer (H) to note faulty material or workmanship during construction will not relieve the Contractor of his responsibility for removing or replacing such materials and dredging the work at his expense.
- Conductors. Conductors shall be copper, No. 12 AWG minimum; No. 10 **(I)** AWG and smaller, solid and round; No. 8 AWG and larger, 7 or 19 strands concentric. All conductors No. 6 and smaller shall be types THW for interior use or RHW for exterior use. All conductors No. 4 AWG and larger shall be type THWN-2 for interior use; or RHW-2 or USE-2 for exterior use. Conductors used to serve critical operations power systems (power systems for facilities or parts of facilities that require continuous operations for reasons of public safety, emergency management, national security, or business continuity) including but not limited to emergency power, HVAC, fire alarm, security, telecommunications, and signaling shall be a listed 2-hour electrical circuit protective system. Conductors installed on roof tops and exposed to sunlight shall be derated per NEC Table 310.15(B)(2)(b) or shall be type XHHW-2. Conduit sizes shall be increased as necessary to accommodate derated and type XHHW-2 conductors. Reduce conductor sizes at equipment terminations as required to accommodate maximum allowable conductor size accepted at equipment terminals per manufacturer's recommendations. Provide UL listed in-line reducer splice kit or UL listed cable reducing adapter plugs as required to reduce conductor sizes.

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680.03 Construction.

- (A) General.
  - (1) The Contractor shall in performing required excavation and backfill, exercise due care to avoid disturbing existing facilities. He shall remove and dispose of all demolished or excess material from the job site.

(2) Upon completion of the work, the Contractor shall submit an 'As Built' or corrected plan showing in detail thereon all construction changes.

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Before bidding, the Contractor shall visit project site, carefully review each section of the Specification and all Drawings of this Contract, and obtain and review the standards, specifications and drawings of the local utility companies.

- (a) The Contractor shall report any error, conflicts or omissions to the Engineer at least one week before submission of bids for interpretation or clarification. If errors or omissions are not reported, the Contractor shall provide necessary work at no cost to the State of Hawaii to properly complete intent of Specification and Plans.
- (4) The Contractor shall make detailed arrangements for work by utility companies pertaining to this contract. Payment to utility companies for their work shall be by the State.
- (5) Electric utility cables and equipment shall be by electric utility companies.
- **(B) Existing Utilities.** Existing utilities are shown on the drawings in approximate locations for the convenience of the Contractor. It is not the intention of plans to imply that all existing utilities are drawn and located, and the fact that any utility is not shown on the drawings shall not relieve the Contractor of his responsibility under this Section. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to ascertain the location of all existing utilities which may be subject to damages by construction under this Contract. The Contractor shall:
  - (1) Support and protect all HECO, HTCO, and Spectrum utilities during construction,
  - (2) Notify HECO, HTCO, and Spectrum immediately of any damage to its system caused by construction under this Contract, and
  - (3) Reconstruct, at his expense, damaged portions of the utility system in accordance with the requirements and specifications of HECO, HTCO, and Spectrum.
  - (4) The Contractor shall be responsible for and shall pay for all damages to existing utilities of all types.
- (C) HECO Facilities. The Contractor shall provide HECO with 24-hour access to all existing HECO facilities that are to remain, or, for facilities that are to be removed, until they are removed and to all new HECO facilities after they are installed. The Contractor shall be responsible for any delays in utility company work due to his failure to provide access to utility company facilities. All existing HECO facilities shall remain in place until proposed permanent facilities are completed and energized. Any cost for temporary relocations arising during construction shall be borne by the Contractor.
  - (1) Electrical equipment or conductors, whether electrically energized or not, shall remain in place at all time during construction. Handling and moving of electrical equipment or conductors, when required by the Engineer, shall be done by HECO. Work by the Contractor in areas with

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energized electrical equipment or conductors shall be performed with extreme caution to prevent accidents and to avoid disturbing or damaging this equipment or conductors or any temporary supports or protective guards that are constructed. Unless otherwise permitted by HECO, all work by the Contractor in areas with energized equipment of conductors shall be performed in the presence of a HECO inspector and/or standby man. The Contractor shall have the sole responsibility for maintaining safe and efficient working conditions and procedures in these areas.

- (2) Any existing or new HECO facilities including equipment or conductors damaged by the Contractor during construction shall be replaced by HECO at the Contractor's expense.
- (3) The Contractor shall give HECO two weeks advance notice for any work to be done by HECO on its facilities. Unless otherwise indicated on the drawings or otherwise directed by the Engineer, HECO will:
  - **(a)** Remove the concrete envelope from existing underground HECO ducts containing electrical cables.
  - **(b)** Construct temporary supports and protective barriers for bare duct and electrical cables immediately after removal of the concrete envelope is completed. Material for such supports and barriers shall be furnished by the Contractor as an incidental cost.
  - (c) Remove temporary supports and protective barriers constructed under item (2) above.
- **(D) Excavation and Backfill.** All excavation and backfill for electric, telephone and cable television underground structures and trenches shall conform to the requirements of Section 204 Excavation and Backfill for Miscellaneous Facilities, modified as follows:
  - (1) Excavation.
    - (a) The width of trenches for concrete encased ducts shall be not less than the width of the encasement nor more than that required to properly and safely execute the work.
    - (b) Ducts encased in concrete jackets which are bedded in disturbed (fill) ground shall be installed in the following manner: Embankments shall be built up and thoroughly compacted to the elevation which is three feet above the top-of-jacket elevation, or to the required elevation shown on the plans, whichever is less than five times the width of the jacket. This work shall conform to the requirements of Section 203 Excavation and Embankment. The trench to accommodate the jacket shall then be excavated through

the constructed embankment.

- **(c)** The Contractor shall not excavate for manholes, handholes and duct lines until he has the locations for these structures staked out and verified to be correct, and approved by the respective utility company inspectors.
- (d) Trenches shall be excavated at least 50 feet ahead of duct placement so that any obstruction to the duct line can be avoided through gradual alignment. The profile grade may be adjusted by the Engineer to increase or decrease the excavation depth (up to 3 feet) as a result of unforeseen obstruction at no additional cost.
- (e) Excavation for each handhole and manhole, plus 50 feet of trenching for all ducts connected to those structures shall be completed, and the locations and depths of the handholes and manholes shall be verified and approved by the respective utility company inspectors prior to construction or installation of the structures. All cuts in excess of depths required shall be filled with concrete, beach sand, or Type A backfill. The lateral limit for handholes and manholes shall be the vertical surfaces two feet outside the neat lines of the structures.
- (f) The bottom of the trench excavation shall be flat and smooth. All trenches shall be approved by the Engineer and the utility company inspectors before any ducts or conduits are placed or any structures and foundations are constructed.
- **(g)** The trenches shall be widened at handholes and manholes to permit proper entry of the ducts and conduits.
- **(h)** The Contractor shall provide all sheathing and bracing to support the sides of the excavated trench. Provision and removal of these items are incidental to the trenching work.
- (2) Backfill.
  - (a) No backfilling shall be done until the duct and conduit installations and the handhole and manhole placements have been verified to be correct and approved by the respective utility company inspectors.
  - (b) Material for use as trench backfill for direct buried cable above select backfill shall be non-expansive and shall conform to Subsection 680.03 (D) (2) (c) below. Backfilling and compaction shall be as specified in Section 204 Excavation and Backfill for

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Miscellaneous Facilities. Backfill material shall be beach sand, earth or earth and gravel mixture. If earth and gravel, mixture must pass 1/2 inch mesh screen and contain not more than 20 percent of rock particles by volume.

- (c) Material for use as select backfill for direct buried cables shall be non-expansive and shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 703.04 (B) Filler.
- (d) Backfilling shall be to finished grades indicated on accompanying drawings, and/or matching existing conditions. Backfill material shall be placed in maximum of 8" layers in loose thickness before compacting. Backfill shall be thoroughly compacted with hand or mechanical tampers to 95% of the ASTM D1557 maximum dry density. In no case shall tamping be accomplished by using the wheels or tracks of a vehicle.
- **(E)** Installation of Conduits, Conductors and Duct Banks. All joints shall be water tight and all ducts shall be installed to drain towards pull points unless otherwise shown on the plans.
  - (1) Plastic Duct Joints.
    - (a) Field cutting of plastic ducts shall be performed by the Contractor and only with the use of a miter box. Burrs shall be removed by filing before the joint is made. All foreign matter shall be wiped off the sockets of the fittings and the edges of the duct with a clean cloth.
    - (b) Cement for plastic duct joints shall be obtained from the duct manufacturer. Thinning of the cement will not be permitted. A liberal and uniform coat of cement shall be applied with a natural bristle brush to the inside of the coupling and to the outside of the duct end. Immediately thereafter, the duct shall be slipped into the socket of the fitting with a half-twist, and the excess cement shall be wiped off.
    - **(c)** Allow the joined members to cure for at least five minutes before disturbing or applying stress to the joint. After this initial cure, care must be exercised in handling to prevent twisting or pulling the joint. In damp weather, this interval shall be increased to allow for slower evaporation of the solvent.
    - **(d)** Another fitting or section of conduit may be added to the opposite end within 2 or 3 minutes if care is exercised in handling so that strain is not placed on the previous assembly.

- **(e)** Any joint included in a section of conduit to be bent in the trench shall be assembled above ground and allowed to lie undisturbed for at least two hours before installation. In cases where a plastic connection is made with the union under stress due to misalignment or other factors, the union shall be staked out to relieve stress on the joint until the conduit is backfilled or encased.
- (2) Plastic Duct Installation.
  - (a) The Contractor shall provide spacers to maintain proper separation between ducts. The bottom duct spacers shall be placed on the prepared trench bottom, the first tier of ducts placed in the grooves of the spacers, and couplings attached to the duct ends. Spacers shall be 15 inches or more away from any coupling or joint. Successive lengths of ducts shall then be placed and connected to the preceding lengths as specified above. The second tier of duct spacers shall then be placed over the ducts previously placed and followed by installation of couplings. The operation shall be repeated for each successive tier until the top tier is set in place after which the top spacers are placed.
  - **(b)** When conduit is assembled above the ground, the spacer shall be supported in a vertical position by use of a No. 4 rebar and smooth black steel wire, No. 14 gage.
  - (c) Duct alignment shall be as straight as feasible. Such directional changes as are required shall be made by using field made bends or with segments using angle couplings or deflection couplings, except where otherwise indicated. The deflection angle between two adjacent lengths of duct shall not exceed five degrees, unless otherwise indicated.
  - (d) Spacers shall not be located at the centers of a long radius bend. On pre-fabricated bends, the spacer shall be located in the tangent, free of the coupling. On trench formed bend, the spacer shall be located midway between the tangent and center of the bend.
  - **(e)** Precaution shall be taken to prevent damage in plastic duct lines from thermal expansion and contraction. All ducts shall be cool when placed in trenches and when the concrete jacket is being poured.
  - (f) The terminated ends of the conduit in an underground structure shall be free of support for a distance of at least 10 feet from the structure. The conduit shall be aligned and supported inside

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the structure with proper spacing and shall be cut to length after the concrete envelope has cured.

- **(g)** The ends of the conduit shall be sealed with a plastic cap, plug, or approved substitute at the end of each day's work, when work on duct installation has to be interrupted, where ducts may be submerged in water, and in stub outs.
- (3) Plastic marking tape. Provide plastic marking tape that is acid and alkali resistant polyethylene film 6 inches wide with minimum thickness of 0.004 inch. Provide tape with minimum strength of 1,750 PSI lengthwise and 1,500 PSI crosswise. Manufacture tape with integral wires, foil backing or other means to enable detection by a metal detector when tape is buried up to 3 feet deep. Manufacture tape specifically for marking and locating underground utilities. Provide the metallic core of the tape encased in a protective jacket or provided with other means to protect it from corrosion. Conform to the following tape color and bear a continuous printed inscription describing the specific utility.

Red: Electric

Orange: Telephone

## (4) Conductors.

- (a) Mechanical means for pulling shall be torque-limiting type and not used for #2 AWG and smaller wires.
- **(b)** Pulling tension shall not exceed wire manufacturer's recommendations.
- **(c)** Where necessary, powdered soapstone may be used as a lubricant for drawing wires through conduit. No other means of lubricating will be allowed.
- **(d)** Form neatly in enclosures for minimum of crossovers. Tag all feeders and label all branch circuits in all enclosures and devices. Identify panel name and branch circuit number.
- **(e)** Color code feeder, branch circuit, and grounding conductors. Color for grounding conductors shall be green. Color for neutral conductors shall be white except for where neutrals of more than one branch circuit grouping are installed in the same raceway or enclosure, the other neutral shall be white with a colored stripe (other than green). The color coding for three-phase and single-phase circuits shall be as follows:

208Y/120V, 3-phase, 4-wire:

Black (Phase-A)
Red (Phase-B)
Blue (Phase-C)

STP-0300(214) 680-9a

STP-0300(214) 680-10a

480Y/277V, 3-phase, 4-wire:

Brown (Phase-A)
Orange (Phase-B)

12/7/20

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			STP-0300(214) 680-11a	12	2/7/20	
517		(a)	Forms shall be of good sound lui	mber with sufficient str	ength	
516	(0)	. 51111	···· <del>9</del> ·			
515	(8)	Form	ina.			
514		anoi	placing to inical or defice waterlight			
513		. ,	placing to insure dense watertight	• •		
512		(e)	Vibrate structural concrete thorou	ighly during and immed	liatelv	
511		opic		-··-·· <b>·</b>		
510		` '	acement of ducts, inserts and reinfo	•		
509		(d)	Place concrete to avoid segr	regation of materials	and	
508		<b></b>				
507		thickr		,	J -	
506		(c)	Place concrete in forms, in horizon	ntal layers not exceedir	ng 18"	
505		( - )	<b>,</b> <del></del> -	,		
504		(b)	Place concrete only on clean dan	np surfaces, free from v	vater.	
503						
502		` '	e placing concrete.			
501		(a)	Clean and remove all debris from	n inside forms and trer	nches	
500	(')	. 14011	· <del>3</del> ·			
199	(7)	Placii	na.			
198	1100	-, op 01	.a 20 miniod to myo root, dinood de			
197	` '	(6) Convey concrete from mixer to forms rapidly to prevent segregation. Free drop shall be limited to five feet, unless authorized by inspector.				
196	(6)	Conv	ev concrete from mixer to forms rai	pidly to prevent searea	ation	
195	and/0	, back	y.			
193 194	` ,	cure r back		ours belove permitting	uailic	
<del>1</del> 92 193	(5)	Cure	concrete for a minimum of 72 ho	nurs hefore nermitting	traffic	
+91 192	riigrie	1.				
+90 <b>+</b> 91	highe		vibiators shall be used for stacked	duot patika of tillee du	UIS UI	
+09 490	•		vibrators shall be used for stacked			
189	` ,		rally and carefully up and down			
+0 / 188	(4)	To in	sure against voids in concrete, wo	rk a long flat splicing b	nar or	
+80 487	COLICI	טוס וט	ise between ducts, illing all open s	spaces uniionniy.		
+85 486	(3)		t flow of concrete down sides of do rise between ducts, filling all open s		Jwirig	
184 185	(2)	Diroc	t flow of concrete down sides of de	uct bank to bottom alle	owina	
183 184	railing	j uirect	ly on ducts. If unavoidable, protec	i ducis with plank.		
482 482	(2)		n pouring concrete, prevent heavy		irom	
481 482	<b>(0)</b>	\	. manning and another manner to	., maaaa af	£,,	
480 401	preve	prevent ducts from floating.				
479 480	(1)		rely anchor duct banks prior to pour	ring concrete encasem	ent to	
478 470	(4)	S	roly anabar duat banks prior to row	ring concrete excess	ont to	
177 179	minimum of	12 hou	rs prior to placement of any concre	ete.		
476 477	` '		The Contractor shall notify the u	• • •	ctor a	
475 476	(I) O = :	4-	The Contractor of the U.S. C.	41114	- <b>4</b>	
174 175	(NEP	(NEPTCO WP1800P Muletape or approved equal) in each new duct.				
473 47.4	(1)		HECO ducts, provide duct me		tape	
472						
<b>4</b> 71	inch Polyole	fin pull	line between pull points in all ducts	s after testing.		

			2-0300(214) 680-12a	12/7/20		
		<u> </u>		•		
564	n	atch the surrounding	areas, and sodded areas	shall be replanted with the		
563	•	•		backfilled and graded to		
562						
561	tl	e requirements of the	City and County of Hono	lulu.		
560				the plans shall conform to		
559	•		-	ements not maintained by		
558	_					
557	ıncident	al to the various contra	act items.			
556	specifications. Payment for all materials and labor required shall be considered as					
555	Materials and workmanship shall conform to the applicable sections in these					
554				to their original condition.		
553			•	lectric, cable television or		
552	-		-	hich are maintained by the		
551			•	other improvements of the		
550			ng Streets and Other	•		
549	<i>(</i> 1 ) =	(		Lancas and Control		
548	Ħ	nish line.				
547 549	•	,	be of depth required to br	ing top of blocks flush with		
546 547	1	) Cotting had about	bo of donth required to be	ing top of blocks fleeb with		
545 546	n	ixed and used when f	resh. Re-tampering will n	iot de allowed.		
544	•	•	•	ee parts sand, thoroughly		
543		A	, , , , , ,			
542	V	ertically.				
541	•	•	nall be laid in full bed of mo	ortar, both horizontally and		
540						
539	(K) C	oncrete Brick.				
538		_	-			
537	'n	ovement during conci	ete placing or vibrating.	•		
536	(2	) Install reinforcing	in proper locations and	secure in place to prevent		
535						
534	•	, dicated.	<del>-</del>			
533	(	) Clean reinforcin	g of mill or rust scale	and form to dimensions		
532	• ,	<b>J</b> = 70 0 11				
531	(J) F	einforcing Steel.				
530	3					
529		surface.				
528		membrane method with liquid membrane compound. Apply two or more coats to obtain a total of one gallon for each 150 square feet of concrete				
526 527	•	,		complished by impervious		
525 526	1	0) Curing Curing	of concrete shall be ass	complished by importious		
524 525	ti	orougnly ary. Use mo	ortar of same proportions	as originai concrete.		
523	•	,		d holes before concrete is		
522		. 5 5				
521		before each use				
520		(b) Forms sha	all be treated with non-sta	ining form oil immediately		

and conforming to shapes and dimensions indicated on drawings.

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565 same type of grass. Fences and other improvements shall be restored to 566 567

their original condition. This work shall be incidental to and included in the appropriate contract item under which the rearranged facility is provided.

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680.04 The Engineer will measure the meter pedestals, Measurement. coordination with HECO to drop down and extend the existing overhead service to underground to the new HECO meter locations in accordance with Hawaiian Electric Company (HECO) standards and contract documents.

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The Engineer will measure the secondary electrical ductline up to stub-outs, trenching for HECO secondary electrical ductline, HECO riser conduit per HECO standards, HECO secondary conductors, electrical system trenching for ductline, and concrete encasement for electrical ductlines per linear foot in accordance to contract documents.

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680.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the drop down and extension of the overhead service to underground to the new HECO meter locations. The work includes coordination with HECO and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials, and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

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The Engineer will pay for the HECO pullbox/handhole, splice can, and the combination meter/main meter socket at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawings; furnishing and installing the HECO handhole, splice can, and combination mete/main at the designated location; furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials, HECO standards and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

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The Engineer will pay for the meter pedestal at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawings; assembling the meter pedestal; furnishing and installation of meter pedestal; saw cutting; excavating and backfilling; concrete base foundation; restoration and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials, HECO standards and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

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The Engineer will pay for the conduits and conductors at the contract unit price linear foot complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawings; trenching and backfilling; installation of conduits, conductors, and concrete jacket; and furnishing equipment, tools, labor, materials and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

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608 609 610

The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in proposal schedule:

612 613	Pay Item	Pay Unit
614	Coordinate with HECO To Extend The	
615	Overhead Service To Underground To The	
616	New Meter Location, Complete	Each
617		
618	Provide New HECO 2-Feet x 4-Feet Handhole,	
619	Complete	Each
620		
621	Provide New 10"W X 12"H X 6"D Splice Can,	
622	Complete	Each
623		
624	Provide New Combination Meter/Main Meter	
625	Socket, Complete	Each
626		
627	Provide New Meter Pedestal, Complete	Each
628	Describe Conduit Conductors Transle	
629	Provide Conduit, Conductors, Trench	
630	Excavation, Trench Backfill, and Concrete	Linnan Foot
631	Encasement, Complete	Linear Foot
632		
633	The Engineer will now for the accepted healing and stocke	iling of columned
634 635	The Engineer will pay for the accepted hauling and stockp	•
636	materials and equipment off the right-of-way, as ordered by the Engine with Subsection 104.02 – Changes."	er ili accordance
637	with Subsection 104.02 - Changes.	
638	END OF SECTION 680	

Make the following Section a part of the Standard Specifications:

## "SECTION 693 -TERMINAL IMPACT ATTENUATOR

**693.01 Description.** This section describes furnishing and installing a terminal impact attenuator TL-3 MASH Compliant approved by HDOT and transition attachment to MASH compliant guardrail.

#### 693.02 Materials.

Terminal impact attenuator shall consist of crushable energy absorbing elements and transition attachment to MASH compliant guardrail. Submit certification attesting that terminal impact attenuator satisfies NCHRP 350, Test Level 3 requirements within 10 working days following award of contract.

# 693.03 Construction Requirements.

- (A) Equipment List and Drawings. Submit six copies of list of materials and equipment to be incorporated in the work within 10 working days following the award of contract. Include manufacturer's name, dimensions and catalog number of unit, detailed scale drawings of special equipment, shop drawings for fabrication and proposed deviations.
- **(B) Terminal Impact Attenuator.** Install terminal impact attenuator according in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Provide training for installation of system in field for period not to exceed three hours. Provide minimum eight hours of training at Oahu District Office, 727 Kakoi Street, Honolulu, HI 96819 for installation and maintenance of system. Furnish five copies of installation and maintenance system manuals.
- **(C)** Replacement Elements. Furnish and deliver one set of replacement elements, including nose element and transition attachment, for each installation to locations designated by the Engineer and store as ordered.
- **693.04 Method of Measurement.** The Engineer will measure terminal impact attenuation system and transition attachment to MASH compliant guardrail per each as complete units of the type and design specified in the proposal.
- 693.05 Basis of Payment. The Engineer will pay for terminal impact attenuation system and transition attachment to MASH compliant guardrail at the contract unit price per each complete in place. The price includes full compensation for submitting the equipment list and drawing; furnishing and installing the terminal impact attenuator systems at the designated locations; excavating and backfilling; concrete pad; transition to guardrail; and furnishing

equipment, tools, labor, materials and other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:

Pay Item Pay Unit

HDOT Approved Terminal Impact Attenuator – MASH Compliant, TL-3

Each"

**END OF SECTION 693** 

1	SECTION 699 - MOBILIZATION
2	
3	Make the following amendments to said Section:
4	
5	(I) Amend <b>699.03</b> Applicability by revising from lines 21 to 24 to read as
6	follows:
7	
8	"699.03 Applicability. Maximum bid allowed for this item is an amount not to
9	exceed 6 percent of the sum of all items excluding the bid price of this item."
10	
11	(II) Amend <b>699.05 Payment</b> by revising from lines 44 to 47 to read as follows:
12	
13	"Mobilization (Not to exceed 6 percent of the sum of all items
14	excluding the bid price of this item)  Lump Sum"
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	END OF SECTION 699

1	SECTION 706 - CONCRETE, CLAY AND PLASTIC PIPE				
2 3	Make the following amendments to said Section:				
4	•				
5 6	(I) Amend Subsection 706.02(A) RCP for Drainage System from lines 8 to 28 to read as follows:				
7					
8	"(A) RCP for Drainage System. RCP shall conform to AASHTO Load				
9	and Resistance Factor Design (LRFD) specifications, and AASHTO M 170				
10	for specified diameters and strength class, and requirements below:				
11 12	(1) Acceptance shall be based on:				
13					
14	(a) Plant Certification from the American Concrete Pipe				
15	Association (ACPA), National Precast Concrete Association				
16	(NPCA), or Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute (PCI).				
17					
18	(b) Certified Plant Load Bearing Test results.				
19					
20	(c) Certified Material Test results.				
21					
22	(d) Inspection for visual defects and imperfections of the				
23	manufactured pipe.				
24 25	(2) Using three-edge-bearing test method, pipe shall be loaded				
25 26	until 0.01-inch crack occurs. Pipe manufacturer shall furnish facilities				
20 27	and provide personnel to perform test according to AASHTO T 280				
28	(ASTM C 497). Each section of pipe, in addition to required pipe				
29	markings, shall include project identification and inspection lo				
30	designation.				
31					
32	(3) Precast reinforced concrete pipe end sections shall conform				
33	to the requirements above."				
34					
35					
36					
37	END OF SECTION 706				

1	DIVISION 710 - GUARDRAIL MATERIALS
2	
3	Make the following amendments to said Section:
4	
5	(I) Insert Section 710.12 Stainless Steel Pipe for Railings after line 288 to read
6	as follows:
7	
8	"710.12 Stainless Steel Pipe for Railing. Stainless steel pipe shall conform to ASTM
9	A312 Type 316. Stainless steel pipe base plates shall conform to ASTM A1069 Type
10	316. Welding electrodes and rods shall conform to AWS D1.6 Stainless steel
11	mechanical fasteners shall be Type 316. Stainless steel anchor rods and nuts shall
12	conform to ASTM A193. Stainless steel washers shall conform to ASTM A276."
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	END OF OFOTION 740
19	END OF SECTION 710

1	SECTION 712 - MISCELLANEOUS				
2 3	Make the following amendment to said Section:				
4 5 6 7	(I) follow	Amend <b>712.07(A)</b> Frame and Cover from line 98 to line 112 to read as vs:			
8 9 10		"(A) Frame and Cover. Frame and cover for manhole or handhole shall meet requirements of AASHTO M 306."			
11 12 13	(II) follow	Amend <b>712.07(B)</b> Frame and Grate from line 114 to line 132 to read as vs:			
14 15 16		<b>(B)</b> Frame and Grate. Cast iron frame and grate shall conform to AASHTO M 306, unless steel is specified in the contract documents.			
17 18 19 20		Steel frame and grate shall conform to ASTM A 283/A 283 M, Grade D; ASTM A 27/A 27M, Grade 65-35; or ASTM A 47/A 47 M, Grade 35018. Zinc coating shall be provided in accordance with ASTM A 123/A 123M.			
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28		Reinforcing steel for grate shall conform to Subsection 709.01 - Reinforcing Steel. Frame and grate shall be cleaned thoroughly and painted on all sides that will not be imbedded in concrete with one coat of high-grade asphalt conforming to ASTM A 849, Class M, Fully Coated, at shop. Second coat of paint shall be applied on all sides not imbedded in concrete just before the pre-final inspection. Any damage to the zinc-coating of a frame or grate shall be repaired in accordance with ASTM A780 using a Zinc-based solder coating.			
29 30 31 32 33		Fabricated frame and grate shall be true to line and free of twists, bends, and open joints. Splices will not be allowed. Cut surfaces and edges shall be made smooth by machining or grinding before fabrication of frame and grate.			
34 35 36 37 38		Size and length of weld shall be as specified in contract documents. Welds shall be free of defects, discontinuities and shall have full penetration."			
39 40 41 42 43		END OF SECTION 712			
43		LIND OF SECTION / 12			

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Amend Subsection 717.01 - Cullet and Cullet-Aggregate Mixtures as (I)

**Construction Materials** by revising the third paragraph from line 16 to 20 to read:

"Debris shall not exceed values specified in Tables 717.02-1 - Cullet in Roadway Applications, 717.03-1 - Cullet in Utility Applications, and 717.04-1 -Cullet in Drainage Applications. Debris is defined as deleterious material that includes plastics, papers, and non-ceramic constituents of cullet. Hazardous material will not be allowed in cullet such as but not limited to, TV or other cathode ray tubes, fluorescent light bulbs, and any toxic or hazardous materials. Test cullet stockpile for toxic or hazardous materials every 90 days and submit the results to the Engineer."

Amend Subsection 717.01 - Cullet and Cullet-Aggregate Mixtures as (II)Construction Materials by adding the following paragraph after line 21:

"Cullet shall not be used in concrete."

Make the following amendments to said Section:

Amend **Table 717.03-1 – Cullet in Utility Applications** from line 37 to line 39 to read:

TABLE 717.03-1 - CULLET IN UTILITY APPLICATIONS				
Utility Trench Bedding and Backfill Applications (Percent By Weight)		Maximum Debris Level (Percent By Weight Of Cullet)		
Sewer Pipes	25	0.3		
Electrical Conduits	25	0.3		
Fiber Optic Lines	25	0.3		

(IV) Amend **Table 717.04-1 – Cullet in Drainage Applications** from line 47 to line 49 to read:

TABLE 717.04-1 - CULLET IN DRAINAGE APPLICATIONS			
Drainage Fill Applications	Maximum Cullet Content (Percent By Weight)	Maximum Debris Level (Percent By Weight Of Cullet)	
Retaining Walls	25	0.2	
Foundation Drains	25	0.2	
Drainage Blankets	25	0.2	
French Drains	25	0.2	

**END OF SECTION 717** 

47	The color shall conform to the latest appropriate standard color tolerance
48	chart issued by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway
49	Administration and to the daytime and nighttime color requirements of ASTM D
50	4956.
51	
52	Test methods and procedures shall be in accordance with ASTM.
53	
54	(IV) Amend Subsection 750.02 Sign Posts by replacing lines 1168 through
55	1172 to read:
56	"(A) A = 1 = 1 A =
57	"(C) Square Tube Posts. Square and other tube posts shall conform to ASTM A
58	653 for cold-rolled, carbon steel sheet, commercial quality; or ASTM A 787 for
59	electric-resistance-welded, metallic-coated carbon steel mechanical tubing."
60 61	
62	
63	
64	
65	END OF SECTION 750
	=::= 0: 0=0::0:::00

### Requirements of Chapter 104, HRS Wages and Hours of Employees on Public Works Law

Chapter 104, HRS, applies to every public works construction project over \$2,000, regardless of the method of procurement or financing (purchase order, voucher, bid, contract, lease arrangement, warranty, SPRB).

#### Rate of Wages for Laborers and Mechanics

- Minimum prevailing wages (basic hourly rate plus fringe benefits), as determined by the Director of Labor and Industrial Relations and published in wage rate schedules, shall be paid to the various classes of laborers and mechanics working on the job site. [§104-2(a), (b), Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS)]
- If the Director of Labor determines that prevailing wages have increased during the performance of a public works contract, the rate of pay of laborers and mechanics shall be raised accordingly. [§104-2(a) and (b), HRS; §12-22-3(d) Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR)]

#### **Overtime**

• Laborers and mechanics working on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday of the State or more than eight hours a day on any other day shall be paid overtime compensation at not less than one and one-half times the basic hourly rate plus the cost of fringe benefits for all hours worked. If the Director of Labor determines that a prevailing wage is defined by a collective bargaining agreement, the overtime compensation shall be at the rates set by the applicable collective bargaining agreement [§§104-1, 104-2(c), HRS; §12-22-4.1, HAR]

#### Weekly Pay

• Laborers and mechanics employed on the job site shall be paid their full wages at least once a week, without deduction or rebate, except for legal deductions, within five working days after the cutoff date. [§104-2(d), HRS]

#### **Posting of Wage Rate Schedules**

Wage rate schedules with the notes for prevailing wages and special overtime rates, shall be posted by the contractor in a
prominent and easily accessible place at the job site. A copy of the entire wage rate schedule shall be given to each laborer
and mechanic employed under the contract, except when the employee is covered by a collective bargaining agreement.
[§104-2(d), HRS]

#### Withholding of Accrued Payments

• If necessary, the contracting agency may withhold accrued payments to the contractor to pay to laborers and mechanics employed by the contractor or subcontractor on the job site any difference between the wages required by the public works contract or specifications and the wages received. [§104-2(e), HRS]

#### **Certified Weekly Payrolls and Payroll Records**

- A certified copy of all payrolls shall be submitted weekly to the contracting agency. [§104-3(a), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]
- The contractor is responsible for the submission of certified copies of the payrolls of all subcontractors. The certification shall affirm that the payrolls are correct and complete, that the wage rates listed are not less than the applicable rates contained in the applicable wage rate schedule, and that the classifications for each laborer or mechanic conform with the work the laborer or mechanic performed. [§104-3(a), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]
- Payroll records shall be maintained by the contractor and subcontractors for three years after completion of construction. The records shall contain: [§104-3(b), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]
  - the name and home address of each employee
  - the last four digits of social security number
  - a copy of the apprentice's registration with DLIR
  - the employee's correct classification
  - rate of pay (basic hourly rate + fringe benefits)
  - itemized list of fringe benefits paid

- daily and weekly hours worked
- weekly straight time and overtime earnings
- amount and type of deductions
- total net wages paid
- date of payment

• Records shall be made available for examination by the contracting agency, the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR), or any of its authorized representatives, who may also interview employees during working hours on the job. [§§104-3(c), 104-22(a), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]

#### Termination of Work on Failure to Pay Wages

• If the contracting agency finds that any laborer or mechanic employed on the job site by the contractor or any subcontractor has not been paid prevailing wages or overtime, the contracting agency may, by written notice to the contractor, terminate the contractor's or subcontractor's right to proceed with the work or with the part of the work in which the required wages or overtime compensation have not been paid. The contracting agency may complete this work by contract or otherwise, and the contractor or contractor's sureties shall be liable to the contracting agency for any excess costs incurred. [§104-4, HRS]

#### **Apprentices**

- Apprentice wage rates apply to contractors who are a party to a bona fide apprenticeship program which has been registered with the DLIR. In order to be paid apprentice rates, apprentices must be parties to an agreement either registered with or recognized as a USDOL nationally approved apprenticeship program by the DLIR, Workforce Development Division, (808) 586-8877, and the apprentice must be individually registered by name with the DLIR. [§12-22-6(1) and (2), HAR]
- The number of apprentices on any public work in relation to the number of journeyworkers in the same craft classification as the apprentices employed by the same employer on the same public work may not exceed the ratio allowed under the apprenticeship standards registered with or recognized by the DLIR. A registered or recognized apprentice receiving the journeyworker rate will not be considered a journeyworker for the purpose of meeting the ratio requirement. [§12-22-6(3), HAR]

#### **Enforcement**

- To ensure compliance with the law, DLIR and the contracting agency will conduct investigations of contractors and subcontractors. If a contractor or subcontractor violates the law, the penalties are: [§104-24, HRS]
  - First Violation Equal to 25% of back wages found due or \$250 per offense up to \$2,500, whichever is greater.
  - Second Violation
- Equal to amount of back wages found due or \$500 for each offense up to \$5,000, whichever is greater.
- Third Violation
- Equal to two times the amount of back wages found due or \$1,000 for each offense up to \$10,000, whichever is greater; and
- **Suspension** from doing any new work on any public work of a governmental contracting agency for three years.
- A violation would be deemed a second violation if it occurs within two years of the **first notification of violation**, and a third violation if it occurs within three years of **the second notification of violation**. [§104-24, HRS; §12-22-25(b), HAR]
- Suspension: For a first or second violation, the department shall immediately suspend a contractor who fails to pay wages or penalties until all wages and penalties are paid in full. For a third violation, the department shall penalize and suspend the contractor as described above, except that if the contractor continues to violate the law, then the department shall immediately suspend the contractor for a mandatory three years. The contractor shall remain suspended until all wages and penalties are paid in full. [§§104-24, 104-25, HRS]
- Suspension: Any contractor who fails to make payroll records accessible or provide requested information within 10 days, or fails to keep or falsifies any required record, shall be assessed a penalty including suspension as provided in Section 104-22(b) and 104-25(a)(3), HRS. [§104-3(c), HRS; §12-22-26, HAR]
- If any contractor interferes with or delays any investigation, the contracting agency shall withhold further payments until the delay has ceased. Interference or delay includes failure to provide requested records or information within ten days, failure to allow employees to be interviewed during working hours on the job, and falsification of payroll records. The department shall assess a penalty of \$10,000 per project, and \$1,000 per day thereafter, for interference or delay. [§104-22(b), HRS; §12-22-26, HAR]
- Failure by the contracting agency to include in the provisions of the contract or specifications the requirements of Chapter 104, HRS, relating to coverage and the payment of prevailing wages and overtime, is not a defense of the contractor or subcontractor for noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter. [§104-2(f), HRS]



For additional information, visit the department's website at <a href="http://labor.hawaii.gov/wsd">http://labor.hawaii.gov/wsd</a> or contact any of the following DLIR offices:

Oahu (Wage Standards Division)	(808) 586-8777
Hawaii Island	
Maui and Kauai	(808) 243-5322

eH104-3 Rev. 05/24

"General Decision Number: HI20240001 10/04/2024

Superseded General Decision Number: HI20230001

State: Hawaii

Construction Types: Building, Heavy (Heavy and Dredging),

Highway and Residential

Counties: Hawaii Statewide.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS; RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (consisting of single family homes and apartments up to and including 4 stories); HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AND DREDGING

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(1).

If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022:

- . Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract.
- |. The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$17.20 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2024.

If the contract was awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:

- If the contract was awarded on |. Executive Order 13658 or between January 1, 2015 and | generally applies to the January 29, 2022, and the | contract.
  - . The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$12.90 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2024.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification	Number F	Publication	Date
0		01/05/2024	
1		01/12/2024	
2		01/19/2024	
3		04/19/2024	
4		05/17/2024	
5		06/07/2024	
6		07/19/2024	
7		08/30/2024	
8		09/06/2024	
9		10/04/2024	
ASBE0132-001	09/01/2024		

ASBE0132-001 09/01/202

	Rates	Fringes
Asbestos Workers/Insulator Includes application of all insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings and finishes to all types of mechanical systems. Also the application of firestopping material for wall openings and penetrations in walls, floors, ceilings and curtain walls	\$ 45.80	30.35
BOIL0627-005 01/01/2021		
	Rates	Fringes
BOILERMAKER	•	31.25
BRHI0001-001 09/05/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER Bricklayers and Stonemason Pointers, Caulkers and	s.\$ 48.03	32.23
Weatherproofers	\$ 48.28	32.23
BRHI0001-002 09/05/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
BRHI0001-002 09/05/2023  Tile, Marble & Terrazzo Worker Terrazzo Base Grinders	Rates	Fringes 33.00
BRHI0001-002 09/05/2023  Tile, Marble & Terrazzo Worker	Rates	-

Rates

Fringes

Carpenters:

Carpenters; Hardwood Floor Layers; Patent Scaffold Erectors (14 ft. and

0/9/24, 11:02 AM		SAM.gov
over); Piledrivers; Pneumatic Nailers; Wood		
Shinglers and Transit and/or Layout Man Millwrights and Machine	5 51.25	24.84
Erectors	51.50	24.84
h.p. and over)	51.40	24.84
CARP0745-002 09/04/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
Drywall and Acoustical Workers and Lathers	53.00	27.74
ELEC1186-001 08/25/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Electricians:		
Cable Splicers	62.77	32.46
Electricians		32.25
Telecommunication worker	. 40.00 	15.50
ELEC1186-002 08/25/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Line Construction:		
Cable Splicers		32.46
Groundmen/Truck Drivers		26.50 29.90
Heavy Equipment OperatorsS		32.25
Telecommunication worker		15.50
ELEV0126-001 01/01/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
ELEVATOR MECHANIC	5 70.90 3	7.885+a+b
<ul><li>a. VACATION: Employer contribute</li><li>5 years service and 6% of basic</li><li>5 years service as vacation pay</li></ul>	hourly rate fo	
b. PAID HOLIDAYS: New Year's Day Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, T after Thanksgiving Day and Chris	Thanksgiving Da stmas Day.	y, the Friday
ENGI0003-002 09/03/2018		
	Rates	Fringes
Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba))		
Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba)	t cc 00	21 26
(over a depth of 30 feet) Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba)	6 66.00	31.26
(up to a depth of 30 feet)	56.63	31.26
Stand-by Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba)	t 47 25	31.26
Diver (Other than Aqua Lung)	o +/.∠⊃	31.20
Diver (Other than Aqua		
Lung)	66.00	31.26

10/0/2, 11.02 / WI	O/ 111
Diver Tender (Other than	
Aqua Lung)\$ 44.22	31.26
Stand-by Diver (Other than	
Aqua Lung)\$ 47.25	31.26
Helicopter Work	
Airborne Hoist Operator	
for Helicopter\$ 45.80	31.26
Co-Pilot of Helicopter\$ 45.98	31.26
Pilot of Helicopter\$ 46.11	31.26
Power equipment operator -	
tunnel work	
GROUP 1\$ 42.24	31.26
GROUP 2\$ 42.35	31.26
GROUP 3\$ 42.52	31.26
GROUP 4\$ 42.79	31.26
GROUP 5\$ 43.10	31.26
GROUP 6\$ 43.75	31.26
GROUP 7\$ 44.07	31.26
GROUP 8\$ 44.18	31.26
GROUP 9\$ 44.29	31.26
GROUP 9A\$ 44.52	31.26
GROUP 10\$ 44.58	31.26
GROUP 10A\$ 44.73	31.26
GROUP 11\$ 44.88	31.26
GROUP 12 \$ 45.24	31.26
GROUP 12A\$ 45.60	31.26
Power equipment operators:	31.20
GROUP 1\$ 41.94	31.26
GROUP 2\$ 42.05	31.26
GROUP 3\$ 42.22	31.26
GROUP 4 \$ 42.49	31.26
GROUP 5\$ 42.80	31.26
GROUP 6\$ 43.45	31.26
GROUP 7 \$ 43.77	31.26
GROUP 8 \$ 43.88	31.26
GROUP 9 \$ 43.88	31.26
GROUP 9A\$ 44.22	31.26
	31.26
	31.26
GROUP 10A \$ 44.43	
GROUP 11\$ 44.58	31.26
GROUP 12\$ 44.94	31.26
GROUP 12A \$ 45.30	31.26
GROUP 13 \$ 42.22	31.26
GROUP 13A \$ 42.49	31.26
GROUP 13B \$ 42.80	31.26
GROUP 13C\$ 43.45	31.26
GROUP 13D \$ 43.77	31.26
GROUP 13E\$ 43.88	31.26

#### POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Fork Lift (up to and including 10 tons); Partsman (heavy duty repair shop parts room when needed).

GROUP 2: Conveyor Operator (Handling building material); Hydraulic Monitor; Mixer Box Operator (Concrete Plant).

GROUP 3: Brakeman; Deckhand; Fireman; Oiler; Oiler/Gradechecker; Signalman; Switchman; Highline Cableway Signalman; Bargeman; Bunkerman; Concrete Curing Machine (self-propelled, automatically applied unit on streets, highways, airports and canals); Leveeman; Roller (5 tons and under); Tugger Hoist.

GROUP 4: Boom Truck or dual purpose ""A"" Frame Truck (5 tons

or less); Concrete Placing Boom (Building Construction); Dinky Operator; Elevator Operator; Hoist and/or Winch (one drum); Straddle Truck (Ross Carrier, Hyster and similar).

GROUP 5: Asphalt Plant Fireman; Compressors, Pumps, Generators and Welding Machines (""Bank"" of 9 or more, individually or collectively); Concrete Pumps or Pumpcrete Guns; Lubrication and Service Engineer (Grease Rack); Screedman.

GROUP 6: Boom Truck or Dual Purpose ""A""Frame Truck (over 5 tons); Combination Loader/Backhoe (up to and including 3/4 cu. yd.); Concrete Batch Plants (wet or dry); Concrete Cutter, Groover and/or Grinder (self-propelled unit on streets, highways, airports, and canals); Conveyor or Concrete Pump (Truck or Equipment Mounted); Drilling Machinery (not to apply to waterliners, wagon drills or jack hammers); Fork Lift (over 10 tons); Loader (up to and including 3 and 1/2 cu. yds); Lull High Lift (under 40 feet); Lubrication and Service Engineer (Mobile); Maginnis Internal Full Slab Vibrator (on airports, highways, canals and warehouses); Man or Material Hoist; Mechanical Concrete Finisher (Large Clary, Johnson Bidwell, Bridge Deck and similar); Mobile Truck Crane Driver; Portable Shotblast Concrete Cleaning Machine; Portable Boring Machine (under streets, highways, etc.); Portable Crusher; Power Jumbo Operator (setting slip forms, etc., in tunnels); Rollers (over 5 tons); Self-propelled Compactor (single engine); Self-propelled Pavement Breaker; Skidsteer Loader with attachments; Slip Form Pumps (Power driven by hydraulic, electric, air, gas, etc., lifting device for concrete forms); Small Rubber Tired Tractors; Trencher (up to and including 6 feet); Underbridge Personnel Aerial Platform (50 feet of platform or less).

GROUP 7: Crusher Plant Engineer, Dozer (D-4, Case 450, John Deere 450, and similar); Dual Drum Mixer, Extend Lift; Hoist and/or Winch (2 drums); Loader (over 3 and 1/2 cu. yds. up to and including 6 yards.); Mechanical Finisher or Spreader Machine (asphalt), (Barber Greene and similar) (Screedman required); Mine or Shaft Hoist; Mobile Concrete Mixer (over 5 tons); Pipe Bending Machine (pipelines only); Pipe Cleaning Machine (tractor propelled and supported); Pipe Wrapping Machine (tractor propelled and supported); Roller Operator (Asphalt); Self-Propelled Elevating Grade Plane; Slusher Operator; Tractor (with boom) (D-6, or similar); Trencher (over 6 feet and less than 200 h.p.); Water Tanker (pulled by Euclids, T-Pulls, DW-10, 20 or 21, or similar); Winchman (Stern Winch on Dredge).

GROUP 8: Asphalt Plant Operator; Barge Mate (Seagoing); Cast-in-Place Pipe Laying Machine; Concrete Batch Plant (multiple units); Conveyor Operator (tunnel); Deckmate; Dozer (D-6 and similar); Finishing Machine Operator (airports and highways); Gradesetter; Kolman Loader (and similar); Mucking Machine (Crawler-type); Mucking Machine (Conveyor-type); No-Joint Pipe Laying Machine; Portable Crushing and Screening Plant; Power Blade Operator (under 12); Saurman Type Dragline (up to and including 5 yds.); Stationary Pipe Wrapping, Cleaning and Bending Machine; Surface Heater and Planer Operator, Tractor (D-6 and similar); Tri-Batch Paver; Tunnel Badger; Tunnel Mole and/or Boring Machine Operator Underbridge Personnel Aerial Platform (over 50 feet of platform).

GROUP 9: Combination Mixer and Compressor (gunite); Do-Mor Loaderand Adams Elegrader; Dozer (D-7 or equal); Wheel and/or Ladder Trencher (over 6 feet and 200 to 749 h.p.).

GROUP 9A: Dozer (D-8 and similar); Gradesetter (when required by the Contractor to work from drawings, plans or specifications without the direct supervision of a foreman or superintendent); Push Cat; Scrapers (up to and including 20 cu. yds); Self-propelled Compactor with Dozer; Self-Propelled, Rubber-Tired Earthmoving Equipment (up to and including 20 cu. yds) (621 Band and similar); Sheep's Foot; Tractor (D-8 and similar); Tractors with boom (larger than D-6, and similar).

GROUP 10: Chicago Boom; Cold Planers; Heavy Duty Repairman or Welder; Hoist and/or Winch (3 drums); Hydraulic Skooper (Koehring and similar); Loader (over 6 cu. yds. up to and including 12 cu. yds.); Saurman type Dragline (over 5 cu. yds.); Self-propelled, rubber-tired Earthmoving Equipment (over 20 cu. yds. up to and including 31 cu. yds.) (637D and similar); Soil Stabilizer (P & H or equal); Sub-Grader (Gurries or other automatic type); Tractors (D-9 or equivalent, all attachments); Tractor (Tandem Scraper); Watch Engineer.

GROUP 10A: Boat Operator; Cable-operated Crawler Crane (up to and including 25 tons); Cable-operated Power Shovel, Clamshell, Dragline and Backhoe (up to and including 1 cu. yd.); Dozer D9-L; Dozer (D-10, HD41 and similar) (all attachments); Gradall (up to and including 1 cu. yd.); Hydraulic Backhoe (over 3/4 cu. yds. up to and including 2 cu. yds.); Mobile Truck Crane Operator (up to and including 25 tons) (Mobile Truck Crane Driver Required); Self-propelled Boom Type Lifting Device (Center Mount) (up to and including 25 tons) (Grove, Drott, P&H, Pettibone and similar; Trencher (over 6 feet and 750 h.p. or more); Watch Engineer (steam or electric).

GROUP 11: Automatic Slip Form Paver (concrete or asphalt); Band Wagon (in conjunction with Wheel Excavator); Cable-operated Crawler Cranes (over 25 tons but less than 50 tons); Cable-operated Power Shovel, Clamshell, Dragline and Backhoe (over 1 cu. yd. up to 7 cu. yds.); Gradall (over 1 cu. yds. up to 7 cu. yds.); DW-10, 20, etc. (Tandem); Earthmoving Machines (multiple propulsion power units and 2 or more Scrapers) (up to and including 35 cu. yds.,"" struck"" m.r.c.); Highline Cableway; Hydraulic Backhoe (over 2 cu. yds. up to and including 4 cu. yds.); Leverman; Lift Slab Machine; Loader (over 12 cu. yds); Master Boat Operator; Mobile Truck Crane Operator (over 25 tons but less than 50 tons); (Mobile Truck Crane Driver required); Pre-stress Wire Wrapping Machine; Self-propelled Boom-type Lifting Device (Center Mount) (over 25 tons m.r.c); Self-propelled Compactor (with multiple-propulsion power units); Single Engine Rubber Tired Earthmoving Machine (with Tandem Scraper); Tandem Cats; Trencher (pulling attached shield).

GROUP 12: Clamshell or Dipper Operator; Derricks; Drill Rigs; Multi-Propulsion Earthmoving Machines (2 or more Scrapers) (over 35 cu. yds ""struck""m.r.c.); Operators (Derricks, Piledrivers and Cranes); Power Shovels and Draglines (7 cu. yds. m.r.c. and over); Self-propelled rubber-tired Earthmoving equipment (over 31 cu. yds.) (657B and similar); Wheel Excavator (up to and including 750 cu. yds.

per hour); Wheel Excavator (over 750 cu. yds. per hour).

GROUP 12A: Dozer (D-11 or similar or larger); Hydraulic Excavators (over 4 cu. yds.); Lifting cranes (50 tons and over); Pioneering Dozer/Backhoe (initial clearing and excavation for the purpose of providing access for other equipment where the terrain worked involves 1-to-1 slopes that are 50 feet in height or depth, the scope of this work does not include normal clearing and grubbing on usual hilly terrain nor the excavation work once the access is provided); Power Blade Operator (Cat 12 or equivalent or over); Straddle Lifts (over 50 tons); Tower Crane, Mobile; Traveling Truss Cranes; Universal, Liebher, Linden, and similar types of Tower Cranes (in the erection, dismantling, and moving of equipment there shall be an additional Operating Engineer or Heavy Duty Repairman); Yo-Yo Cat or Dozer.

#### GROUP 13: Truck Driver (Utility, Flatbed, etc.)

GROUP 13A: Dump Truck, 8 cu.yds. and under (water level); Water Truck (up to and including 2,000 gallons).

GROUP 13B: Water Truck (over 2,000 gallons); Tandem Dump Truck, over 8 cu. yds. (water level).

GROUP 13C: Truck Driver (Semi-trailer. Rock Cans, Semi-Dump or Roll-Offs).

GROUP 13D: Truck Driver (Slip-In or Pup).

GROUP 13E: End Dumps, Unlicensed (Euclid, Mack, Caterpillar or similar); Tractor Trailer (Hauling Equipment); Tandem Trucks hooked up to Trailer (Hauling Equipment)

#### BOOMS AND/OR LEADS (HOURLY PREMIUMS):

The Operator of a crane (under 50 tons) with a boom of 80 feet or more (including jib), or of a crane (under 50 tons) with leads of 100 feet or more, shall receive a per hour premium for each hour worked on said crane (under 50 tons) in accordance with the following schedule:

Booms of 80 feet up to but
not including 130 feet or
Leads of 100 feet up to but
not including 130 feet 0.50
Booms and/or Leads of 130 feet
up to but not including 180 feet 0.75
Booms and/or Leads of 180 feet up
to and including 250 feet 1.15
Booms and/or Leads over 250 feet 1.50

The Operator of a crane (50 tons and over) with a boom of 180 feet or more (including jib) shall receive a per hour premium for each hour worked on said crane (50 tons and over) in accordance with the following schedule:

Booms of 180 feet up to and including 250 feet 1.25 Booms over 250 feet 1.75

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	Rates	Fringes
Decision (Best Occupations)	naces	11211863
Dredging: (Boat Operators)  Boat Deckhand	.\$ 41.22	30.93
Boat Operator		30.93
Master Boat Operator	.\$ 43.58	30.93
Dredging: (Clamshell or		
Dipper Dredging)		
GROUP 1		30.93
GROUP 2		30.93
GROUP 4		30.93
GROUP 4  Dredging: (Derricks)	.⊅ 41.22	30.93
GROUP 1	\$ 43 QA	30.93
GROUP 2		30.93
GROUP 3	•	30.93
GROUP 4		30.93
Dredging: (Hydraulic Suction	•	
Dredges)		
GROUP 1	.\$ 43.58	30.93
GROUP 2	.\$ 43.43	30.93
GROUP 3		30.93
GROUP 4	•	30.93
GROUP 5		26.76
Group 5		30.93
GROUP 6		26.76 30.93
GROUP 7		26.76
Group 7		30.93
Group /	. φ -1.22	30.33
CLAMSHELL OR DIPPER DREDGING CLAS	SSIFICATIONS	
GROUP 1: Clamshell or Dipper Ope	erator.	
GROUP 2: Mechanic or Welder; War		
GROUP 3: Barge Mate; Deckmate.	Ü	
GROUP 4: Bargeman; Deckhand; Fi	reman; Oiler.	
HYDRAULIC SUCTION DREDGING CLASS	IFICATIONS	
GROUP 1: Leverman.		
GROUP 2: Watch Engineer (steam	or electric).	
GROUP 3: Mechanic or Welder.		
GROUP 4: Dozer Operator.		
GROUP 5: Deckmate.	on Dnodgo)	
GROUP 6: Winchman (Stern Winch of GROUP 7: Deckhand (can operate		den direction of
Deckmate); Fireman; Leveeman;		der direction of
beekindeer, Tireman, Leveeman,	olici.	
DERRICK CLASSIFICATIONS		
GROUP 1: Operators (Derricks, P	iledrivers and (	ranes).
GROUP 2: Saurman Type Dragline		
GROUP 3: Deckmate; Saurman Ty		
including 5 yards).		
GROUP 4: Deckhand, Fireman, Oile	er.	
ENGI0003-044 09/03/2018		

ENGI0003-044 09/03/2018

Fringes

Rates

Power Equipment Operators (PAVING)

Asphalt Concrete Material

Transfer\$	42.92	32.08
Asphalt Plant Operator\$	43.35	32.08
Asphalt Raker\$	41.96	32.08
Asphalt Spreader Operator\$	43.44	32.08
Cold Planer\$	43.75	32.08
Combination Loader/Backhoe		
(over 3/4 cu.yd.)\$	41.96	32.08
Combination Loader/Backhoe		
(up to 3/4 cu.yd.)\$	40.98	32.08
Concrete Saws and/or		
Grinder (self-propelled		
unit on streets, highways,		
airports and canals)\$	42.92	32.08
Grader\$	43.75	32.08
Laborer, Hand Roller\$	41.46	32.08
Loader (2 1/2 cu. yds. and		
under)\$	42.92	32.08
Loader (over 2 1/2 cu.		
yds. to and including 5		
cu. yds.)\$	43.24	32.08
Roller Operator (five tons		
and under)\$	41.69	32.08
Roller Operator (over five		
tons)\$	43.12	32.08
Screed Person\$	42.92	32.08
Soil Stabilizer\$	43.75	32.08

IRON0625-001 09/01/2024

Rates Fringes

Ironworkers:.....\$ 48.00

a. Employees will be paid \$.50 per hour more while working in tunnels and coffer dams; \$1.00 per hour more when required to work under or are covered with water (submerged) and when they are required to work on the summit of Mauna Kea, Mauna Loa or Haleakala.

LAB00368-001 09/02/2024

F	Rates	Fringes
Laborers:		
Driller\$	44.75	25.96
Final Clean Up\$	31.40	21.37
Gunite/Shotcrete Operator		
and High Scaler\$	42.25	25.96
Laborer I\$	41.75	25.96
Laborer II\$	39.15	25.96
Mason Tender/Hod Carrier\$	42.25	25.96
Powderman\$	42.75	25.96
Window Washer (bosun chair).\$	41.25	25.96

#### LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

Laborer I: Air Blasting run by electric or pneumatic compressor; Asphalt Laborer, Ironer, Raker, Luteman, and Handroller, and all types of Asphalt Spreader Boxes; Asphalt Shoveler; Assembly and Installation of Multiplates, Liner Plates, Rings, Mesh, Mats; Batching Plant (portable and temporary); Boring Machine Operator (under streets and sidewalks); Buggymobile; Burning and Welding; Chainsaw, Faller, Logloader, and Bucker; Compactors (Jackson Jumping Jack and similar); Concrete Bucket Dumpman; Concrete Chipping; Concrete Chuteman/Hoseman (pouring concrete) (the

handling of the chute from ready-mix trucks for such jobs as walls, slabs, decks, floors, foundations, footings, curbs, gutters, and sidewalks); Concrete Core Cutter (Walls, Floors, and Ceiling); Concrete Grinding or Sanding; Concrete: Hooking on, signaling, dumping of concrete for treme work over water on caissons, pilings, abutments, etc.; Concrete: Mixing, handling, conveying, pouring, vibrating, otherwise placing of concrete or aggregates or by any other process; Concrete: Operation of motorized wheelbarrows or buggies or machines of similar character, whether run by gas, diesel, or electric power; Concrete Placement Machine Operator: operation of Somero Hammerhead, Copperheads, or similar machines; Concrete Pump Machine (laying, coupling, uncoupling of all connections and cleaning of equipment); Concrete and/or Asphalt Saw (Walking or Handtype) (cutting walls or flatwork) (scoring old or new concrete and/or asphalt) (cutting for expansion joints) (streets and ways for laying of pipe, cable or conduit for all purposes); Concrete Shovelers/Laborers (Wet or Dry); Concrete Screeding for Rough Strike-Off: Rodding or striking-off, by hand or mechanical means prior to finishing; Concrete Vibrator Operator; Coring Holes: Walls, footings, piers or other obstructions for passage of pipes or conduits for any purpose and the pouring of concrete to secure the hole; Cribbers, Shorer, Lagging, Sheeting, and Trench Jacking and Bracing, Hand-Guided Lagging Hammer Whaling Bracing; Curbing (Concrete and Asphalt); Curing of Concrete (impervious membrane and form oiler) mortar and other materials by any mode or method; Cut Granite Curb Setter (setting, leveling and grouting of all precast concrete or stone curbs); Cutting and Burning Torch (demolition); Dri Pak-It Machine; Environmental Abatement: removal of asbestos, lead, and bio hazardous materials (EPA and/or OSHA certified); Falling, bucking, yarding, loading or burning of all trees or timber on construction site; Forklift (9 ft. and under); Gas, Pneumatic, and Electric tools; Grating and Grill work for drains or other purposes; Green Cutter of concrete or aggregate in any form, by hand, mechanical means, grindstone or air and/or water; Grout: Spreading for any purpose; Guinea Chaser (Grade Checker) for general utility trenches, sitework, and excavation; Headerboard Man (Asphalt or Concrete); Heat Welder of Plastic (Laborers' AGC certified workers) (when work involves waterproofing for waterponds, artificial lakes and reservoir) heat welding for sewer pipes and fusion of HDPE pipes; Heavy Highway Laborer (Rigging, signaling, handling, and installation of pre-cast catch basins, manholes, curbs and gutters); High Pressure Nozzleman - Hydraulic Monitor (over 100# pressure); Jackhammer Operator; Jacking of slip forms: All semi and unskilled work connected therewithin; Laying of all multi-cell conduit or multi-purpose pipe; Magnesite and Mastic Workers (Wet or Dry)(including mixer operator); Mortar Man; Mortar Mixer (Block, Brick, Masonry, and Plastering); Nozzleman (Sandblasting and/or Water Blasting): handling, placing and operation of nozzle; Operation, Manual or Hydraulic jacking of shields and the use of such other mechanical equipment as may be necessary; Pavement Breakers; Paving, curbing and surfacing of streets, ways, courts, under and overpasses, bridges, approaches, slope walls, and all other labor connected therewith; Pilecutters; Pipe Accessment in place, bolting and lining up of sectional metal or other pipe including corrugated pipe; Pipelayer performing all services in the laying and installation of pipe from the point of receiving pipe in the ditch until completion of operation, including

any and all forms of tubular material, whether pipe, HDPE, metallic or non-metallic, conduit, and any other stationary-type of tubular device used for conveying of any substance or element, whether water, sewage, solid, gas, air, or other product whatsoever and without regard to the nature of material from which tubular material is fabricated; No-joint pipe and stripping of same, Pipewrapper, Caulker, Bander, Kettlemen, and men applying asphalt, Laykold, treating Creosote and similar-type materials (6-inch) pipe and over); Piping: resurfacing and paving of all ditches in preparation for laying of all pipes; Pipe laying of lateral sewer pipe from main or side sewer to buildings or structure (except Contactor may direct work be done under proper supervision); Pipe laying, leveling and marking of the joint used for main or side sewers and storm sewers; Laying of all clay, terra cotta, ironstone, vitrified concrete, HDPE or other pipe for drainage; Placing and setting of water mains, gas mains and all pipe including removal of skids; Plaster Mortar Mixer/Pump; Pneumatic Impact Wrench; Portable Sawmill Operation: Choker setters, off bearers, and lumber handlers connected with clearing; Posthole Digger (Hand Held, Gas, Air and Electric); Powderman's Tender; Power Broom Sweepers (Small); Preparation and Compaction of roadbeds for railroad track laying, highway construction, and the preparation of trenches, footings, etc., for cross-country transmission by pipelines, electrical transmission or underground lines or cables (by mechanical means); Raising of structure by manual or hydraulic jacks or other methods and resetting of structure in new locations, including all concrete work; Ramming or compaction; Rigging in connection with Laborers' work (except demolition), Signaling (including the use of walkie talkie) Choke Setting, tag line usage; Tagging and Signaling of building materials into high rise units; Riprap, Stonepaver, and Rock Slinger (includes placement of stacked concrete, wet or dry and loading, unloading, signaling, slinging and setting of other similar materials); Rotary Scarifier (including multiple head concrete chipping Scarifier); Salamander Heater, Drying of plaster, concrete mortar or other aggregate; Scaffold Erector Leadman; Scaffolds: (Swing and hanging) including maintenance thereof; Scaler; Septic Tank/Cesspool and Drain Fields Digger and Installer; Shredder/Chipper (tree branches, brush, etc.); Stripping and Setting Forms; Stripping of Forms: Other than panel forms which are to be re-used in their original form, and stripping of forms on all flat arch work; Tampers (Barko, Wacker, and similar type); Tank Scaler and Cleaners; Tarman; Tree Climbers and Trimmers; Trencher (includes hand-held, Davis T-66 and similar type); Trucks (flatbed up to and including 2 1/2 tons when used in connection with on-site Laborers'work; Trucks (Refuse and Garbage Disposal) (from job site to dump); Vibra-Screed (Bull Float in connection with Laborers' work); Well Points, Installation of or any other dewatering system.

Laborer II: Asphalt Plant Laborer; Boring Machine Tender; Bridge Laborer; Burning of all debris (crates, boxes, packaging waste materials); Chainman, Rodmen, and Grade Markers; Cleaning, clearing, grading and/or removal for streets, highways, roadways, aprons, runways, sidewalks, parking areas, airports, approaches, and other similar installations; Cleaning or reconditioning of streets, ways, sewers and waterlines, all maintenance work and work of an unskilled and semi-skilled nature; Concrete Bucket Tender

(Groundman) hooking and unhooking of bucket; Concrete Forms; moving, cleaning, oiling and carrying to the next point of erection of all forms; Concrete Products Plant Laborers; Conveyor Tender (conveying of building materials); Crushed Stone Yards and Gravel and Sand Pit Laborers and all other similar plants; Demolition, Wrecking and Salvage Laborers: Wrecking and dismantling of buildings and all structures, with use of cutting or wrecking tools, breaking away, cleaning and removal of all fixtures, All hooking, unhooking, signaling of materials for salvage or scrap removed by crane or derrick; Digging under streets, roadways, aprons or other paved surfaces; Driller's Tender; Chuck Tender, Outside Nipper; Dry-packing of concrete (plugging and filling of she-bolt holes); Fence and/or Guardrail Erector: Dismantling and/or re-installation of all fence; Finegrader; Firewatcher; Flagman (Coning, preparing, stablishing and removing portable roadway barricade devices); Signal Men on all construction work defined herein, including Traffic Control Signal Men at construction site; General Excavation; Backfilling, Grading and all other labor connected therewith; Digging of trenches, ditches and manholes and the leveling, grading and other preparation prior to laying pipe or conduit for any purpose; Excavations and foundations for buildings, piers, foundations and holes, and all other construction. Preparation of street ways and bridges; General Laborer: Cleaning and Clearing of all debris and surplus material. Clean-up of right-of-way. Clearing and slashing of brush or trees by hand or mechanical cutting. General Clean up: sweeping, cleaning, wash-down, wiping of construction facility and equipment (other than ""Light Clean up (Janitorial) Laborer. Garbage and Debris Handlers and Cleaners. Appliance Handling (job site) (after delivery unlading in storage area); Ground and Soil Treatment Work (Pest Control); Gunite/Shotcrete Operator Tender; Junk Yard Laborers (same as Salvage Yard); Laser Beam ""Target Man"" in connection with Laborers' work; Layout Person for Plastic (when work involves waterproofing for waterponds, artificial lakes and reservoirs); Limbers, Brush Loaders, and Pilers; Loading, Unloading, carrying, distributing and handling of all rods and material for use in reinforcing concrete construction (except when a derrick or outrigger operated by other than hand power is used); Loading, unloading, sorting, stockpiling, handling and distribution of water mains, gas mains and all pipes; Loading and unloading of all materials, fixtures, furnishings and appliances from point of delivery to stockpile to point of installation; hooking and signaling from truck, conveyance or stockpile; Material Yard Laborers; Pipelayer Tender; Pipewrapper, Caulker, Bander, Kettlemen, and men applying asphalt, Laykold, Creosote, and similar-type materials (pipe under 6 inches); Plasterer Laborer; Preparation, construction and maintenance of roadbeds and sub-grade for all paving, including excavation, dumping, and spreading of sub-grade material; Prestressed or precast concrete slabs, walls, or sections: all loading, unloading, stockpiling, hooking on of such slabs, walls or sections; Quarry Laborers; Railroad, Streetcar, and Rail Transit Maintenance and Repair; Roustabout; Rubbish Trucks in connection with Building Construction Projects (excluding clearing, grubbing, and excavating); Salvage Yard: All work connected with cutting, cleaning, storing, stockpiling or handling of materials, all cleanup, removal of debris, burning, back-filling and landscaping of the site; Sandblasting Tender (Pot Tender): Hoses and pots or markers; Scaffolds:

Erection, planking and removal of all scaffolds used for support for lathers, plasters, brick layers, masons, and other construction trades crafts; Scaffolds: (Specially designed by carpenters) laborers shall tend said carpenter on erection and dismantling thereof, preparation for foundation or mudsills, maintenance; Scraping of floors; Screeds: Handling of all screeds to be reused; handling, dismantling and conveyance of screeds; Setting, leveling and securing or bracing of metal or other road forms and expansion joints; Sheeting Piling/trench shoring (handling and placing of skip sheet or wood plank trench shoring); Ship Scalers; Shipwright Tender; Sign Erector (subdivision traffic, regulatory, and street-name signs); Sloper; Slurry Seal Crews (Mixer Operator, Applicator, Squeegee Man, Shuttle Man, Top Man); Snapping of wall ties and removal of tie rods; Soil Test operations of semi and unskilled labor such as filling sand bags; Striper (Asphalt, Concrete or other Paved Surfaces); Tool Room Attendant (Job Site); Traffic Delineating Device Applicator; Underpinning, lagging, bracing, propping and shoring, loading, signaling, right-of-way clearance along the route of movement, The clearance of new site, excavation of foundation when moving a house or structure from old site to new site; Utilities employees; Water Man; Waterscape/Hardscape Laborers; Wire Mesh Pulling (all concrete pouring operations); Wrecking, stripping, dismantling and handling concrete forms an false work.

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#### LAB00368-002 09/03/2024

	Rates	Fringes
Landscape & Irrigation Laborers		
GROUP 1	\$ 28.40	17.15
GROUP 2	\$ 29.40	17.15
GROUP 3	\$ 23.00	17.15

#### LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Installation of non-potable permanent or temporary irrigation water systems performed for the purposes of Landscaping and Irrigation architectural horticultural work; the installation of drinking fountains and permanent or temporary irrigation systems using potable water for Landscaping and Irrigation architectural horticultural purposes only. This work includes (a) the installation of all heads, risers, valves, valve boxes, vacuum breakers (pressure and non-pressure), low voltage electrical lines and, provided such work involves electrical wiring that will carry 24 volts or less, the installation of sensors, master control panels, display boards, junction boxes, conductors, including all other components for controllers, (b) and metallic (copper, brass, galvanized, or similar) pipe, as well as PVC or other plastic pipe including all work incidental thereto, i.e., unloading, handling and distribution of all pipes fittings, tools, materials and equipment, (c) all soldering work in connection with the above whether done by torch, soldering iron, or other means; (d) tie-in to main lines, thrust blocks (both precast and poured in place), pipe hangers and supports incidental to installation of the entire irrigation system, (e) making of pressure tests, start-up testing, flushing, purging, water balancing, placing into operation all

irrigation equipment, fixtures and appurtenances installed under this agreement, and (f) the fabrication, replacement, repair and servicing oflandscaping and irrigation systems. Operation of hand-held gas, air, electric, or self-powered tools and equipment used in the performance of Landscape and Irrigation work in connection with architectural horticulture; Choke-setting, signaling, and rigging for equipment operators on job-site in the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Concrete work (wet or dry) performed in connection with such Landscaping and Irrigation work. This work shall also include the setting of rock, stone, or riprap in connection with such Landscape, Waterscape, Rockscape, and Irrigation work; Grubbing, pick and shovel excavation, and hand rolling or tamping in connection with the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Sprigging, handseeding, and planting of trees, shrubs, ground covers, and other plantings and the performance of all types of gardening and horticultural work relating to said planting; Operation of flat bed trucks (up to and including 2 1/2 tons).:

GROUP 2. Layout of irrigation and other non-potable irrigation water systems and the layout of drinking fountains and other potable irrigation water systems in connection with such Landscaping and Irrigation work. This includes the layout of all heads, risers, valves, valve boxes, vacuum breakers, low voltage electrical lines, hydraulic and electrical controllers, and metallic (coppers, brass, galvanized, or similar) pipe, as well as PVC or other plastic pipe. This work also includes the reading and interpretation of plans and specifications in connection with the layout of Landscaping, Rockscape, Waterscape, and Irrigation work; Operation of Hydro-Mulching machines (sprayman and driver), Drillers, Trenchers (riding type, Davis T-66, and similar) and fork lifts used in connection with the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Tree climbers and chain saw tree trimmers, Sporadic operation (when used in connection with Landscaping, Rockscape, Waterscape, and Irrigation work) of Skid-Steer Loaders (Bobcat and similar), Cranes (Bantam, Grove, and similar), Hoptos, Backhoes, Loaders, Rollers, and Dozers (Case, John Deere, and similar), Water Trucks, Trucks requiring a State of Hawaii Public Utilities Commission Type 5 and/or type 7 license, sit-down type and ""gang"" mowers, and other self-propelled, sit-down operated machines not listed under Landscape & Irrigation Maintenance Laborer; Chemical spraying using self-propelled power spraying equipment (200 gallon capacity or more).

GROUP 3: Maintenance of trees, shrubs, ground covers, lawns and other planted areas, including the replanting of trees, shrubs, ground covers, and other plantings that did not ""take"" or which are damaged; provided, however, that re-planting that requires the use of equipment, machinery, or power tools shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape and Irrigation Laborer, Group 1; Raking, mowing, trimming, and runing, including the use of ""weed eaters"", hedge trimmers, vacuums, blowers, and other hand-held gas, air, electric, or self-powered tools, and the operation of lawn mowers (Note: The operation of sit-down type and ""gang"" mowers shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape & Irrigation Laborer, Group 2); Guywiring, staking, propping, and supporting trees; Fertilizing, Chemical spraying using spray equipment

with less than 200 gallon capacity, Maintaining irrigation and sprinkler systems, including the staking, clamping, and adjustment of risers, and the adjustment and/or replacement of sprinkler heads, (Note: the cleaning and gluing of pipe and fittings shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape & Irrigation Laborer(Group 1); Watering by hand or sprinkler system and the peformance of other types of gardening, yardman, and horticultural-related work.

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#### LAB00368-003 09/05/2023

	Rates	Fringes
Underground Laborer		
GROUP 1	\$ 41.25	24.96
GROUP 2	\$ 42.75	24.96
GROUP 3	\$ 43.25	24.96
GROUP 4	\$ 44.25	24.96
GROUP 5	\$ 44.50	24.96
GROUP 6	\$ 44.60	24.96
GROUP 7	\$ 44.85	24.96

GROUP 1: Watchmen; Change House Attendant.

GROUP 2: Swamper; Brakeman; Bull Gang-Muckers, Trackmen; Dumpmen (any method); Concrete Crew (includes rodding and spreading); Grout Crew; Reboundmen

GROUP 3: Chucktenders and Cabletenders; Powderman (Prime House); Vibratorman, Pavement Breakers

GROUP 4: Miners - Tunnel (including top and bottom man on shaft and raise work); Timberman, Retimberman (wood or steel or substitute materials thereof); Blasters, Drillers, Powderman (in heading); Microtunnel Laborer; Headman; Cherry Pickerman (where car is lifted); Nipper; Grout Gunmen; Grout Pumpman & Potman; Gunite, Shotcrete Gunmen & Potmen; Concrete Finisher (in tunnel); Concrete Screed Man; Bit Grinder; Steel Form Raisers & Setters; High Pressure Nozzleman; Nozzleman (on slick line); Sandblaster-Potman (combination work assignment interchangeable); Tugger

GROUP 5: Shaft Work & Raise (below actual or excavated ground level); Diamond Driller; Gunite or Shotcrete Nozzleman; Rodman; Groundman

GROUP 6: Shifter

GROUP 7: Shifter (Shaft Work & Raiser)

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PAIN1791-001 01/01/2024

	Rates	Fringes	
Painters:			
Brush	\$ 41.65	30.05	
Sandblaster; Spray	\$ 41.65	30.05	
DATMAGGG 004 07/04/2024			

PAIN1889-001 07/01/2024

	Rates	Fringes
Glaziers	\$ 46.00	37.15

	Rates	Fringes
		_
Soft Floor Layers	\$ 39.77 	33.80
PAIN1944-001 01/07/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Гарег		31.40
PLAS0630-001 09/04/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
PLASTERER	\$ 46.12	34.53
PLAS0630-002 09/04/2023	•	
1 LA30030-002 03/04/2023	D - 1	Eu.'
	Rates	Fringes
Cement Masons:  Cement Masons	\$ 44.12	33.63
Trowel Machine Operators.		33.63
PLUM0675-001 01/07/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Plumber, Pipefitter, Steamfitter & Sprinkler Fitter	\$ 52.83	31.02
ROOF0221-001 11/06/2022		
, ,	Rates	Fringes
n 6 (7 ] !! n !!! !!	Races	11 Inges
Roofers (Including Built Up, Composition and Single Ply)	\$ 43.15	21.21
SHEE0293-001 03/05/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
Sheet metal worker	\$ 47.37	31.71
* SUHI1997-002 09/15/1997		
	Rates	Fringes
Drapery Installer		1.20
FENCE ERECTOR (Chain Link	•	· · ·
Fence)		1.65
WELDERS - Receive rate prescri		erforming

<sup>\*\*</sup> Workers in this classification may be entitled to a higher minimum wage under Executive Order 14026 (\$17.20) or 13658 (\$12.90). Please see the Note at the top of the wage

determination for more information. Please also note that the minimum wage requirements of Executive Order 14026 are not currently being enforced as to any contract or subcontract to which the states of Texas, Louisiana, or Mississippi, including their agencies, are a party.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at

https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

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The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

#### Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SA"" identifier indicate that the prevailing wage rate set by a state (or local) government was adopted under 29 C.F.R �1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 01/03/2024 reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the ?SA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

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#### WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- \* an existing published wage determination
- \* a survey underlying a wage determination
- \* a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- \* a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for

the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

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END OF GENERAL DECISION"

# STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION HONOLULU, HAWAII

# **PROPOSAL**

#### PROPOSAL TO THE

#### STATE OF HAWAII

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PROJECT: TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODERNIZATION, OAHU - PHASE 2A

District of Honolulu Island of Oahu

PROJECT NO.: STP-0300(214)

COMPLETION TIME: 279 Working days from the Start Work Date from

the Department (includes 65 working days for

no night work allowed between

September 15 through December 15).

**DBE PROJECT GOAL: 5.9%** 

#### **DESIGN PROJECT MANAGER:**

NAME Steven Yoshida

ADDRESS 601 Kamokila Boulevard, Room 601

PHONE NO. (808) 692-7679 FAX NO. (808) 692-7690

**ELECTRONIC SUBMITTAL:** Bidders shall submit and upload the complete

proposal to HIePRO prior to the bid opening

date and time. Any additional support

documents explicitly designated as confidential

and/or proprietary shall be uploaded as a separate file to HiePRO. See SPECIAL

PROVISIONS Subsection 102.09 - DELIVERY OF

PROPOSAL for complete details. FAILURE TO

UPLOAD THE COMPLETE PROPOSAL TO

HIGDRO SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR REJECTION

HIEPRO SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR REJECTION

OF THE BID.

Director of Transportation 869 Punchbowl Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Sir:

The undersigned Bidder declares the following:

- 1. It has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal.
- 2. It has not been assisted or represented on this matter by any individual who has, in a State capacity, been involved in the subject matter of this contract within the past two years.
- 3. It has not and will not, either directly or indirectly offered or given a gratuity (i.e., an entertainment or gift) to any State or County employee to obtain a contract or favorable treatment under a contract.
- 4. It will not maintain for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments.
- 5. Does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained.

The undersigned Bidder further agrees to the following:

- 1. If this proposal is accepted, it shall execute a contract with the Department to provide all necessary labor, machinery, tools, equipment, apparatus and any other means of construction, to do all the work and to furnish all the materials specified in the contract in the manner and within the time therein prescribed in the contract, and that it shall accept in full payment therefore the sum of the unit and/or lump sum prices as set forth in the attached proposal schedule for the actual quantities of work performed and materials furnished and furnish satisfactory security in accordance with Section 103D-324, Hawaii Revised Statutes, within 10 days after the award of the contract or within such time as the Director of Transportation may allow after the undersigned has received the contract documents for execution, and is fully aware that non-compliance with the aforementioned terms will result in the forfeiture of the full amount of the bid guarantee required under Section 1032D-323, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 2. That the quantities given in the attached proposal schedule are approximate only and are intended principally to serve as a guide in determining and comparing the bids.

- 3. That the Department does not either expressly or by implication, agree that the actual amount of work will correspond therewith, but reserves the right to increase or decrease the amount of any class or portion of the work, or to omit portions of the work, as may be deemed necessary or advisable by the Director of Transportation, and that all increased or decreased quantities of work shall be performed at the unit prices set forth in the attached proposal schedule except as provided for in the specifications.
- 4. In case of a discrepancy between unit prices and the totals in said Proposal Schedule, the unit prices shall prevail.
- 5. Unless amended by Special Provision, agrees to begin work within 10 working days after the date of notification to commence with the work, which date is in the notice to proceed, and shall finish the entire project within the time prescribed.
- 6. The Director of Transportation reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive any defects when in the Director's opinion such rejections or waiver will be for the best interest of the public.

The Bidder acknowledges receipt of and certifies that it has completely examined the following listed items: Hawaii Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, 2005, and/or the General Provisions for Construction Projects for AIR and WATER Transportation Facilities Division dated 2016, as applicable, the Notice to Bidders, Special Provisions, Proposal, Contract, Bond Forms, and Project Plans.

In accordance with Section 103D-323, Hawaii Revised Statutes, this proposal is accompanied with a bid security in the amount of 5% of the total amount bid, in the form checked below. (Check applicable bid security submitted with bid.)

Surety Bid Bond (Use standard form)
Cash,
- Odon,
Cashier's Check,
Certified Check, or
(Fill in other acceptable security.)

The undersigned Bidder acknowledges receipt of any addendum issued by the Department by recording in the space below the date of receipt.

Addendum No. 1	Addendum No. 3
Addendum No. 2	Addendum No. 4

In accordance with Section 103D-302, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the undersigned as Bidder has listed the name of each person or firm who will be engaged by the Bidder on the project as Subcontractor or Joint Contractor and the nature of work to be done by each on the following page. The Bidder must adequately and unambiguously disclose the unique nature and scope of the work to be performed by each Subcontractor or Joint Contractor. For each listed firm, the Bidder declares the respective firm is a Subcontractor or Joint Contractor and is subject to evaluation as a Subcontractor or Joint Contractor. It is understood that failure to comply with the aforementioned requirements may be cause for rejection of the bid submitted.

The undersigned Bidder asserts that affirmative action has been taken to seek out and consider Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBEs) for portions of the work which can be subcontracted, and the affirmative actions of the Bidder are fully documented in its records and are available upon request by the Department. It is also understood that it must meet or exceed the DBE contract goal listed on page P-1 or demonstrate that it made good faith efforts to meet the DBE project goal. The undersigned as Bidder, agrees to utilize each participating DBE that it submitted to meet the contract goal of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_% (percentage to be completed by Bidder) DBE participation if the contract is awarded to it, and shall maintain such DBE participation during the construction of this project.

# SUBCONTRACTOR LISTING

(Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

	NAME OF FIRM	NAME	NATURE OF WORK	
SUE	BCONTRACTOR:	CONTRACTO		
1.				
	1a¹	1a¹		
2.				_
	2a	2a		
3.				
	3a	3a		
4.				
	4a	4a		
5.				
	5a	5a		
6.				
	6a.	6a		
7.				
	7a	7a		

#### NOTES:

The Name of Firm and Nature of Work shall be indicated for all listed firms. The Bidder must adequately and unambiguously disclose the unique nature and scope of the work to be performed by each Sub- or Joint Contractor.

For each listed firm, the Bidder declares the respective firm is a Sub- or Joint Contractor and subject to evaluation as a Sub- or Joint Contractor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Second tier subcontractors

# **JOINT CONTRACTOR LISTING**

(Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

		NAME OF FIRM	NATURE OF WORK	
JOII	NT CON	ITRACTOR:		
1.				
	1a¹.			
2.				
	2a.			
3.				
	3a.			
4.				
	4a.			
5.				
	5a.			
6.				
	6a.			
7.				
	7a.			

#### NOTES:

The Name of Firm and Nature of Work shall be indicated for all listed firms. The Bidder must adequately and unambiguously disclose the unique nature and scope of the work to be performed by each Sub- or Joint Contractor.

For each listed firm, the Bidder declares the respective firm is a Sub- or Joint Contractor and subject to evaluation as a Sub- or Joint Contractor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Second tier joint contractors

The undersigned hereby certifies that the bid prices contained in the attached proposal schedule have been carefully checked and are submitted as correct and final.

This declaration is made with the understanding that the undersigned is subject to the penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States and is in violation of the Hawaii Penal Code, Section 710-1063, unsworn falsification to authorities, of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, for knowingly rendering a false declaration.

Bidder (Company Name)	
Authorized Signature	
Title	
Business Address	
Business Telephone	Email
Date	
Contact Person (If different from abo	ove.)
Phone:	Email:

#### NOTE:

If Bidder is a <u>CORPORATION</u>, the legal name of the corporation shall be set forth above, the corporate seal affixed, together with the signature(s) of the officer(s) authorized to sign contracts for the corporation. Please attach to this page current (not more than six months old) evidence of the authority ofthe officer(s) to sign for the corporation.

If Bidder is a <u>PARTNERSHIP</u>, the true name of the partnership shall be set forth above, with the signature(s) of the general partner(s). Please attach to this page current (not more than six months old) evidence of the authority of the partner authorized to sign for the partnership.

If Bidder is an INDIVIDUAL, the bidder's signature shall be placed above.

If signature is by an agent, other than an officer of a corporation or a partner of a partnership, a POWER OF ATTORNEY must be on file with the Department before opening bids or submitted with the bid. Otherwise, the Department may reject the bid as irregular and unauthorized.

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE								
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT				
201.0100	Clearing and Grubbing	900	S.Y.	\$	\$				
201.0200	ISA Certified Arborist	F.A.	F.A.	F.A.	\$10,000.00				
202.0101	Removal of Sign and Post	3	Each	\$	\$				
202.1002	Removal of Sign	5	Each	\$	\$				
202.2010	Removal of Asphalt Concrete Pavement	610	S.Y.	\$	\$				
202.2020	Removal of P.C.C. Pavement	85	S.Y.	\$	\$				
202.5030	Removal of Concrete Curb	275	S.Y.	\$	\$				
202.5040	Removal of Concrete Curb and Gutter	320	L.F.	\$	\$				
202.5050	Removal of Concrete Sidewalk and Curb Ramps	230	S.Y.	\$	\$				
202.6060	Removal of Guardrail	380	L.F.	\$	\$				
202.6070	Removal of Terminal Impact Attenuators	2	Each	\$	\$				
202.6000	Removal of Traffic Signal System	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$				
203.0100	Roadway Excavation	45	C.Y.	\$	\$				

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE								
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT				
209.0100	Installation, Maintenance, Monitoring, & Removal of BMP	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$				
209.0200	Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control	F.A.	F.A.	F.A.	\$ 5,000.00				
219.0100	Determination and Characterization of Fill Material	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$				
219.0200	Testing for Lead Based Paint	F.A.	F.A.	F.A.	\$ <u>4,000.00</u>				
301.0100	Hot Mix Asphalt Base Course	15	Ton	\$	\$				
304.0100	Aggregate Base Course	3	C.Y.	\$	\$				
314.0100	Controlled Low-Strength Material	10	C.Y.	\$	\$				
401.0100	PMA Pavement, Mix No. IV (with PG 64E-22)	60	Ton	\$	\$				
411.0100	14-inch Concrete Pavement	65	S.Y.	\$	\$				
507.0100	Stainless Steel Pipe Railing	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$				
509.0100	Repair Concrete Delaminations and Spalls	7	S.F.	\$	\$				
509.0200	Reinforcing Splices	14	Pound	\$	\$				
511.0100	Furnishing Drilled Shaft Equipment	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$				

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE								
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT				
511.0200	Obstruction	15	Hour	\$	\$				
511.1024	Drilled Shaft (24-inch Diameter Shaft)	55	L.F.	\$	\$				
511.1042	Drilled Shaft (42-inch Diameter Shaft)	60	L.F.	\$	\$				
511.2024	Unclassified Shaft Excavation (24-inch Diameter)	55	L.F.	\$	\$				
511.2042	Unclassified Shaft Excavation (42-inch Diameter)	60	L.F.	\$	\$				
511.5000	Coring for Integrity Testing for Acceptable Drilled Shaft	40	L.F.	\$	\$				
604.0100	Reconstruct Catch Basin No. 1	1	Each	\$	\$				
604.0200	Reconstruct Catch Basin No. 2	1	Each	\$	\$				
606.0100	Guardrail Type 3 – Beam Type Guardrail MASH Compliant	300	L.F.	\$	\$				
606.0200	Hawaii MASH Transition Section	4	Each	\$	\$				
606.0300	Median Barrier	44	L.F.	\$	\$				
607.0100	4 - feet, Chain Link Fence	35	L.F.	\$	\$				
617.0100	Imported Planting Soil	15	C.Y.	\$	\$				

	PROPOSAL SCHE	DULE			
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
623.0100	Verify Location of Existing Underground Utilities	F.A.	F.A.	F.A.	\$50,000.00
623.0200	Hawaiian Electric Company Service Connection Fees	F.A.	F.A.	F.A.	\$10,000.00
623.0100	Controller Assembly with Software	1	Each	\$	\$
623.0200	Type I Traffic Signal Standard, H = 10 Feet	5	Each	\$	\$
623.0301	Type II Traffic Signal Standard with 27-Foot Mast Arm mounted above Median Barrier	1	Each	\$	\$
623.0302	Type II Traffic Signal Standard with 28-Foot Mast Arm	1	Each	\$	\$
623.0303	Type II Traffic Signal Standard with 36-Foot Mast Arm mounted above Median Barrier	2	Each	\$	\$
623.0304	Type II Traffic Signal Standard with 37-Foot Mast Arm	1	Each	\$	\$
623.0400	Foundation for Controller Cabinet	1	Each	\$	\$
623.0501	Traffic Signal Assembly (1-Way, 12-inch, 1-3 Section Vertical, Type VI Mounting with Retroreflective Backplate)	10	Each	\$	\$

PROPOSAL SCHEDULE							
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT		
623.0502	Traffic Signal Assembly (1-Way, 12-inch, 1-3 Section Vertical, Programmable Visibility, Type VI Mounting with Retroreflective Backplate)	2	Each	\$	\$		
623.0503	Traffic Signal Assembly (1-Way, 12-inch, 1-3 Section Vertical, Type IV Mounting)	3	Each	\$	\$		
623.0504	Traffic Signal Assembly (1-Way, 12-inch, 1-3 Section Vertical, Programmable Visibility, Type IV Mounting)	1	Each	\$	\$		
623.0505	Traffic Signal Assembly (1-Way, 12-inch, 1-3 Section Vertical, Type III Mounting)	2	Each	\$	\$		
623.0506	Traffic Signal Assembly (1-Way, 12-inch, 1-3 Section Vertical, Programmable Visibility, Type III Mounting)	1	Each	\$	\$		
623.0507	Traffic Signal Assembly (1-Way, 12-inch, 1-3 Section Vertical, Type I Mounting)	3	Each	\$	\$		
623.0508	Pedestrian Signal Assembly (1-Way, 12-inch, One Vertical with Type IV Mounting)	8	Each	\$	\$		
623.0601	Pedestrian Push Button with Instruction Sign	8	Each	\$	\$		
623.0701	Type A Pull Box	12	Each	\$	\$		

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE								
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT				
623.0702	Type B Pull Box	4	Each	\$	\$				
623.0703	Special Type C Pull Box	8	Each	\$	\$				
623.0801	Loop Detector Sensing Unit (6 FT x 6 FT) One Loop	6	Each	\$	\$				
623.0802	Loop Detector Sensing Unit (6 FT x 6 FT) Two Loops	6	Each	\$	\$				
623.0803	Loop Detector Sensing Unit (6 FT x 6 FT) Four Loops	3	Each	\$	\$				
623.0804	Loop Detector Sensing Unit (6 FT x 6 FT) Six Loops	2	Each	\$	\$				
623.0901	EVP Optical Receiver with Mast Arm Mounting	4	Each	\$	\$				
623.1001	Traffic Signal Duct Line, One 2-inch Conduit, Schedule 40 PVC, Concrete Encased	245	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1002	Traffic Signal Duct Line, One 2-inch Conduit, Schedule 40 PVC, Reinforced Concrete Encased	15	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1003	Traffic Signal Duct Line, Two 2-inch Conduits, Schedule 40 PVC, Concrete Encased	75	L.F.	\$	\$				

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE								
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT				
623.1004	Traffic Signal Duct Line, Two 2-inch Conduits, Schedule 40 PVC, Reinforced Concrete Encased	60	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1005	Traffic Signal Duct Line, Four 2-inch Conduits, Schedule 40 PVC, Concrete Encased	630	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1006	Traffic Signal Duct Line, Four 2-inch Conduits, Schedule 40 PVC, Reinforced Concrete Encased	125	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1007	Traffic Signal Ductline, Five 2-inch Conduits, Schedule 40 PVC, Concrete Encased	20	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1008	Traffic Signal Ductline, Seven 2-inch Conduits, Schedule 40 PVC, Concrete Encased	5	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1101	EVP Cable	1,400	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1102	No. 14, 2-Conductor Loop Detector Lead-in Cable	3,900	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1103	No. 14, 4-Conductor Signal Drop Cable	1,400	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1104	No. 14, 26-Conductor Traffic Control Cable	1,100	L.F.	\$	\$				
623.1105	No. 6, 3-Conductor Power Cable	30	L.F.	\$	\$				

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE							
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT			
624.0100	Water Meter Relocation	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$			
625.0100	Concrete Jacket	11	L.F.	\$	\$			
626.0100	Adjusting Sewer Manhole Frame and Cover	1	Each	\$	\$			
629.0101	Removal of Pavement Markings for Detour Lanes	4,700	L.F.	\$	\$			
629.0102	Removal of Pavement Markers for Detour Lanes	200	Each	\$	\$			
629.0103	Removal of HOV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes	2	Each	\$	\$			
629.0104	Removal of Pavement Word for Detour Lanes	2	Each	\$	\$			
629.0105	Removal of Pavement Arrow for Detour Lanes	5	Each	\$	\$			
629.0201	4-Inch Profiled Pavement Striping for Detour Lanes (Thermoplastic Extrusion), White	2,000	L.F.	\$	\$			
629.0202	4-Inch Pavement Striping for Detour Lanes (Tape, Type I or Thermoplastic Extrusion), White	450	L.F.	\$	\$			
629.0203	4-Inch Pavement Striping for Detour Lanes (Tape, Type I or Thermoplastic Extrusion), Yellow	1,450	L.F.	\$	\$			

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE							
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT			
629.0204	4-Inch Pavement Striping for Detour Lanes (Tape, Type I or Thermoplastic Extrusion), Double Yellow	700	L.F.	\$	\$			
629.0205	8-Inch Pavement Striping for Detour Lanes (Tape, Type I or Thermoplastic Extrusion) White	600	L.F.	\$	\$			
629.0206	HOV Lane Marking for Detour Lanes (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	2	Each	\$	\$			
629.0207	Pavement Words for Detour Lanes (Thermoplastic Extrusion)	2	Each	\$	\$			
629.0208	Pavement Arrows for Detour Lanes (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	5	Each	\$	\$			
629.0209	Type C Pavement Marker for Detour Lanes	110	Each	\$	\$			
629.0210	Type D Pavement Marker for Detour Lanes	40	Each	\$	\$			
629.0220	Type H Pavement Marker for Detour Lanes	40	Each	\$	\$			
629.0301	4-Inch Profiled Pavement Striping (Thermoplastic Extrusion), White	2,200	L.F.	\$	\$			

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE								
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT				
629.0302	4-Inch Pavement Striping (Tape, Type I or Thermoplastic Extrusion), White	1,000	L.F.	\$	\$				
629.0303	4-Inch Pavement Striping (Tape, Type I or Thermoplastic Extrusion), Yellow	1,700	L.F.	\$	\$				
629.0304	4-Inch Pavement Striping (Thermoplastic Extrusion), Double Yellow	800	L.F.	\$	\$				
629.0305	8-Inch Pavement Striping (Tape, Type I or Thermoplastic Extrusion) White	760	L.F.	\$	\$				
629.0306	12-Inch Pavement Striping (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion) White or Yellow	170	L.F.	\$	\$				
629.0307	Crosswalk Marking (Thermoplastic Extrusion)	13	Lane	\$	\$				
629.0308	HOV Lane Marking (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	2	Each	\$	\$				
629.0309	Pavement Arrow (Tape, Type III or Thermoplastic Extrusion)	12	Each	\$	\$				
629.0310	Pavement Word (Thermoplastic Extrusion)	4	Each	\$	\$				

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE								
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT				
629.0401	Type C Pavement Marker	110	Each	\$	\$				
629.0402	Type D Pavement Marker	50	Each	\$	\$				
629.0403	Type H Pavement Marker	50	Each	\$	\$				
629.0404	Type F Pavement Marker	3	Each	\$	\$				
630.0100	Street Name Sign	2	Each	\$	\$				
630.0200	Street Name Sign on Traffic Signal Mast Arm	4	Each	\$	\$				
631.0100	Regulatory Sign (10 Square Feet or Less)	6	Each	\$	\$				
631.0200	Warning Sign (10 Square Feet or Less)	3	Each	\$	\$				
632.0100	Type II Object Marker	10	Each	\$	\$				
634.0100	Portland Cement Concrete Sidewalk	250	S.Y.	\$	\$				
638.0100	Curb, Type 2A	260	L.F.	\$	\$				
638.0200	Curb, Type 2D	15	L.F.	\$	\$				
638.0300	Curb and Gutter, Type 2DG	310	L.F.	\$	\$				

PROPOSAL SCHEDULE					
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
641.0100	Hydro-Mulch Seeding (60 S.Y.)	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$
644.0100	Repair of Existing Sprinkler Systems	F.A.	F.A.	F.A.	\$ <u>25,000.00</u>
645.0100	Traffic Control	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$
645.2000	Additional Police Officers and/or Additional Control Device and Advertisement	F.A.	F.A.	F.A.	\$ 50,000.00
648.0100	Field-Posted Drawings	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$
650.0100	Curb Ramp, Type A	6	Each	\$	\$
650.0200	Curb Ramp, Type C	1	Each	\$	\$
650.0300	Detectable Warning Mat	8	Each	\$	\$
671.0100	Protection of Endangered Species	F.A.	F.A.	F.A.	\$ 10,000.00
680.0100	Coordinate with HECO to Extend the Overhead Service to Underground to the New Meter Location, Complete	1	Each	\$	\$
680.0200	Provide New HECO 2-feet x 4-feet Handhole, Complete	1	Each	\$	\$

PROPOSAL SCHEDULE					
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
680.0300	Provide New 10"W x 12"H x 6"D Splice Can, Complete	1	Each	\$	\$
680.0400	Provide New Combination Meter/Main Meter Socket, Complete	1	Each	\$	\$
680.0500	Provide New Meter Pedestal, Complete	1	Each	\$	\$
680.0600	Provide Conduit, Conductors, Trench Excavation, Trench Backfill, and Concrete Encasement, Complete	100	L.F.	\$	\$
693.0100	HDOT Approved Terminal Impact Attenuator – MASH Compliant, TL-3	2	Each	\$	\$
696.0100	Maintenance of Trailers	F.A.	F.A.	F.A.	\$30,000.00
699.0100	Mobilization (Not to Exceed 6 Percent of the Sum of All Items Excluding the Bid Price of this Item)	L.S.	L.S.	L.S.	\$

Total Amount for Comparison of Bids.	\$

#### NOTES:

- 1. Bids shall include all Federal, State, County and other applicable taxes and fees.
- 2. The TOTAL AMOUNT FOR COMPARISON OF BIDS shall be used to determine the lowest responsible bidder.
- 3. Bidders shall complete all unit prices and amounts. Failure to do so shall be grounds for rejection of bid.
- 4. If a discrepancy occurs between unit bid price and the bid price, the unit bid price shall govern.
- 5. Bidders shall submit and <u>upload the complete proposal to HlePRO</u> prior to the bid opening date and time. Proposals received after said due date and time shall not be considered. Any additional support documents explicitly designated as <u>confidential and/or proprietary</u> shall be uploaded as a <u>separate file</u> to HlePRO. Bidders shall not include confidential and/or proprietary documents with the proposal. The record of each bidder and respective bid shall be open to public inspection. Original (wet ink, hard copy) proposal documents are not required to be submitted. Contract award shall be based on evaluation of proposals submitted and uploaded to HlePRO.

# FAILURE TO UPLOAD THE COMPLETE PROPOSAL TO HIEPRO SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR REJECTION OF THE BID.

If there is a conflict between the specification document and the HlePRO solicitation, the specifications shall govern and control, unless otherwise specified.

#### **PROPOSAL SCHEDULE**

The bidder is directed to Subsection 105.16 – Subcontracts.

4 5

The bidder's attention is directed to Sections 696 - Field Office and Project Site Laboratory and 699 - Mobilization for the limitation of the amount bidders are allowed to bid.

If the bid price for any proposal item having a maximum allowable bid indicated therefore in any of the contract documents is in excess of such a maximum amount, the bid price for such proposal item shall be adjusted to reflect the limitation thereon. The comparison of bids to determine the successful bidder and the amount of contract to be awarded shall be determined after such adjustments are made, and such adjustments shall be binding upon the bidder.

The bidder is directed to Section 717 – Cullet and Cullet-Made Materials regarding recycling of waste glass.

### **SURETY BID BOND**

		Bond No
KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS	S:	
That we,		
(Ful	l name oi	r legal title of offeror)
as Offeror, hereinafter called the Pr	incipal	, and
	у, ас	oonding company) orporation authorized to transact business as a , are held and firmly bound unto
as Owner, hereinafter called Owner	r, in th	(State/county entity) e penal sum of
Dollars (\$	sum w ur hei	nount of bid security)), lawful money of the United States of rell and truly to be made, the said Principal and rs, executors, administrators, successors and ese presents.
WHEREAS: The Principal has submitted	an off	er for
(Project	by numb	per and brief description)
in the alternate, accept the offer contract with the Owner in accorda or bonds as may be specified in the sufficient surety for the faithful payment of labor and material furnity.	of the ince wi ne soli- perform nished	such that if the Owner shall reject said offer, or Principal and the Principal shall enter into a ith the terms of such offer, and give such bond citation or Contract Documents with good and nance of such Contract and for the prompt in the prosecution thereof as specified in the null and void, otherwise to remain in full force
	-l	
Signed this(	day Seal)	Name of Principal (Offeror)
		Signature
,	Cool)	Title
(	Seal)	Name of Surety
		Signature
		Title

BB-1 r11/17/98

#### STATE OF HAWAII

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### HONOLULU, HAWAII

### SAMPLE FORMS

Contract

Performance Bond (Surety)

Performance Bond

Labor and Material Payment Bond (Surety)

Labor and Material Payment Bond

Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (Standard Form - LLL and LLL-A)

Statement of Compliance (Form WH-348)

Chapter 104, HRS Compliance Certificate

#### CONTRACT

TOTAL AMOUNT FOR COMPARISON OF BIDS......\$«BASIC\_NUMERIC»

which shall be provided from the following funds:

Federal Funds	
State Funds	
TOTAL AMOUNT	

all in accordance with the specifications, the special provisions, if any, the notice to bidders, the instructions to bidders, the proposal and plans for <u>«PROJECT\_NO\_ONLY»</u>, and any supplements thereto, on file in the office of the Director of Transportation. These documents, together with all alterations, amendments, and additions thereto and deductions therefrom, are attached hereto or incorporated herein by reference and made a part of this contract.

The CONTRACTOR hereby covenants and agrees to complete such construction within <a href="www.working\_days.">www.working\_days.</a>, from the date indicated in the notice to proceed from the STATE, subject, however, to such extensions as may be provided for under the specifications.

For and in consideration of the covenants, undertakings and agreements of the CONTRACTOR herein set forth and upon the full and faithful performance thereof by the CONTRACTOR, the STATE hereby agrees to pay the CONTRACTOR the sum of 
<u>«BASIC»-----</u>DOLLARS (<u>\$«BASIC\_NUMERIC»</u>) in lawful money, but not more than such part of the same as is actually earned according to the STATE's determination of the actual quantities of work performed and materials furnished by the CONTRACTOR at the unit or lump sum prices set forth in the attached proposal schedule. Such payment, including any extras, shall be made, subject to such additions or deductions hereto or hereafter made in the manner and at the time prescribed in the specifications and this contract.

An additional sum of <u>«EXTRAS»-----DOLLARS (\$«EXTRA\_NUMERIC»)</u> is hereby provided for extra work and shall be provided from the following funds:

Federal Funds	
State Funds	
Total	

Where Federal funds are involved, it is covenanted and agreed by and between the parties hereto that the sum of \_----«FEDERAL\_BASIC»----DOLLARS

(\$«FEDERAL\_BASIC\_NUMERIC») and ----«FEDERAL\_EXTRAS»----DOLLARS

(\$«FEDERAL\_EXTRAS\_NUMERIC»), a portion of the contract price and extras, respectively, shall be paid out of the applicable Federal funds, and that this contract shall be construed to be an agreement to pay said sums to the Contractor only out of the aforesaid Federal funds if and when such Federal funds shall be received from the Federal Government, and that this contract shall not be construed to be a general agreement to pay said portions at all events out of any funds other than those which may be so received from the Federal Government; provided, that if the Federal share of the cost of the project is not immediately forthcoming from the Federal Government, the STATE may advance the CONTRACTOR the anticipated Federal reimbursement of the cost of the completed portions of the work from funds which have been appropriated by the STATE for its pro rata share.

All words used herein in the singular shall extend to and include the plural. All words used in the plural shall extend to and include the singular. The use of any gender shall extend to and include all genders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this instrument to be duly executed the day and year first above written.

STATE OF HAWAII
Director of Transportation
«CONTRACTOR»
Signature
Print name
Print Title
Date

#### PERFORMANCE BOND (SURETY)

(6/21/07)

#### **KNOW TO ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:**

That		······································
	(Full Legal Name and Street Address of	of Contractor)
	er called Principal, and	
	(Name and Street Address of Bonding	g Company)
•	illed Surety, a corporation(s) authori	
surety in the State of Hav	waii, are held and firmly bound unto	the, (State/County Entity)
its successors and assig	ns, hereinafter called Obligee, in the	e amount of
	), to which payment Prin Iministrators, successors and assigr	
	above-bound Principal has signed a for the following project:	
hereinafter called Contra hereof.	ict, which Contract is incorporated h	nerein by reference and made a part

**NOW THEREFORE**, the condition of this obligation is such that:

If the Principal shall promptly and faithfully perform, and fully complete the Contract in strict accordance with the terms of the Contract as said Contract may be modified or amended from time to time; then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

Surety to this Bond hereby stipulates and agrees that no changes, extensions of time, alterations, or additions to the terms of the Contract, including the work to be performed thereunder, and the specifications or drawings accompanying same, shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such changes, extensions of time, alterations, or additions, and agrees that they shall become part of the Contract.

In the event of Default by the Principal, of the obligations under the Contract, then after written Notice of Default from the Obligee to the Surety and the Principal and subject to the limitation of the penal sum of this bond, Surety shall remedy the Default, or take over the work to be performed under the Contract and complete such work, or pay moneys to the Obligee in satisfaction of the surety's performance obligation on this bond.

Signed this	day of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(Seal)	Name of Principal (Contractor)
		* Signature
		Title
	(Seal)	Name of Surety
		* Signature
		 Title

<sup>\*</sup>ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

#### **PERFORMANCE BOND**

#### **KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:**

That we,	(full legal name and street address of Contractor)
as Contr	actor, hereinafter called Contractor, is held and firmly bound unto the
do Conti	(State/County entity)
ite succe	ssors and assigns, as Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount
(\$	DOLLARS (Dollar amount of Contract)
and truly	oney of the United States of America, for the payment of which to the said Obligee, well to be made, Contractor binds itself, its heir, executors, administrators, successors and firmly by these presents. Said amount is evidenced by:
	Legal Tender;
	Share Certificate unconditionally assigned to or made payable at sight to
	Description:;
	Certificate of Deposit, No, datedby
	on drawń a
	bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Cashier's Check No, dated drawn
	a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Teller's Check No, dated
	a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Treasurer's Check No, dated drawn
	a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
	or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Official Check No, dated drawn on a bank.
	savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Certified Check No. , dated accepted by a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or
	unconditionally assigned to;  PB-1 r11/17/98

#### WHEREAS:

The Contractor has by written a contract with Obligee for the following	greement dated entered into a Project:
hereinafter called Contract, which C hereof.	ontract is incorporated herein by reference and made a part
NOW THEREFORE,	
the Contract in accordance with, in a conditions of the Contract as it now edeliver the Project to the Obligee, or to specified and free from all liens and Obligee, its officers, agents, successo every nature and kind which may be bindirect, arising or growing out of the domanner of doing the same or the negle performance of the Contract by the Con	such that, if Contractor shall promptly and faithfully perform all respects, the stipulations, agreements, covenants and xists or may be modified according to its terms, and shall its successors or assigns, fully completed as in the Contract claims and without further cost, expense or charge to the rs or assigns, free and harmless from all suits or actions of rought for or on account of any injury or damage, direct or bing of said work or the repair or maintenance thereof or the ct of the Contractor or its agents or servants or the improper ontractor or its agents or servants or from any other cause, wise it shall be and remain in full force and effect.
before a court of competent jurisdictio said Contract as liquidated damages, assigns, in the event of a breach of an	<b>ED AND AGREED</b> that suit on this bond may be brought in without a jury, and that the sum or sums specified in the if any, shall be forfeited to the Obligee, its successors or y, or all, or any part of, covenants, agreements, conditions, et or in this bond in accordance with the terms thereof.
The amount of this bond may be made in good faith hereunder.	reduced by and to the extent of any payment or payments
Signed and sealed this	day of,
(Seal)	Name of Contractor
* .	Signature
	Title

PB-2 r11/17/98

<sup>\*</sup>ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

#### LABOR AND MATERIAL PAYMENT BOND (SURETY)

(6/21/07)

#### **KNOW TO ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:**

That

(Full Legal Name and Street Address of Contractor)
as Contractor, hereinafter called Principal, and
(Name and Street Address of Bonding Company) as Surety, hereinafter called Surety, a corporation(s) authorized to transact business as a surety in the State of Hawaii, are held and firmly bound unto the
its successors and assigns, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount of
Dollars (\$), to which payment Principal and Surety bind themselves their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.
WHEREAS, the above-bound Principal has signed Contract with the Obligee on for the following project:
hereinafter called Contract, which Contract is incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.
<b>NOW THEREFORE</b> , the condition of this obligation is such that if the Principal shall promptly make payment to any Claimant, as hereinafter defined, for all labor and materials supplied to the Principal for use in the performance of the Contract, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.
1. Surety to this Bond hereby stipulates and agrees that no changes, extensions of time, alterations, or additions to the terms of the Contract, including the work to be performed thereunder, and the specifications or drawings accompanying same, shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such changes, extensions of

A "Claimant" shall be defined herein as any person who has furnished labor or materials

time, alterations, or additions, and agrees that they shall become part of the Contract.

to the Principal for the work provided in the Contract.

Every Claimant who has not been paid amounts due for labor and materials furnished for work provided in the Contract may institute an action against the Principal and its Surety on this bond at the time and in the manner prescribed in Section 103D-324, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and have the rights and claims adjudicated in the action, and judgment rendered thereon; subject to the Obligee's priority on this bond. If the full amount of the liability of the Surety on this bond is insufficient to pay the full amount of the claims, then after paying the full amount due the Obligee, the remainder shall be distributed pro rata among the claimants.

Signed this	day of	·
	(Seal)	Name of Principal (Contractor)
		* Signature
	(Seal)	Title
		* Signature
		 Title

\*ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

## LABOR AND MATERIAL PAYMENT BOND

#### KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:

Т	hat we,
	hat we,
as Contra	actor, hereinafter called Contractor, is held and firmly bound unto (State/County entity)
	ssors and assigns, as Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount
	DOLLARS (\$),  (Dollar amount of Contract)
	(Dollar amount of Contract)
and truly	oney of the United States of America, for the payment of which to the said Obligee, well to be made, Contractor binds itself, its heir, executors, administrators, successors and firmly by these presents. Said amount is evidenced by:
0	Legal Tender;
	Share Certificate unconditionally assigned to or made payable at sight to
	Description:
	Certificate of Deposit, No, dated issued by drawn on
	a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Cashier's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Teller's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Treasurer's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Official Check No, dated
	drawn ona bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
٥	Certified Check No, dated
	Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to

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#### WHEREAS:

The Contractor has by written agreement datedentered into a contract with Obligee for the following Project:	
hereinafter called Contract, which Contract is incorporated herein by reference and hereof.	made a part

NOW THEREFORE,

The condition of this obligation is such that, if Contractor shall promptly and faithfully perform the Contract in accordance with, in all respects, the stipulations, agreements, covenants and conditions of the Contract as it now exists or may be modified according to its terms, free from all liens and claims and without further cost, expense or charge to the Obligee, its officers, agents, successors or assigns, free and harmless from all suits or actions of every nature and kind which may be brought for or on account of any injury or damage, direct or indirect, arising or growing out of the doing of said work or the repair or maintenance thereof or the manner of doing the same or the neglect of the Contractor or its agents or servants or the improper performance of the Contract by the Contractor or its agents or servants or from any other cause, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall be and remain in full force and effect.

AND IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED that suit on this bond may be brought before a court of competent jurisdiction without a jury, and that the sum or sums specified in the said Contract as liquidated damages, if any, shall be forfeited to the Obligee, its successors or assigns, in the event of a breach of any, or all, or any part of, covenants, agreements, conditions, or stipulations contained in the Contract or in this bond in accordance with the terms thereof.

AND IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED that this bond shall inure to the benefit of any and all persons entitled to file claims for labor performed or materials furnished in said work so as to give any and all such persons a right of action as contemplated by Sections 103D-324(d) and 103D-324(e), Hawaii Revised Statutes.

The amount of this bond may be reduced by and to the extent of any payment or payments made in good faith hereunder, inclusive of the payments of mechanics' liens which may be filed of record against the Project, whether or not claim for the amount of such lien be presented under and against this bond.

Signed this	da	y of		
	(Seal)			
	, ,	Name of Contractor		
	*	Signature		
		Title		

\*ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

LB-2 r11/17/98

Approved by 0348-0046

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES
Complete this form to disclose lobbying activities pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352
(See reverse for public burden disclosure.)

1. Type of Federal Action:  a. contract b. grant c. cooperative agreement d. loan e. loan guarantee f. loan insurance	2. Status of Federal Action:  a. bid/offer/application b. initial award c. post-award		3. Report Type:  a. initial filing b. material change For Material Change Only: year quarter date of last report	
4. Name and Address of Reporting Prime Subawardee Tier, if	-	5. If Reporting Entity in No. 4 is Subawardee, Enter Name and Address of Prime		
Congressional District, if known	n:	Congressional District, if known:		
6. Federal Department/Agency:		7. Federal Program Name/Destination:  CFDA Number, <i>if applicable</i> :		
8. Federal Action Number, <i>if kno</i>	own:	9. Award Amou		
10. a. Name and address of Lobb (if individual, last name, first name)	ying Entity ne, MI):	b. Individuals Performing Services (including address if different from No. 10a) (last name, first name, MI):		
(attach Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A, if necessary)				
\$ actual  12. Form of Payment (check all the actual actual actual be in-kind; specify: nature value	planned planned plant apply):	a. retai b. one- c. com d. cont e. defe	time fee mission ingent fee	
14. Brief Description of Services Performed or to be Performed and Date(s) of Service, including officer(s), employees(s) or Member(s) contacted, for Payment Indicated in Item 11:				
(attach Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A, if necessary)				
15. Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLI	A attached:	□ Yes	□ No	
16. Information requested through this for title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. This disclosure is a material representation of fact upon placed by the tier above when this trans entered into. This disclosure is required p 1352. This information will be reported to annually and will be available for public ins who fails to file the required disclosure shall penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not refer each such failure.	of lobbying activities which reliance was action was made or ursuant to 31 U.S.C. the Congress semi-pection. Any person 1 be subject to a civil	Print Name:	Date:	
Federal Use Only:			Authorized for Local Reproduction Standard Form - LLL	

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF SF-LLL, DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

This disclosure form shall be completed by the reporting entity, whether subawardee or prime Federal recipient, at the initiation or receipt of a covered Federal action, or a material change to a previous filing, pursuant to title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. The filing of a form is required for each payment or agreement to make payment to any lobbying entity for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a covered Federal action. Use the SF-LLL-A Continuation Sheet for additional information if the space on the form is inadequate. Complete all items that apply for both the initial filing and material change report. Refer to the implementing guidance published by the Office of Management and Budget for additional information.

- 1. Identify the type of covered Federal action for which lobbying activity is and/or has been secured to influence the outcome of a covered Federal action.
- 2. Identify the status of the covered Federal action.
- 3. Identify the appropriate classification of this report. If this is a followup report caused by a material change to the information previously reported, enter the year and quarter in which the change occurred. Enter the date of the last previously submitted report by this reporting entity for this covered Federal action.
- 4. Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the reporting entity. Include Congressional District, if known. Check the appropriate classification of the reporting entity that designates if it is, or expects to be, a prime or subaward recipient. Identify the tier of the subawardee, e.g., the first subawardee of the prime is the 1st tier. Subawards include but are not limited to subcontracts, subgrants and contract awards under grants.
- 5. If the organization filing the report in item 4 checks "Subawardee", then enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the prime Federal recipient. Include Congressional District, if known.
- 6. Enter the name of the Federal agency making the award or loan commitment. Include at least one organizational level below agency name, if known. For example, Department of Transportation, United States Coast Guard.
- 7. Enter the Federal program name or description for the covered Federal action (item 1). If known, enter the full Catalog of Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number for grants, cooperative agreements, loans, and loan commitments.
- 8. Enter the most appropriate Federal identifying number available for the Federal action identified in item 1 (e.g., Request for Proposal (RFP) number; Invitation for Bid (IFB) number; grant announcement number; the contract, grant, or loan award number; the application/proposal control number assigned by the Federal Agency). Include prefixes, e.g., "RFP-DE-90-001."
- 9. For a covered Federal action where there has been an award or loan commitment by the Federal agency, enter the Federal amount of the award/loan commitment for the prime entity identified in item 4 or 5.
- 10. (a) Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the lobbying entity engaged by the reporting entity identified in item 4 to influence the covered Federal action.
  - (b) Enter the full names of the individual(s) performing services, and include full address if different from 10(a). Enter Last Name, First Name, and Middle Initial (MI).
- 11. Enter the amount of compensation paid or reasonably expected to be paid by the reporting entity (item 4) to the lobbying entity (item 10). Indicate whether the payment has been made (actual) or will be made (planned). Check all boxes that apply. If this is a material change report, enter the cumulative amount of payment made or planned to be made.
- 12. Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If payment is made through an in-kind contribution, specify the nature and value of the in-kind payment.
- 13. Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If other, specify nature.
- 14. Provide a specific and detailed description of the services that the lobbyist has performed, or will be expected to perform, and the date(s) of any services rendered. Include all preparatory and related activity, not just time spent in actual contact with Federal officials. Identify the federal official(s) or employee(s) contacted or the officer(s), employee(s), or Member(s) or Congress that were contacted.
- 15. Check whether or not a SF-LLL-A Continuation Sheet(s) is attached.
- 16. The certifying official shall sign and date the form, print his/her name, title, and telephone number.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction (0348-0046), Washington, D.C. 20503.

# DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES CONTINUATION SHEET

Approved by 0348-0046

Reporting Entity:	Page	

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Date	
I,(Name of signatory party) (Tit	do haby state:
(Name of signatory party) (Tit (1) That I pay or supervise the payment of the persons emp	
•	(Contractor or subcontractor) payroll period commencing on theday of,
(Building or work)	
full weekly wages earned, that no rebates have been or will from the full we (Contractor or subcontractor)	all persons employed on said project have been paid the be made either directly or indirectly to or on behalf of said ekly wages earned by any person and that no deductions have
been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earne Regulations, Part 3 (29 CFR Subtitle A), issued by the Secretar Stat. 108, 72 Stat. 967; 76 Stat. 357; 40 U.S.C. 2769, and describ	ed by any person, other than permissible deductions as defined in y of Labor under the Copeland Act, as amended (48 Stat. 948.63 bed below:
the wage rates for laborers or mechanics contained therein are	I to be submitted for the above period are correct and complete; that e not less than the applicable wage rates contained in any wage tions set forth therein for each laborers or mechanic conform with
with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau of	duly registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered Apprenticeship and Training, United States Department of Labor, i with the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, United States
(4) That:	
Referenced payroll, payments of fringe bene	PROVED PLANS, FUNDS, OR PROGRAMS  s paid to each laborer or mechanic listed in the above— fits as listed in the contract have been or will be made to employees, except as noted in Section 4(c) below.
	ereferenced payroll has been paid as indicated on the payroll, an ole basic hourly wage rate plus the amount of the required fringe
(c) EXCEPTIONS	
EXCEPTION (CRAFT)	EXPLANATION
Zite Zite Zite Zite Zite Zite Zite Zite	
	^
REMARK	
NAME AND TITLE	SIGNATURE
THE WILFUL FALSIFICATION OF ANY OF THE ABOVE STATEMENTS M CRIMINAL PROSECUTION. SEE SECTION 1001 OF TITLE 18 AND SECTI	

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION OF STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

This statement of compliance meets needs resulting form the amendment of the Davis-Bacon Act to include fringe benefits provisions. Under this amended law, the contractor is required to pay fringe benefits as predetermined by the Department of Labor, in addition to payment of the minimum rates. The contractor's obligation to pay fringe benefits may be met by payment of the fringes to the various plans, funds, or programs or by making these payments to the employees as cash in lieu of fringes.

The contractor should show on the face of his payroll all monies paid to the employees whether as basic or as cash in lieu of fringes. The contractor shall represent in the statement of compliance that he is paying to others fringes required by the contract and not paid as cash in lieu of fringes. Detailed instructions follow:

#### Contractors who pay all required fringe benefits:

A contractor who pays fringe benefits to approved plans, funds, or programs in amounts not less than were determined in the applicable wage decision of the Secretary of Labor shall continue to show on the face of his payroll the basic cash hourly rate and overtime rate paid to his employees, just as he has always done. Such a contractor shall check paragraph 4(a) of the statement to indicate that he is also paying to approved plans, funds, or programs not less than the amount predetermined as fringe benefits for each craft. Any exception shall be noted in Section 4(c).

#### Contractors who pay no fringe benefits:

A contractor who pays no fringe benefits shall pay to the employee and insert in the straight time hourly rate column of his payroll an amount not less than the predetermined rate for each classification plus the amount of fringe benefits determined for each classification in the applicable wage decision. Inasmuch as it is not necessary to pay time and a half on cash paid in lieu of fringes, the overtime rate shall be not less than the sum of the basic predetermined rate, plus the half time premium on the basic or regular rate plus the required cash in lieu of fringes at the straight time rate. To simplify computation of overtime, it is suggested that the straight time basic rate and cash in lieu of fringes be separately stated in the hourly rate column, thus \$3.25/.40. In addition, the contractor shall check paragraph 4(b) of the statement to indicate that he is paying fringe benefits in cash directly to his employees. Any exceptions shall be noted in Section 4(c).

#### Use of Section 4(c), Exceptions

Any contractor who is making payment to approved plans, funds, or programs in amounts less than the wage determination requires is obliged to pay the deficiency directly to the employees as cash in lieu of fringes. Any exceptions to Section 4(a) or 4(b), whichever the contractor may check, shall be entered in Section 4(c). Enter in the Exception column the craft, and enter in the Explanation column the hourly amount paid the employees as cash in lieu of fringes, and the hourly amount paid to plans, funds, or programs as fringes.

#### CHAPTER 104, HRS COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

The undersigned bidder does hereby certify to the following:

- 1. Individuals engaged in the performance of the contract on the job site shall be paid:
  - A. Not less than the wages that the director of labor and industrial relations shall have determined to be prevailing for corresponding classes of laborers and mechanics employed on public works projects; and
  - B. Overtime compensation at one and one-half times the basic hourly rate plus fringe benefits for hours worked on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday of the State or in excess of eight hours on any other day.
- 2. All applicable laws of the federal and state governments relating to workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, payment of wages, and safety shall be fully complied with.

complica with.		
DATED at Honolulu, Hawaii, this	day of	, 20
	Name of Corporation, Partners	CONTRACTOR
	Signature a	nd Title of Signo
Notary Seal NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	Notary Seal NOTARY CERTIFICATION	
Subscribed and sworn before me thisday of  Notary signature	Doc. Date: Notary Name: Doc. Description:	Circuit
Notary public, State of  My Commission Expires:	Notary signature	